NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVIII. No. 22626. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

東京帝國大學 法學部研究室

NOTIFICATION No. 4911

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Fixed Deposits

The Council is prepared to receive deposits in local currency for fixed periods of six or twelve months and to allow interest thereon at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively.

Deposits will be refunded in local currency at date of maturity and in the event of a public issue of Municipal debentures being made depositors whose accounts cover a period of twelve months will be entitled to participate in an allotment of such debentures and to apply their deposits and accrued interest in payment thereof.

Depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank may at their option transfer their balances to a Fixed Deposit basis on the terms outlined above.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer and Controller, Administration Building, Kiangse Road.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, January 18, 1938. 12227

BRITISH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, TIENTSIN

VACANCY FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEER

No. 37/37.

Applications are invited from British subjects for the post of Electrical Engineer to take charge of the Electricity Department of the British Municipal Council, Tientsin.

The initial salary to be offered is Chinese Dollars 1,200 per month, ($860 basic salary plus fifty per cent. repatriation allowance).

Candidates must be either Associate Members or Members of the Institution of Electrical Engineers, and should be between 35 and 45 years of age. Candidates must have had sound technical training in Electrical Engineering, have held responsible posts in Municipal or Company's Electrical Undertakings supplying both Alternating Current and Direct Current, and must have good administrative and organising ability with commercial experience.

The present capacity of the Council's Power Station is 7,000 k.w.

The successful candidate will be on probation for a period of six months. A four years' contract will be offered at the end of the probationary period if services prove satisfactory.

Applications giving age, details of education, whether married or single, training and experience accompanied by copies of testimonials should be addressed to the undersigned so as to reach Tientsin not later than February 15, 1938.

By Order,
H. F. BARNES,
Secretary and Engineer.

COUNCIL ROOM.
TIENTSIN, CHINA.
January 21, 1938. 12341

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that management and control of the properties listed below has been taken over by ourselves from the First day of August 1937 and Messrs. Koo Lan Kee's agency for the same terminated thereby. Unexpired leases to remain in force. Application for renewal of expired leases, and arrangement for reoccupation, for those tenants who have vacated their premises, should be made with our Rental Office before February 15, 1938.

Provided that arrears of rent prior to August 13, 1937 are paid up, reasonable allowance will be made for lapse of rental during the period of hostilities.

Nos. 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 349, 359 and 355/-359A Chapoo Road.

Nos. 3, 5, 119, 121, and Garage No. 5 Wayside Road.

Nos. 43, 44, 45 and 46 Dixwell Road.

Nos. 73, 74, 75, 76. 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 Dixwell Road.

Nos. 114, 120, 132, 152 and 154 Thorne Road.

Land No. 979, Houses 1 to 32, Lansing Terrace, Dixwell Road.

No. 70, 72 and 74 Tungkya Road.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that management and control of the properties mentioned above has been taken over by Messrs. Spence, Robinson & Partners from the First day of August 1937 and our agency for the same terminated thereby.

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NOTICE

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that pursuant to an order of the United States Court for China the undersigned will carry on without interruption the business of A. B. Rosenfeld & Son, of which Julius Rosenfeld (Deceased) was the sole proprietor.

BESSIE J. ROSENFELD,
Temporary Administratrix of the Estate of Julius Rosenfeld (Deceased)
12471

NOTICE

SHANGHAI CHAPTER ROSE CROIX NO. 3, ANCIENT AND ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE.

All members of Shanghai Rose Croix Chapter No. 3, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, are requested to attend a special meeting to be held at the American Masonic Temple, 178 Route Dufour. on Tuesday, February 8, 1938, at 10.30 a.m., for the purpose of conducting funeral services over the remains of our late Brother, Julius Rosenfeld. 32°. Services to be conducted at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road, at 11 a.m.

MANLEY C. JENSEN,
Secretary.
12473

A. LEONARD, P. VEYSSEYRE and E. KRUZE
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are taking charge of all operations, such as: registration of properties, trustees, collecting rents, repairs and supervision of buildings.

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ERIC MOLLER,
Governing Director.
12454

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

PORT OF CANTON

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that owing to the closure of the port of Canton, all cargo for Canton loaded in the ss. Yatshing and ss. Fausang, sailed hence on February 5, and possibly part cargo for Canton loaded in the ss. Taksang on January 27 will, in accordance with Bill of Lading terms, be landed into godown in Hongkong at the sole risk and expense of cargo owners.

Ships' liability will terminate upon discharge of the cargo in Hongkong.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers,
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.
Shanghai, February 6, 1938. 12440

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

MV. CINGALESE PRINCE from New York

The Shanghai cargo of the Cingalese Prince will be brought forward from Manila by the ss. Tjisadane, due Shanghai on or about February 7, and berthing at Holt's Wharf. Original Prince Line Bills of Lading should be surrendered to Messrs. Java-China-Japan Lijn in exchange for delivery orders against ss. TJISADANE.

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To-day's Events

FEBRUARY

8 For. Y. Lect., Chap. F. R. Hamilton, 8.30

Coming Events

FEBRUARY

9 Numismatic Soc. of China Mtg., 5.30
10 For. Y. debate, Religion & Virtue, 8.30
10 Shanghai Opera, "Demon," 8
10 Polish Ladies Charity Bridge/Mahjonng For. Y.M.C.A., Tel. 71815. 2.30
12 Gala Ball, Cercle Sportif Francais, 9
12 Shanghai Opera, "Demon," 8
13 S.M. Orchestral Concert, Lyceum, 5.15
13 Theos. radio talk, XQHB, 820 kc., 7.45
14 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg Tea, For. Y.
14 Cath. School Old Boys' Assn. Mtg.
15 For. Y. Lect., Dr. R. F. Fitch, 8.30
17 For. Y. debate, Shanghai's Reputation. 8.30
18 For. Y. Third Evening of Music, 8.30
20 Theos. radio talk, XQHB, 820 kc., 7.45
22 For. Y. lect. Miss Muriel Lester, 8.30
23 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
24 For. Y. debate, "Unmarried Adults," 8.30
24 Ann. Mtg. Royal Soc. of St. George, 5.45
24 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
25 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
25 Norwegian Soc. ann. gen. mtg., CSF, 6.30.
26 A.D.C. "Full House", Lyceum, 8.30
27 Theos. radio talk, XQHB, 820 kc., 7.45

MARCH

3 Theosophical Society Open mtg. 153 Nanking Road, public invited, 6
3 For. Y. debate "Success in Business, 8.30
10 For. Y. debate "Polygamy, 8.30
17 For. Y. debate "Wealth & Happiness, 8.30

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General Manager.
12369

TO OUR OUTPORT SUBSCRIBERS

On account of the prevailing conditions and the consequent derangement of Postal Deliveries we are, in many instances, suspending the forwarding of our issues to subscribers up-country. This is being done when it is obvious that there is little or no likelihood of the paper reaching its destination or in cases where covers are being returned to us marked "Addressee Left."

A limited number of these issues are being held at our office and in the event of subscribers requiring these for the completion of files, records, etc., they will be available.

Outport subscribers are requested to communicate with the "North-China Daily News" Office advising any change in their addresses.

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for 1938

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P. AYRTON,
Secretary
12451

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-seventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the offices of Messrs. Beck and Swann, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, on Wednesday, February 9, 1938 at 4.45 p.m., when the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended October 31, 1937, will be presented to the Shareholders.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 2 to February 9, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
FROST, BLAND & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries.
Shanghai, January 11, 1938.
12108

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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THE WEEK'S NEWS
For Friends at Home

It is easy for those who have left Shanghai to get out of touch with conditions here, but they are anxious to know all the news, more news than letters can bring. Send the "North-China Herald" (the weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News") for a Christmas present and be sure that it will be highly valued.

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And all Booksellers

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MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK
FIXED DEPOSITS

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer & Controller, Administration Building.

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1937

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Royal Quarto, 72 pp., Art Cover, Sewn Silk Cord

PRICE THREE DOLLARS

The success of its predecessor, "Shanghai's Schemozzle," has induced the publisher to present the public with a companion volume, "Second Spasm." This new album is similar to the first in format, but there the similarity ends, for all the comments from the humorous pen of "In Parenthesis" and the clever cartoons by "Sapajou" are entirely new.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS AND HERALD, LTD.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

PEACE

And Its Foundations

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The allied peacemakers of 1919 were sitting around the table in the Hall of Mirrors at Versailles and piously rolled their eyes towards the heavens. The mirrors which surrounded them, were of great assistance in practicing an expression and attitude of righteousness. The philosopher, from across the great pond was not to penetrate this mask which covered intentions and purposes which were to make a pitiable caricature of his well meant but entirely idealistic and impracticable 14 points. He, simple minded soul, had dared to enter this den of slippery diplomats, practiced in all the wiles of their trade and had thought that he, the professor could attain those objects which he had put on paper, through the moral strength of his will to create a better world. He had never carried the sword of the diplomat and was entirely at the mercy of the best fencers the Allies could produce at that time who, in addition to their wits, had the guns of the allied armies at their back.

A war had been fought "to end war" and the millenium was to enter triumphantly on this torn and much suffering earth. There were to be no "indemnities," no territorial ambitions to be satisfied. No victors or vanquished. A just peace for all and no wounds to fester and poison the world again so that, henceforth, there was to be "peace on earth and goodwill to man."

Of course, there had been losses which had to be recovered by "reparations"—no indemnities, just reparations for damage caused. A fair and a just word this "reparations" and who could object to the principle it stood for? That these reparations were calculated into astronomical figures, well, that was most unfortunate, but there it was. In "justice" the bill would have to be honoured or else—there was still the Rhine which could be crossed and the course of "justice" thereby assured. For, were not the Central Powers alone the cause of that war which had caused the devastation for which "reparations" were to be made?

The Allies had no territorial ambitions but Germany had proven itself a bad custodian of its colonies. She was unworthy of ruling over aliens and the allies were doing a work pleasing to God and humanity in eliminating German rule and replacing the same by their own enlightened governmental systems. Roger Casement had been hanged and was rotting in his grave and the matter of his report on the benevolent rule of the Belgians in the Congo was gathering dust in the pigeonhole-grave where it had been consigned to oblivion.

The Minorities were, on the principle of self-determination to be "liberated" from the oppressing yokes. On this principle, Italy took southern Tyrol with 300,000 German-Austrians, who had expressed no wish for the blessings of being joined to the Italian "fatherland."

Austria and Hungary were reduced to twin-stomachs, without heads, arms or legs. The populations of the detached territories were not asked whether they would care to join the Rumanians, Czechs, or Serbs. It was taken for granted that, for instance, the Slovaks after a 1,000 years of oppression by the Magyars, during which they nevertheless had succeeded in maintaining their own native tongue, their customs, their songs, were anxious to fall on the necks of the Czechs and weep there of sheer joy. Besides, there was the Pact of Pittsburgh U.S.A. where a declaration had been signed by Slovaks who had no further interest in their home—and, expressing the desire of becoming the twin brother of the Czech. But the Slovak people of the high Karpathians were not asked.

There was no plebiscite but, where there was, for instance in Upper Silesia and the results proved contrary to allied wishes and expectations, corrections were introduced so that, in the name of "justice" no injustice to allied interests be done even though, very unfortunately, the wound caused by the operation would, owing to the obstinacy of the victims, not heal and continue to fester on the body of Europe. But, of course, one cannot make an omelette without breaking an egg and that had to be taken in the bargain. Most of the eggs, of this omelette were, of course, stale and had a most obnoxious smell but, since the world began, statesmen and diplomats had been accustomed to these odours, which strangely resembled those which are reportedly of the devil's kitchen.

No one, at that time, thought that Eire would have the impertinence, basing itself on the same principles which caused the allies to give away to their satelites great chunks of territory which, of course, cost them nothing, to reunite into one territory the whole of the ancient Island. Rumania was handed a huge minority, bound, hand and foot, to work its sweet will on and the wails and tears of this minority, which carried as far as the ears of the gentlemen in Geneva, were lost in the colossal halls of this body of guardians of minority rights.

But that Northern Ireland should be joined to Southern Ireland—that, of course, is another story. Tiroleans can be handed over to Italians, Germans to Poles, Magyars to Czechs, Rumanians and Serbs but, the Northern Irish to the Southern—oh, dear no.

But, what I really set out to say, when I started this letter was, that now the Japanese are removing scrap iron to make bullets to kill Chinese with. Not only Chinese scrap iron, but also British, French, German and scrap iron of other nationality.

It is quite evident that they, the Japanese, have not learnt from the example that the post-war, peaceful, based on justice, Europe has set them, that political aims are not to be enforced at the point of the gun and that scrap iron is, under no circumstances whatsoever, to be removed.

JUNIUS SECUNDUS

Shanghai, Feb. 7.

THE OPERA

Behaviour of the Audience

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Sir,—Being a great admirer of the Shanghai Opera, and waiting with great interest their next production—the "Demon"—I just want to say a thing or two with regard to the opera-going public.

While the Opera was being produced in the Canidrome—it was strictly forbidden to smoke in the theatre, and while you could absolutely suffocate in the corridors, the air was pure in the theatre itself. Now, in the Carlton—the administration obviously omitted to impose the same strict regulations, and the result was that the scene was veiled with smoke right after the first intermission, the public started to cough as soon as the curtain was up, and it was both difficult to hear the music and even to see clearly. And what about the poor performers? To sing in such an atmosphere must be very strenuous to the voice.

In most civilized countries, when the performance starts—in Opera it begins with the overture—the public is supposed to listen and not to make any unnecessary noise. Here—on every occasion that I attended an opera—and I have not missed a single one—the public makes it a custom to come in after the lights go down—talking, banging the seats, and those who are seated already go on talking. Of course, it is not said of all the public, but a large part of it behaves in this way, and spoils the pleasure for the remaining part.

Then there is the habit of applauding during an act—it should be put on the programmes—not to clap during the performance while music is going on—why not stay for a minute longer after the end of the play, or call the singers two or three times after the act is finished, and show them your appreciation in this way, instead of bursting into applause while music goes on, spoiling the effect, and making it more difficult for the singer to continue? I am sure the singers will appreciate it more, if instead of hurrying off as soon as the curtain is down on the last act, the public would stay for a minute and express their satisfaction with their singing by calling them several times, instead of breaking in during the play.

I do hope that in the Lyceum, the Opera will have even greater success than it had up till now, and which both the singers and the administration deserve so well for creating an opera, and a good one, in such difficult conditions.

AN OPERA FAN

Shanghai, Feb. 7.

"SLEEPING BEAUTY"

Critic's Reply

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Four of the five paragraphs of Mr. Richard Price's letter deal with the fact that I did not mention Robinina and Lantzoff's "Blue Bird" dance in the third act. The most adequate and concise reply, I believe, is that the voice of the critic, *au fond*, is but a series of variations on the theme of "This is what I happen to like." After all, I was supposed to be critic, not publicity.

Had I referred to the "Blue Bird," honesty would have compelled me to record that the force of gravity was misfortunately intercepted a trifle too late at the climax, thus infusing a certain bathos into an otherwise quite beautiful little dance. I preferred to remain silent.

The simplest way of expressing the musical relevance of the ballet is to state that the "Sleeping Beauty" exists by sole reason of the fact that Tchaikowsky wrote it. If Mr. Price was untroubled by the performance of the orchestra on Thursday (as he must have been), and if he considers musical criticism of a ballet irrelevant, he suffers from musical anæsthesia as well as tonal deafness. With this immunity, however, of the two of us, he certainly derived the greater pleasure: to be trite, another instance where ignorance is bliss.

H.

Shanghai, Feb. 7.

THE KINGDOM

An End in Peace

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—My worthy opponent DOUAY has chosen to end his words with peace: kindly allow me to do the same. Whilst rejecting his charge of intemperate language, I must however admit that I used one or two expressions hardly consonant with Christian humility ("filthy lucre" is not one of them); I offer DOUAY my humble apologies—no uncharitableness of any kind was intended.

I must go on to say, however, that DOUAY has completely missed the point of my last letter: in it I maintained that if buying baby napkins does mean inaugurating the Kingdom of God then, say, a Soviet foundling hospital, where God is ridiculed as a myth, is also busy in setting up His Kingdom. Furthermore, if I am to accede to the Catholic doctrinal that the work of the Missions is the Kingdom, how am I to construe Father McGreal's statement that the Kingdom is spiritual, or Father McGrath's dictum that the Kingdom is Heaven itself? Both these reverend gentlemen, therefore, agree that the Kingdom is spiritual—if so, where does the question of money enter? Did not Christ Himself say: "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter into the Kingdom of God." Again, why does Father McGreal say that money is necessary to spread the Kingdom when Christ says that money is a hindrance. The fact of the matter is that Christ never told His disciples to "spread" the Kingdom—His plain command was: 'Go thou and preach the Kingdom of God." (Luke 9.60). To preach about anything does not necessarily mean to spread it, as a doctor lecturing on measles can hardly be said to spread that disease.

Christ, testifying before Pilate, said: "My Kingdom is not of this world." Surely the Zikawei Orphange is!

I notice that DOUAY still accuses me of "sectarian exuberance" although he has failed to name my sect or to substantiate the charge that I am acting as the mouth-piece of a certain mushroom organization. This is hardly charitable sir, hardly charitable.

That I have erred on the side of negligence is another of those, I regret to say, unjustifiable assumptions that DOUAY has made concerning me, for not only am I fully aware of the contents of a Catholic penny catechism, but I could, not so terribly many years ago, recite many portions of this little blue religious primer by heart. I wonder if DOUAY could say the same of the some 110 direct statements about the Kingdom made by Christ as found in the Gospels alone. If he has not made a prayerful and detailed study of Christ's own pronouncements of His Kingdom, then would not his position in a controversy over this Kingdom be analogous to that of a person disputing the Einstein theory who is not familiar with the works of that great mathematician?

Did you ask me to pray over the matter, friend DOUAY? Ay, that is exactly what I have done, and am doing when I say: 'Thy Kingdom come."

Is then everybody happy? Happy, in such a time of national and international calamity as this? This sin-cursed earth shall never know happiness until the Sun of Righteousness shall rise with healing in His wings, to shine upon them that sit in darkness and in the shadow of death, and to guide our feet into the way of peace.

BIBLE STUDENT

Shanghai, Feb. 7

TOLL OF THE ROAD

British and U.S. Figures

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Sir,—In the above editorial appearing in your issue of the 5th, it was stated that America, with a population three times as large as Britain, had six times as many road accidents.

Perhaps a more accurate comparison could be made by comparing the number of road accidents with the number of vehicles registered in each country. There were (round figures) 28,200,000 vehicles—registered in America and 2,792,000 registered in Britain. On this basis, with ten times as many cars, America had only six times as many accidents as Britain; thus making Britain's toll, not America's the more gloomy reading.

SPARE WHEEL

Shanghai, Feb. 7.

SHORT WAVE RADIO

To-day's Broadcasts

Daventry, England.—Trans. 1, from *16.15 to 18.25 o'clock*, 16.86 metres, 25.53m; 31.55, Trans. 2, *18.45 to 21.55* 13.93m; 13.97m; 16.86m; 19.76m; Trans. 3, *22.00 to 1.00*. 13.98m; 13.97m; 16.86m; 19.82m; 25.53m.

Via Hongkong.—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.38m, 19.74m; 16.89m; 31.45m; 19.68m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.20 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst. Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*; Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m.
Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00, 18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m.
Melbourne, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 20.00*, 31.50m.
Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France.—*15.00 to 18.00*, 25.24m; *18.00 to 24.00*, 19.86m; *00.15 to 7.00*, 25.34; *7.15 to 14.00*, 26.60m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*, 25.38m; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

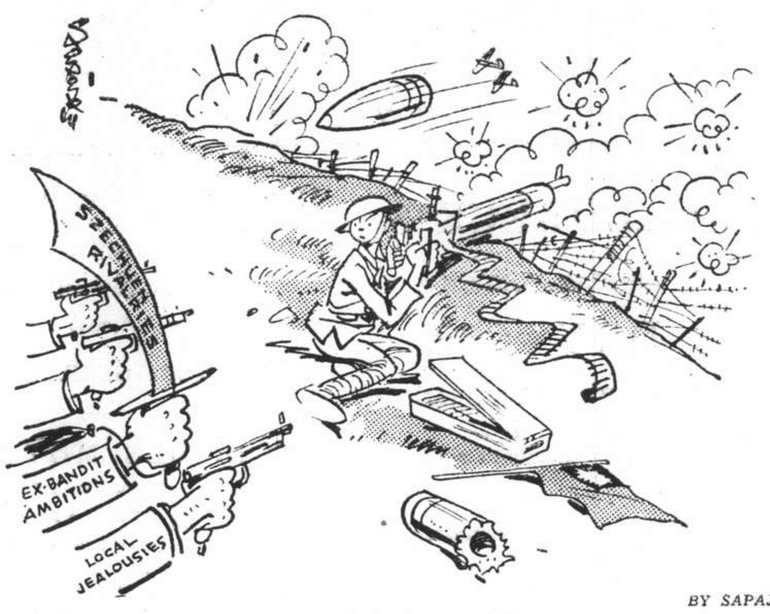
Tokyo, Japan.—*13.00 to 14.00, 21.00 to 22.00*, 25.42m; 19.79m.

Abridged Programmes

The letters in parenthsis indicate from which of the above stations the broadcast is made.

13.10 Gay music (2)
13.30 News; varied, till 14.30 (T)
14.00 News in German (B)
15.00 News (B), (P)
15.30 "Merry as a Cricket!" (B)
16.15 BBC Empire Orchestra (D)
16.45 Tenor recital (B), Sport news/notes, 31.36m, (A)
17.00 News in French (P), Melbourne prog., 31.50m.; Perth prog., 31.28m. (A)
17.10 Variety (D)
17.15 Little folk music (B)
17.20 News, 31.34m. (A)
17.30 Australian folk songs (D), News (P), in German (B)
17.40 News in Italian (P)
17.45 Light music (B), New Zealand Day Message (D)
18.00 News (D)
18.45 Beethoven's symphonies, 6 (D)
19.00 Concert (B), (P), Varied, till 21.30 (B)
19.25 "Theatrical Manager and Agent" (D)
19.45 Chamber music (D)
20.00 News (B), (P)
20.15 "Robin Hood" (D)
20.30 News, 31.34m. (A)
21.00 Enfield Central Band (D), News in German (B)
21.15 Music and poetry (D)
21.30 News (D), in French (P)
22.00 "Take Your Choice" (D), News (B)
22.30 "Whistling songs" (D), Concert (P), "Happy Homeland" (B)
22.40 "Let's Go to the Theatre" (D)
22.45 "Non-Stop!" (D)
23.00 Torquay Mun. Orchestra (L), Varied, till 00.20 (R)
23.45 Friedrich Wilhelm University of Berlin (B)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 Cello recital (D)
00.40 "Do We Understand English?" (L)
06.60 Special news, 31.48 (SCH)

GENERAL Shang Chen, former Chairman of the Honan Provincial Government, who returned to Kaifeng from Hankow on February 5, has ordered his subordinates to wind up the affairs of the provincial administration in readiness for its transfer to the new Chairman, General Cheng Chien, says a message to the "Sin Wen Pao." The latter, however, has not yet fixed a date for the assumption of his post.



BY SAPAJOU

A STAB IN THE BACK

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA CONCERT

Of all types of concert the Wagner programme is undoubtedly the most popular: at all events this is abundantly true as far as Great Britain is concerned and appears to be no less true of Shanghai. On Sunday the S.M.C. orchestra under Signor Paci played to a full house and as I gazed upon row upon row of sunny open faces, I felt that Rupert Brook was perhaps a little unfair in depicting the Wagnerian enthusiast as no more than a paunchy and lecherous seeker after smutty musical thrills.

The concert opened with the Prelude to Lohengrin. This seemed to me to have been taken slightly quicker than is usual, but I felt that the increased tempo was justified. Signor Paci's mildly lively rendering of a piece that is generally treated with overmuch religious awe, and is apt on that account to be a trifle tedious, was definitely pleasing, though the tone of the strings left much to be desired. This is to impute no blame to the orchestra which does its best with limited resources and a limited time for rehearsal. The Prelude was followed by "Elsa's Dream," sung by Mme. J. Markovska. Mme Markovska has a fairly powerful, though by no means a Wagnerian voice, but, as is the case, with most Russian women singers, her voice lacks the purity and clarity of tone which distinguishes Austrian, British, French, German and Italian sopranos and which is absolutely essential for the interpretation of such a role as that of Elsa. Her intonation also left much to be desired but it was a valiant attempt. The latter remark cannot be applied to Mr. Slobodskoy, who followed with Lohengrin's "Farewell to the Swan." The singer had apparently no understanding whatever of the implications of the music, and treated the song as if it were an excerpt from Gounod's "Faust" or of an opera from that early Verdi period which is best forgotten. I was forcibly reminded of that cartoon of Verdi, perpetrated by an admirer who resented his later Wagnerian leanings, depicting the composer playing a hurdy-gurdy in the tow of a swan: Mr. Slobodskoy gave us the reverse, however, Wagner performing the Tarentella to his own guitar accompaniment on a cast drawn by a Sicilian donkey. Mr. Slobodskoy has a pleasant voice and some idea of how to use it, but Richard is obviously not his cup of tea. The selections from Lohengrin ended on a more impressive note with a spirited interpretation of the Act III Vorspiel by the orchestra.

The second group was from "Die Walküre". I will pass hastily over the "sword" and "spring song" scenes for Sigmund, and Sieglind's love song with the criticism that faults already manifest were intensified, to Mr. Shushlin's rendering of Wotan's farewell and the fire music. In this the singer was hardly up to his usual form, the tessitura being somewhat high for him. Moreover he frequently took unjustifiable liberties with the music: I refer specially to the practice of "scooping" which is generally inartistic and in the case of music of this nature should be anathema. Nevertheless one felt at last that one was hearing Wagner sung.

The orchestra struggled valiantly with the very difficult music but the balance could have been easily improved: in particular the beautiful passage for the horns towards the end might have been brought out with more distinctness.

The third excerpt was from "Die Meistersinger." The orchestra gave a stirring rendering of the magnificent prelude and the introduction to Act II, which led on immediately to Hans Sachs' monologue, artistically and intelligently rendered by Mr. Shushlin. It was, however, a great pity that he elected to sing it in English rather than in German. The vocal part of the concert concluded with the Act III Quintet in which Miss Marakova and Mr. Romaniuck participated. With the exception of Mr. Shushlin's contribution and part of that of Mr. Slobodskoy it was a most regrettable massacre of a master piece. As if one rendering had not been more than sufficient, an encore was inflicted.

The programme concluded with the Tannhäuser Overture, which was given with sufficient spirit to make one feel that the concert had been worthwhile after all.—F.A.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
of February 8, 1878

The 74th Highland Regiment landed in Hongkong on January 29. The main body left the Naval Yard about half past ten, headed by the Band. Passing No. 4 Police Station—says the "China Mail"—the band ceased playing, and the Pipers (seven in number) struck up to the no small astonishment of the natives who gazed open-mouthed at the kilted warriors playing on instruments which sent forth strains of melody not unlike their own crude clarionets. The troops filed off to Victoria and Wellington Barracks, and then a scene of bustle, only witnessed on such occasions, occupied the rest of the day. The 74th Highlanders are a fine lot of men, but their ranks appear to be filled with much older men than the 28th. As the "Mail" remarks, the Scots need not be without a piper on next St. Andrew's Day, if all goes well.

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1433

O	V	E	R	W	R	O	U	G	H	T	■	C	■	P
■	I	■	A	■	E	■	N	■	A	■	P	O	U	R
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C	R	U	E	L	■	A	■	L	■	O	L	D	E	N
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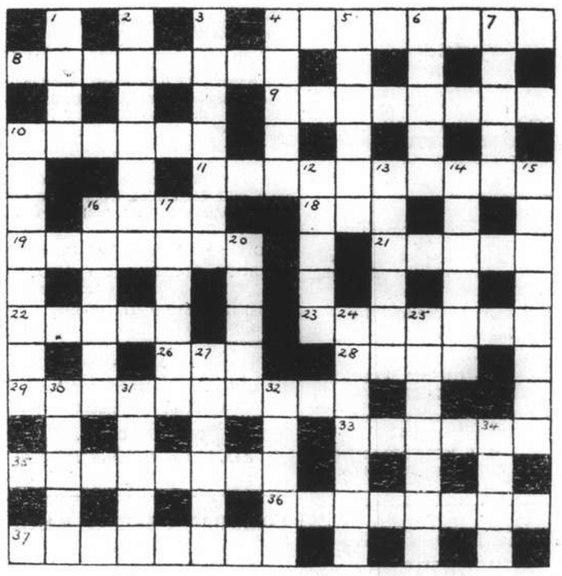
LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1434

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

4 Craven
8 He is not who he purports to be
9 A scaremonger
10 Not of high intellect, but not downhearted
11 Innuendo
16 A certain variation of stratagem
18 Part of 12 down
19 External reference to the team that has just batted?
21 Old jewels are sometimes this
22 A coast-line feature
23 Go back to stand another drink?
26 This is in 13 down
28 No light example
29 Speak of nothing in particular
33 This quantity is mostly all on
35 "Grin, maid" (anag.)
36 Hung behind from the glen ride
37 Material with instructive middle

DOWN

1 It may disfigure tennis garb —must change!
2 Consequential
3 Sought to acquire knowledge, mostly from duties
4 An enemy to the swimmer
5 I stand in anger, and the ghost appears
6 Varied worth to send
7 No doubt one could rope the middle of it with it
10 Being inclined to pick up?
12 This official has to have a fair heart, of course
13 This has got its turn in the carpet areas
14 Is defendant in an action, but came out all right
15 Change it at noon
16 Taken from a yachting centre
17 A disturber of the peace
20 Women claim they are this to men and yet husbands and wives often have differences
24 Graceful
25 Made a stand because mostly in confederation?
27 If this were a siege-time issue the first half might be understandable
30 Tree
31 An order to publish about five score
32 A cosy home spot
34 A worker may wear this all at his work

S. V. C. Routine Orders

Corps Routine Orders by Colonel J. W. Hornby, M.C. Commanding Shanghai Volunteer Corps.

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated Feb. 4. are published for information:—

Appointments:—"A Company.—Sgt. Geoffrey Towler Gambling to be 2nd Lt. Jan. 21; Sgt. Stanley Eric Gordon Hillman to be 2nd Lt. Jan. 29.

Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—The undermentioned officers' commissions are renewed under Art XI of Corps Regs. Shanghai Field Company.—Lt. G. E. Barker, Jan. 1; Japanese Company.—Lt. K. Nakamura, Jan. 18; Air Defence (S) Company.—Lt. J. E. Badeley, Jan. 18; Medical.—Lt. A. Marshad-Marsh, Jan. 30.

Reserve of Officers—Class "B":—Capt. J. S. Hay, Jan. 15; 2nd Lt. J. E. Marsh, M.C., Jan. 30.

Unit Command:—Major H. D. Rodger assumes (temp.) command of the Corps Cavalry with effect from Feb. 11; 2nd Lieutenant E. O. Cumming assumes (temp.) command of the Shanghai Light Horse with effect from February 6.

Promotions and Appointments:—Flight Sergeant Rollo Geoffrey Penfold Air Defence (S) Company is promoted Warrant Officer Cl. II and appointed Company Sergeant Major with effect from Feb. 2.

Strength—Recruiting:—The following nominal roll of units showing increase and decrease in strength on January 1938 is published for information:—

Strength—Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—

Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Company.—Pte. D. J. Graybrook, Jan. 28.

"C" Battalion:—No. 3 (Vol.) Co.—L/Cpl. S. S. Grigoriev, Feb. 3.

Leave:—Corps Cavalry H.Q.—Maj. L. R. Andrews, M.C. from Feb. 10 to Sept. 30; Light Horse.—Capt. H. Maitland, from Feb. 3 to Mar. 1.

A NOVEL tailoring company has been formed in Singapore, where 600 Chinese tailors are on strike for higher pay. The company is run by four of the strikers, and gives employment by daily turns to the 596 unemployed men. It charges prices slightly lower than those ruling elsewhere, and the men are being paid the wages they demanded before going on strike.

Friday, Feb. 11, at 8 p.m.
Sunday, Feb. 13, at 2 p.m.
'SLEEPING BEAUTY'
at the LYCEUM

'NACET' BLADES
NACET Blades bring you that uniform quality never before possible in low-priced blades. Every edge on every blade is keen and lasting. Fits all three-peg razors. Of all dealers.
"NACET" REGD. TRADE MARK
MADE IN ENGLAND
FOR 3-PEG RAZORS
I.N.A

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KIWI

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In Rear Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Tuesday, February 8, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.
Wardrobe and cabin trunks, hat boxes, heating stoves, couches, arm chairs, glass show cases, floor and table lamps, shades, curtains, cushions, gramophone records, mosquito nets, pictures, crockery, glass ware, kitchen utensils, books, flower stands, ice cream freezers, roller skates, lady's Musk-rat coat, gents' & ladies' clothing, overcoats and sundries, etc.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
To-morrow, Wednesday, February 9, 1938, commencing at 9.30 a.m.
Axminster and Tientsin carpets, stair carpets, days beds, couches, arm chairs, Singer treadle and hand sewing machines, Chinese typewriter, binoculars, mirrors, scales, 24 vols. Modern Business, desks, bookcases, filing cabinets, silver ware cabinets, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, Simmons iron, brass, and wooden bedsteads, willow furniture, etc.

In Cargo Salesroom—Now On View
To-morrow, Wednesday, February 9, 1938, at 2.30 p.m.
Metal Polish, Shoe Polish, Enamel Paint, Glass Cabinet, Autochare Boiler, Protected Lamps, Acetylane Lamps, Pumps, Iron Stands, Bolts, Bottle Molds, Zinc Blocks, Wire, Metal Parts, Iron Spatulas, Files, Iron Sundries, Cork Cover Sharpeners, Garter Buckles, Bicycle Parts, Violet Ray Apparatus, Rheostats, Batteries, Electric Hair Dryers, Meters, Electric Steam Radiators, Heaters, Knitting Machine, Pencils with cigarette Lighters, Shaving Brushes, Walking Sticks, Damaged Books, Enamelled Iron Bath Tubs, Kitchen Sinks, Gloves, Wood Thermometers, Lamp Fittings, Lanterns, Floodlights, Brackets, 14070 Assorted Sizes Chinese Flags (Badly Burnt), Wash basins, Postcard holders, Coloured Postcards, Gem Paper clips, etc.,

In Cargo Salesroom—Now On View
On Thursday, February 10, 1938, at 2.30 p.m.
13 Hogsheads American Leaf Tobacco (Damaged)

Due to existing conditions we have to request all purchasers to pay cash in full on the fall of the hammer.

Noël, Murray & Co.
Auctioneers, Appraisers and Adjusters
In Our Salesroom (160 Canton Road)
To-day, Tuesday, February 8, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.
Superior
Office and Household Furniture, Cut Glass ware, Ice Chest, 439 Books, "Underwood" Typewriter, Large Office Safes, Simmon's Bedsteads, Dentist's Chair, Wire Netting Clothing, Invalid's Chair with Rubber Wheels etc.
NOW ON VIEW

In Our Salesroom (160 Canton Road)
On Thursday, February 10, 1938, at 11 a.m.
666 BAGS SAIGON RICE (More or Less Damaged)
NOW ON VIEW
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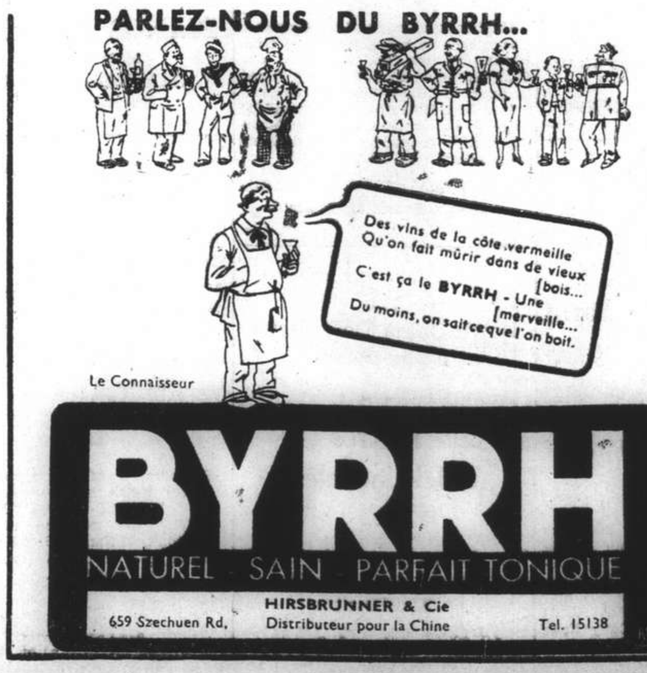
AMERICAN AUCTIONEERING CO.
Auctioneers, Valuers and General Brokers.
Having been favoured with instructions from the Concerned will sell by Public Auction within the Premises
No. 60 Edinburgh Road
On Thursday, February 10, commencing at 10 a.m.
HEAVY CARVED BLACKWOOD SIDE TABLE, FLOWER STANDS, FINE PEIPING & TIENTSIN CARPETS, RUGS. TEAKWOOD HAT STAND. GILT FRAMED WALL MIRRORS, CARD TABLE FLAT TOP DESK, BOOK CASES, VELVET COVERED DRAWING ROOM SUITE, WALNUT STAINED MODERN STYLE BEDROOM SUITES, OAKSTAINED DINING ROOM SUITE, DOUBLE & SINGLE WOODEN BEDSTEADS, TAPESTRY COVERED DOUBLE SPRING COUCH ARM CHAIRS, OLD CHINESE CURIOS, E.P. CUT GLASS and CROCKERY WARE, ETC.
Also
1 Steel framed cottage piano Weber
1 Remington typewriter
1 Canteen set 96 pieces in case
1 Simmens electric Vacuum cleaner
1 Lot of Chenille curtains Red and Yellow
NOW ON VIEW


PARLEZ-NOUS DU BYRRH...
Des vins de la côte vermeille
Qu'on fait mûrir dans de vieux [bois...
C'est ça le BYRRH - Une [merveille...
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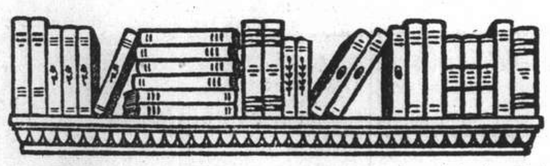
THE BOOK PAGE



THE HORROR OF SPAIN

SPANISH TESTAMENT.—By Arthur Koestler. With an Introduction by the Duchess of Atholl. Gollancz, London. 10/6.

Whatever Mr. Koestler's political opinions regarding the issue in Spain were before he went through all the experiences which he tells so vividly in his book, there is no doubt now that he is definitely opposed to General Franco, and considering all his experiences, not unjustifiably so. Mr. Koestler was in Belgium when the Spanish civil war broke out, and it was not very long before he was taking an active part as a press correspondent in covering the rebellion. He writes of his experiences in a very objective manner and, considering everything, without too much bias. He lays a very good basis for his work by discussing the historical background, goes on to describe the outbreak and its origins and has a most vivid chapter on the position of the Church Militant in Spain. Indeed, he attributes quite a deal of the trouble which has afflicted that sorely tried country to the attitude of the church, but he points out that:

> Franco does not represent the interests of believers as against the forces that threaten religion. He represents the interests of that section of the Catholic population which is Catholic *and* reactionary. Catholics with Republican sympathies are persecuted by him with the same ruthlessness as are Republicans who profess no religion. The Protestants who, owing to their social status, are almost entirely Republican, are treated as out-and-out enemies, as are the the Jews.

The analogy with the attitude of the State to the Church under other dictatorships is unmistakable. In Germany, too, the National-Socialists, before seizing power, maintained that they were the defenders of the Faith and of culture against the godless Weimar Republic; scarcely had they attained power than they began to persecute that section of the Catholic and Protestant Church which did not submit to the dictates of worldly tyrants and refused to identify themselves with their methods and political aims. In Germany, too, disagreements and splits occurred within the Protestant and Catholic Churches for purely worldly political reasons: there were Catholic Cardinals and Protestant Bishops who upheld the ancient traditions of Christendom and with exemplary courage entered the lists against tyranny; and there were also dignitaries of the Church who became the willing tools of that same tyranny. It would appear that wherever modern dictatorships of the Fascist type come to power, the Church has to undergo a historical trial similar to that which it underwent in the early Middle Ages when the power of the absolute monarchies was being consolidated—a trial leading to the same internal divisions and dissensions.

Atrocity Propaganda

Dealing with the subject of propaganda, and more particularly with the atrocities which it is alleged have been committed by both sides, the author points out that general political arguments, with the exception of the Communist bogey, were of no use as propaganda to Franco in Western Europe:

> ....So he deliberately chose a form of propaganda that from the time of the ritual murder myths of the Middle Ages until the time of the Reichstag fire and the Abyssinian campaign has always proved an unfailing standby whenever it has been essential to avoid awkward political discussions and to justify one's own terrorist acts by pointing to those of the other side: what has come to be known as atrocity propaganda.

It is for this reason that the author contends a large number of the horrors alleged to have been committed by the Reds were not in fact committed, and he goes on to point out that the Insurgents themselves were just as guilty of atrocity, and just as grave atrocity, as that which they were alleging against their enemies; and summing up on the general question of propaganda, the author says:

> ....The rebels, even before the insurrection, in *status nascendi*, as it were, obtain arms from Germany—and have the temerity to allege that France has broken the Non-Intervention Pact; they install machine-guns in the churches, and maintain that their opponents have desecrated the churches; with their air squadrons they set Madrid and Guernica on fire—and allege that the Anarchists have burned Madrid and Guernica. Militiamen who have been defending the legal Government and are taken prisoner by the insurgents are formally accused, before being shot, of fomenting a "military rebellion." In the rebel Press the Burgos Junta has from the outset been alluded to as the legal Government of the country and the Government troops as rebels. A more direct reversal of the facts would be impossible.

The Spanish War is for the dictatorships in many respects a dress rehearsal for the world war for which it is preparing the way; it is so, alas, in the matter of propaganda. The laying of the responsibility for the Civil War at the door of their opponents, the designation of a war of aggression as a retaliatory measure, the representing of facts of arson as the extinguishing of fires, of declarations of war as offers of peace—this is how the coming world war is being prepared.

The Alcazar

His version of the siege of the Alcazar in Toledo reads very differently from what was reported in foreign newspapers at the time of that big stand. He throws it into an entirely different perspective, telling how the rebels who garrisoned the huge building carried into it a large number of hostages, including women who up to that time had been going peacefully about their household tasks. The stories told by some of the civilian sufferers in that epic event are indeed terrible, as witness the following:

> "I was imprisoned in the Alcazar for ten days. Every morning my daughter and I were allowed to take a quarter of an hour's walk in the inner courtyard where there were great piles of dead horses, which gave out a horrible stench. There were several soldiers and Civil Guards in the Alcazar who, when the supply of fresh horse-flesh gave out, began to eat the carrion. Several of them died as a result.
>
> "The rebel officers organized the defence of the fortress. Three times a day the guards were changed in the towers, from which an incessant machine-gun fire was kept up. The Civil Guards used rifles. Fascists in civilian clothes went round the fortress and marched off anyone who talked of surrender. I believe they afterwards shot them. Twice a day we were given a meal, one at midday and the other at six in the evening; we had to queue up for them. By the sixth day the only food left was potatoes and lentils. On the day of our escape we had eaten nothing but a morsel of roasted horse-flesh and a handful of ground corn. The water was polluted. Dysentery broke out. Every evening typewritten newssheets were distributed among the rebels, in which it was reported that the relief of the Alcazar was at hand, that Madrid was occupied by the rebels, and so on.
>
> "On the tenth day of our imprisonment I came across a gunsmith whom I knew very well, and who had been duped by the rebels, like many others who were there. That evening he had a word with the Civil Guard on duty, and showed him an order signed by the Lieutenant-Colonel; the signature had been forged. The guard looked at the paper, hesitated for a moment, and then led me and my daughter to the Santa Fé Gate, which leads out to the Carmen Hill. When we got there, the gunsmith said to me: 'Now go, and be as quick as you can. I have risked my head; I only hope it's some use to you.' My daughter carried one child in her arms and I the other. Shots rang out; it was the Militiamen shooting. I can't remember anything else for I fell down in a dead faint."

Praise To Republicans

Mr. Koestler bluntly calls the story of the siege of the Alcazar primarily a sordid story of blackmail. He alleges that the Insurgents took the hostages into the Alcazar for the purpose of deterring the Republican forces from bombarding it. That the ruse was successful is apparent from the fact that during the first 34 days of the siege the Republicans were unable to make up their minds whether to bombard the building or not. Even then they did not subject the fortress to a shelling, and it was not until eight days later that the first shells were fired at its outer walls.

Mr. Koestler gives high praise to the Republicans for the fact that when the Alcazar was eventually taken there were only 83 casualties out of the total garrison of 1500, and fortunately not a single woman amongst them was hurt: "In other words," he says, "the besiegers, despite the aircraft and 6-inch guns at their disposal, confined their bombardment right to the very end to the outer walls, the towers and terraces, and never made a really serious attempt to blow the Alcazar to pieces in the way in which, for example, Guernica was blown to pieces. The 400 women and children, behind whose moral protection the heroes of the Alcazar had crept, made a serious siege impossible."

Hidden Hell

He goes further, and speaking of the conduct of the Insurgents while undergoing the siege, he tells the following story:

> Behind the heroic opera facade hell hid its face. Conditions grew worse and worse from day to day in the Alcazar; the besieged human beings within its walls lived on a ration of horse-flesh, black bread made of bran, and a litre of putrid water from the cisterns per head per day. Two new-born babies first saw the darkness of the world in the subterranean vault beneath the Alcazar; three women went mad; three committed suicide. The officers and Phalangists shot down anyone who dared to protest against the mad folly of this adventure; horror, madness stalked the fortress. On August 9th, Zara Gonzalez, a fourteen-year-old kitchen-maid, crawled through the sewer into the town, where she collapsed unconscious in a pool of blood; in the hospital she was just able, before losing consciousness again, to make a deposition to the effect that she had been violated by eight or nine officers in the Alcazar. Four days later she was dead.
>
> And the world goes on extolling the heroes of the Alcazar.

Personal Sufferings

The last part of the book, which he describes as a "Dialogue with Death," is devoted to his own experiences when captured by the rebels. He was sentenced to death and kept in a state of anxiety from February 9 until May 12, 1937. The story he tells of the repeated nightly executions, of men being summoned, unwarned, from their cells to face a firing squad, of others beaten and ill-treated until they were reduced almost to an animal state, and of the poor wretch who was so manhandled that he sat for hours in his cell with a broken jaw, unable even to smoke a cigarette, and his own thoughts as he communed with death, which seemed always to be hanging over him, forms a document of enormous psychological and literary interest. It is one which deserves to be read, and if Mr. Koestler does lay himself open to the charge that his book is written without that political independence which neutral readers would like to see, he has the excuse not only of the suffering he saw, but of that he himself endured.—R.T.P-C.

NEWTON AND EINSTEIN

NEWTON'S PRINCIPIA IN 1687 AND 1937.—By T. M. Cherry, B.A., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics in the University of Melbourne. Melbourne University Press in association with Oxford University Press. 1/-

Professor Cherry of Melbourne University has expanded into a 30 page booklet a lecture originally given to mark the 250th anniversary of the publication of Newton's "Principia." It is definitely a book only for those with a fair knowledge of physics or astronomy. Students not wishing to deal with the 500 page "Principia" will find here a masterly summary of its contents and the circumstances under which it came to be written. A clear picture of the scientific knowledge of the seventeenth century is also given. The author shows how Newton was regarded as having reduced motion and matter to a series of absolute mathematical problems, in spite of his own insistence that "this most beautiful system of the sun, planets and comets could only proceed from the counsel and dominion of an intelligent and powerful Being."

The latter part of the book is devoted to Einstein's modification of Newton's ideas in the light of his theory of relativity. This part of the book requires a good knowledge of the relativity theory, for the author only partially succeeds in reducing Einstein's complicated equations to the language of ordinary life.—R.N.B.

BOOKS RECEIVED

Japan's War on China. A. Morgan Young. (Fact, London. 6d) **Land Utilization in China.** J. L. Buck 'Commercial Press, Shanghai. $10) **A History of Chinese Philosophy.** Fung Yu-lan (Vetch, Peiping. $18) **Electrical Year Book 1938.** (Emmott, Manchester. 1/6).

SCIENTIFIC

SCIENCE PROGRESS A Quarterly Review of Scientific Thought, Work and Affairs. January 1938. Edward Arnold, London. 7/6 Per annum 31/2.

Appropriately enough, the review opens with an appreciation of the late Lord Rutherford by Professor Andrade, who pays tribute to his kindly personality and to his influence on the work done in the Cavendish Laboratory. Sir Albert Seward contributes an article on the Maidenhair Tree. The sacred Gingko tree of the East, known only in Europe since 1730, is of very ancient lineage, as fossil evidence shows that it and members of its family are at least 180 million years old, compared with the million years of mere man. Professor Hill, of London University, gives a very illuminating description of the effect of air resistance on aeroplane speed. In non-technical language, the author explains the various factors to be considered, and concludes that the formation of shock waves will prevent the increase in speed much above the present records. He does, however, point out that predictions about 1938 made in the Wright brothers time were very wide of the mark.

Team Spirit Wanted

Agricultural Research and Higher Degrees, by Professor Stapledon, deals with the conflicting narrow and selfish aims of the research worker for M. Sc and Ph. D. and the team spirit and broad outlook necessary to make progress in agricultural discoveries. The novel suggestion that theses for research degrees in agriculture should be of joint authorship is seriously made and well argued. In an article for the advanced organic chemist, Doctors Cox and Wardlaw deal with the probable formulae for co-ordination compounds, basing their suggestions on a modified form of the 40 year old theory of Werner.

Moscow Enthusiasm

In a very entertaining article, G. W. Tyrrell deals with the proceedings of the 17th International Geological Congress held in Moscow last year. Vehement applause greeted the Soviet delegation's giving of the credit for their geological successes to "comrade Stalin." A crowd of press men, cameras, arc and spot lights surrounded the author delivering a paper on Igneous Activity in Relation to Tectonics. However, great praise is given for the arrangements for translation, and the excursions, and thanks are rendered for the warm hospitality received. The progress of geology in the U.S.S.R. has been phenomenal, for whereas in 1918 only 10 per cent. of the country was geologically known, now the whole country has been mapped by an army of 6,000 specialists under a Central Institute, liberally supplied with funds by the Soviet government.

Recent advances in mathematics, physics, astronomy, chemistry, geology, botany, entomology and archaeology are discussed by experts in each branch. Notes of general interest to scientists are followed by essay reviews on Pascal and the Great Ice Age. Finally a very comprehensive selection of some 60 books is reviewed, completing a most interesting number of this quarterly review of scientific thought, work and affairs.—R.N.B.

CHINA REVIEWS

THE CHINA JOURNAL 20 Museum Road, Shanghai. $1.00 Per annum $12.50.

PACIFIC AFFAIRS Published by the Institute of Pacific Relations, Camden, New Jersey. G.$0.50 Per Annum G$2.00.

"The China Journal Carries On" and Mr. A. de C. Sowerby gives his blessing to the new Editor and Manager in the January issue:

> It will be noted that new names appear as Editor and Manager on our title page, but this does not presage a change of policy in the conducting of this Journal, nor any lowering of the high standard the former Editor and Manager always strove to maintain. On the contrary, it is believed that the introduction of new blood will have the effect of improving that standard and possibly also of making the Journal of an even wider appeal than it has enjoyed in the past.

The Ancient Art of Chinese Boxing is treated by Mr. Julius Eigner and well illustrated by photographs. He says that scholars hold that Chinese boxing originally developed out of the practice of the Indian Yogi—although there is not much to substantiate this thesis except a rather vague affinity. A Youth Epic is the title of an article by Mr. A. B. Camplin and Mr. Rewi Alley and deals with the services and adventures of the Chinese Boy Scouts in helping the wounded, civilian and otherwise, during the last four months. Extracts from a very interesting diary, kept by one of the boys and sent each day to his mother, are given. Under "Travel and Exploration" comes the Festival of the Sacred Mountain, by Mr. John Blofield, an account of a visit to Wu T'ai Sha, the Five Peaked Mountain, to witness the great annual festival, to which Mongols, Tibetans and Chinese come in thousands, most of them on foot or horseback, some of them spending as much as two years upon the journey. There is an article on Unemployed Industrial Workers in Shanghai, by the Editor. Mr. Bruno Kroker, and another on Trees of Australia by Mr. A. de C. Sowerby; The Birds of Hopei Province, by Mr. C. D. Wilder, are very attractive, so also are the pictures of the baby Giant Panda, "a ball of white and black fur," while photographs of current events make an interesting record.

* * *

The December number of this quarterly contains articles on American Far Eastern Policy 1931-1937 by Mr. Frederick V. Field; Japanese State Finance, by Mr. Guenther Stein; Japan's "Special Interests" in China, by Herr Franz Michael; The Press and Japanese Thought, by Mr. A. Morgan Young. Mr. Owen Lattimore, the Editor, writes on The Phantom of Mengkukuo, Sir Charles Bell on Tibet and Its Neighbours. The Imperial Conference of 1937 is discussed by Professor F. H. Soward, of the University of British Columbia. The Editor himself contributes to the Comment and Correspondence section his views on "Limited" War and World War, and his review of Professor Shuhsi Hsu's book, "The North China Problem," which appears in this issue, is the subject of comment by the author to whom a draft copy of the review was sent. Other reviews of books specially relevant to Pacific interests close the issue.

Through the Mike

BY THE RADIO EDITOR

Powerful Transmitter

One of the most powerful short wave transmitters in the world will be built on Treasure Island, the site in San Francisco Bay of the 1939 Golden Gate Exposition. This was recently disclosed by officials of the Exposition when members of the American Radio Relay League announced their preliminary plans for an international convention of radio amateurs in San Francisco during the coming World's Fair. Amateurs, particularly those in the United States and our overworked ones in Shanghai during the early part of the hostilities, have received world-wide attention for the volunteer radio service they have given during emergencies and disasters. I understand that they will co-operate with the Exposition in publicizing the "Pageant of the Pacific" and a prize will be given the amateur who puts through the most messages about the Exposition between now and the opening date of the Fair—February 18, 1939.

* * *

Shouts of "Oi"

Sounds of a scuffle and a shout breaking into the middle of one of the BBC's recent Regional broadcasts mystified thousands of radio listeners. They heard what seemed to be an argument between a number of men, the sound of a scuffle, a shout of "Oi!", a gurgling sound, the slamming of a door and the clatter of feet—and then silence. After a three-minute delay, the announcer explained:—"I must apologise for the break after the news summary had been announced. There was a slight mishap in the studio, but everything is all right now." Later, an official statement was released, to the following effect:—"The BBC regret that owing to a technical error a studio was faded up earlier than intended, with the result that for a few moments, at the beginning of the Regional news a 10 o'clock, listeners overheard a 'private conversation.' The sort of thing has been known to happen even in Shanghai, where stations, at the most, have only one studio!

* * *

New Zealand Day

A message from the High Commissioner for New Zealand in London, Mr. W. J. Jordan, will be included in a special New Zealand Day broadcast from Daventry in Transmission 1 to-day at 9.45 a.m. GMT (17.45 local time). Mr. Jordan's address will be preceded at 9.10 a.m. GMT by Variety featuring New Zealand artists, and at 9.30 a.m. GMT by Hubert Carta, the New Zealand tenor, in a recital of folk-songs from New Zealand and Australia. The broadcast will open at 8.15 a.m. (16.15 local time) with a programme by the BBC Empire Orchestra. The High Commissioner, whom listeners heard in a similar broadcast last year, is expected to speak for about a quarter of an hour. Mr. Jordan took up his appointment in London in 1936, and in 1937 was appointed Chairman of the Imperial Economic Committee. The four songs of the New Zealand Maoris which Hubert Carta is to sing will be having their first broadcast performance. Carta is a keen student of Maori legends and has put nine of them into English verse. In "Hoea te Waka," the last item in his recital, he will give the actual cries used by the Maoris to set the rhythm of the song.

* * *

From "Utcheter"

"The Microphone at Large" will come to rest at Uttoxeter, Staffordshire, early in February, and as in previous broadcasts of this type, Daventry listeners will hear a description of the place and talks by a number of interesting local people. One of the leading firms making agricultural implements and machinery for export to the Empire has its headquarters in Uttoxeter, and when David Gretton, who arranges these programmes, first visited the town he found the firm busy on next summer's deliveries for the Australian market. This industry will be represented in the programme as well as the other local occupations of alabaster quarrying and dairying. Uttoxeter is an excellent example of the pitfalls to be encountered in the pronunciation of certain English place names. Forms in use include Uttoxeter (as written); "Yewtoxeter"; "Uxter"; "Uxter" and "Utcheter"—and there may be others. The BBC does not venture to lay down a ruling, but favours the first.

* * *

Greek Broadcasts

Greece is, at long last, to have its own radio broadcast stations, states a Trans-Ocean message from Athens. It is reported that an agreement has now been signed between the Government of Greece and the German "Telefunken Company for Wireless Telegraphy." A network of modern radio transmission stations is to be erected, including a 100-kilowatt station and a short wave transmitter in Athens and two smaller ones at Salonika and Corfu. A short wave transmitter is also to broadcast on a directional beam to Australia and to the United States. On completion, the stations will become the property of the Greek Government, which in turn will hand over the rights of management and the use of the network to Telefunken for a period of 25 years.

* * *

On Loan

From Berlin comes a rather interesting report which does credit to the ingenuity of radio manufacturers trying to promote sales. Persons living in the outlying districts of Berlin who are without radio sets are being lent receivers for fourteen days, after which the sets are taken away and passed on to others. After a short period has elapsed, enquiries are made as to whether it is desired to purchase a receiver, and in this way the German radio industry hopes to increase its sales. The German Postal Ministry is helping matters by refraining from demanding fees for the fornight during which the loaned set is used.

* * *

From Argentina

In addition to that good old Argentinian stand-by, LRU, Buenos Aires, there is another station which can often be picked up locally by those willing to get up in the wee sma' hours for some trouble-free listening. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Argentine broadcasts daily from 05.00, programmes generally consisting of a short talk followed by music. These programmes are broadcast simultaneously on LRX, 31.06 m., 9.66 mc/s, and LSY, 16.56 m., 18.115 mc/s. LSY, incidentally, is a commercial radio telephone station which generally works Europe and the United States

* * *

More Exploring

To the list of the keen short wave listener should be added another station operated by an expedition. This is VP3THE, a station of the American Museum of Natural History Expedition, which, under the leadership of Dr. W. H. Holden, is located some 500 miles up the savannahs of British Guiana, near the Essequibo river. It is reported as working amateurs on 21.83 metres, 13.745 mc/s, between 07.30 and 08.30. It can also be heard on the air as early as 04.00 onwards, and has contacted G6AG quite frequently.

TO THOSE WHO SUFFER FROM GRAVEL

Buffon, who suffered from Gravel, wrote to his son in 1784, as follows; "I drink nothing but Contrexeville Water."

To mention Gravel is to talk of Contrexeville!

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The cure has the effect of provoking the mechanical expulsion of sand or gravel already formed in the urinary passages, and, furthermore, it reduces the sensibility of the passages and so the spasm which is secondary to it and, on this account, will bring about less frequent and less painful nephritic colic.

A pamphlet dealing with the properties of Contrexeville Waters will be sent, on application, by Messrs. Egal & Cie., 709 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 73013 or 874 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 83923.—ADVT.

TRAGEDY OF YOUNG BRIDE

Found Dead in Bed, Later Husband Dies Suddenly in Car

LOCAL VICAR ATTACKS JURY'S VERDICT

An unhappy tragedy has come to light recently in connection with Dr. Alastair Macdonald, aged 31, a doctor of Northampton and his bride aged 21. Mrs. Macdonald died on December 19 six months after her marriage, her husband finding her dead beside him when he woke in the morning. The inquest on her was adjourned, on the ground that the exact cause of death could not be ascertained.

Considerable sympathy was shown to the husband of the dead woman although it was felt that there was some slight mystery in view of the adjourned inquest. How the tragedy has been carried considerably further. Dr. Macdonald himself died under tragic circumstances. At the inquest held on him Frank Gandy, of Northampton, brother in law of Dr. Macdonald, said that he was in Dr. Macdonald's car with two other passengers. One was Mr. Gandy's brother Harry, and the other Mr. W. E. Thompson. They were driving towards Waddington aerodrome and between Grantham and Foston the car stopped. After trying to find the trouble Dr. Macdonald got back into the car, said Mr. Gandy. He seemed quite as usual. He got out again and then returned to the driving seat. He tried to start the car a second time, but it refused. He remained in the car and the others looked in the engine. When they looked up Dr. Macdonald appeared ill, and he then seemed to die immediately. He had made no complaint during the day. An inquest on Dr. Macdonald was held, but doctors were unable to state the cause of death, and the inquest was adjourned until the end of the month.

Inquest on Wife

At the resumed inquest on Mrs. Macdonald many tragic facts came to light. It was indeed revealed that Mrs. Macdonald died as a result of a miscarriage through "criminal abortion." The inquest itself was unusual since the jury retired four times and gave four verdicts—the last one "criminal abortion" being accepted. In the first place the foreman announced a verdict of criminal negligence, but when a juror protested that the guilty person was not named, they retired again. Returning the foreman said "We return a verdict of criminal abortion." A juror again objected and insisted that a person be named. After another retirement a verdict of "criminal abortion carried out by Dr. Macdonald" was returned. The foreman added that it was a six to three decision. The coroner said he could not accept a verdict if there were more than two dissentients. On the jury's next return the foreman announced the verdict as "criminal abortion." The Coroner: Leaving the other matter open? The foreman nodded.

Dr. Robert B. Douglas gave evidence of how Dr. Macdonald told him, between sobs that he had found his wife had had a miscarriage. He had got her to bed and at 7 a.m. when he spoke to her, she seemed all right. When he awoke again at 7.30 she was dead. Dr. Macdonald and his wife were a devoted couple so far as he knew. Dr. Douglas was questioned by the Chief Constable (Mr. J. Williamson) why the police had not been informed immediately so that they could see the condition of the bedroom. The doctor pointed out that the coroner was informed.

Dr. J. Orr, Dr. Macdonald's senior partner, stated that he asked Dr. Macdonald "Have you been using any drugs or any instruments?" and Dr. Macdonald replied "No, I haven't touched her" Dr. Macdonald told him that his wife had refused to have another doctor. Dr. Orr agreed that if a doctor had been called Mrs. Macdonald might have made a scene.

Not Usual To Tend Own Wife

Mrs. Macdonald had apparently always suffered from a bad heart, and on being asked about this Dr. Orr said he did not agree that her heart condition was of a kind likely to cause an abortion or miscarriage. He also said that Dr. Macdonald told him that he had given his wife an injection after the miscarriage to prevent haemorrhage. Asked by the Chief Constable if it were usual for a doctor to attend his own wife in such circumstances, Dr. Orr replied that it was not really usual, but there was nothing against it Dr. Orr said that it was on his suggestion that the coroner was informed of the circumstances. He asked Dr. Macdonald why he did not send for medical aid. The reply was "I offered to send for Dr. Douglas, yourself or Mr. Watson, and Norah refused." Asked why he did not take the matter into his own hands and send for a doctor, Dr. Macdonald replied "You know sir how obstinate Norah is." Dr. Orr said Mrs. Macdonald would have become a mother in about four months. About four years ago he attended her and found her to be suffering from a valvular disease of the heart. Answering Mr. Leslie Hales, for Mrs. Macdonald's relatives said he agreed that Mrs. Macdonald was self willed and obstinate and hysterical and that if Dr. Macdonald had sent for a doctor she would probably have made a scene.

Dr. Eric Hemingway Shaw, pathologist to the General Hospital, Northampton, said that death was caused by shock due to intraperitonial haemorrhage following a miscarriage. The valvular disease had nothing to do with the state of things, he found. The injuries were too severe to have been caused by the woman herself. He agreed that, assuming she started the delivery herself, some of the injuries might have been caused by a medical man completing the delivery in a perfectly proper manner.

Dr. James Webster, Director of the Home Office Science Laboratory Birmingham, expressed the opinion that the injuries were caused by a third person.

A statement by Dr. Macdonald was produced. It said "Both the wife and myself were looking forward to the birth of the child." It described how on December 18 he returned and his wife told him she had a maemorrhage. She refused to have another doctor, saying she would walk out of the house if one was called. Later she walked upstairs and got into bed, and he lay down beside her.

The coroner, summing up, said that the beginning of the trouble was obviously that it was unusual for a doctor to attend his own wife. In his judgment there was not sufficient evidence to warrant a decision that there had been a criminal abortion. Even if such a decision was made there was no definite evidence to justify the jury to find who had procured such a criminal abortion.

When Dr. Macdonald was buried, the local vicar bitterly attacked the verdict of the jury.

A TRAIN CHASE FOR RUNAWAY BRIDE

Girl Tells Her Mother I Can't Go on with it

On the eve of her wedding Kathleen Walker, a tall, blonde beauty of twenty-five, turned to her white-haired mother and said, "I can't go on with it." Then she left her home in Garners-lane, Stockport, and took train for London, states the "Daily Express."

The wedding was to have taken place at Mount Tabor Methodist Church, Stockport, on January 8, but Kathleen still refuses to return home.

Dennis Elcock, her fiancé, who is slim and fair and twenty-seven years old followed her on the midnight train and met her in London. But she told him she could not make up her mind whether she could marry him.

He is a French lecturer at Sheffield University.

The two became engaged a fortnight ago. But they have been friends since they were fellowstudents at Manchester University six years ago.

Three months ago Kathleen Walker's engagement to the son of a Stockport surgeon was broken off.

Kathleen's mother said, after her first engagement was broken she started going to parties and dances, and seemed to be having a good time. About last Wednesday she seemed to get nervous about the wedding."

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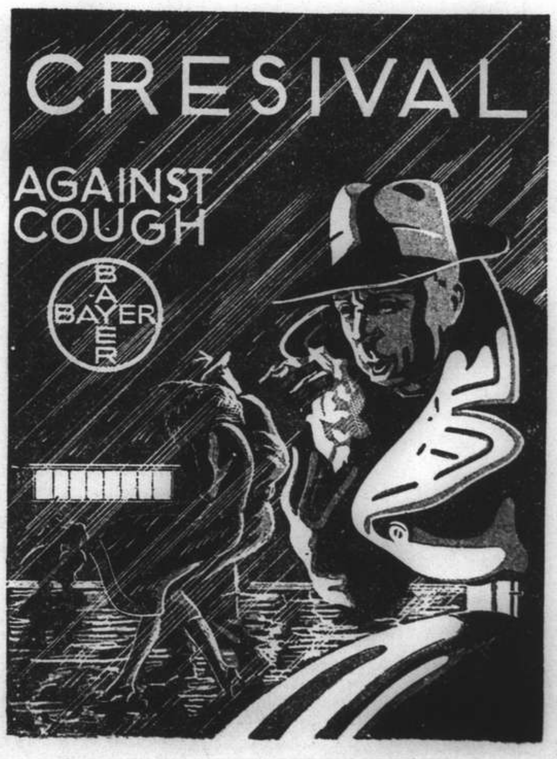

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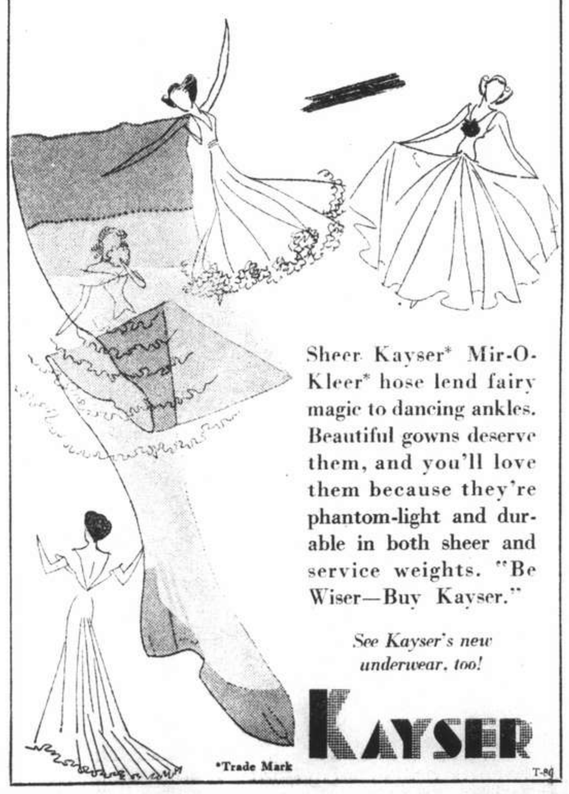

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Announcements in this column $3 per insertion.

BIRTH

McDONALD.—On January 31, 1938, at Peking, to Mr. and Mrs. (Colin) MALCOLM McDONALD, a son. -1474

MARRIAGES

OSWALD GIESE
HILDEGARD KLEINHANS
Vermaehlte
Singapore, February 4, 1938 -1432

LAWLER—MYERS.—On February 7, 1938, at the American Consulate-General, Shanghai, LULU MAY, youngest daughter of Mr. M. and the late Mrs. Myers, of Shanghai, to J. W. LAWLER, son of Mrs. Grace Gibbs, of Snomac, Oaklahoma, U.S.A. 12469

DEATHS

DREW.—Suddenly, on January 8, 1938, at Hythe, Kent, ANNA, beloved wife of R. B. DREW, formerly of the Chartered Bank, Shanghai. 12472

BIGGS.—On February 7, 1938, at Hongkong, KATHLEEN ESTHER, wife of A. L. Biggs, and mother of William, Ethel, James, Sydney and Victoria. - 1450

OSTROVERKOW.—On Sunday, February 6, 1938, at her residence, 1288 Avenue Joffre, Mrs. ANASTASIA TIMCHENKO OSTROVERKOW, aged 71 years, the dearly-beloved mother of Mrs. C. Fumagalli. Removed to the Parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held to-day, Tuesday, February 8, at the St. Nicolas Military Church, on Rue Corneille, at 2 p.m., to be followed by interment at the Hungjao Road Cemetery at 3.15 p.m. 12477

NAVARRO.—On Monday, February 7, 1938, at St. Marie's Hospital, Dr. ARMANDO NAVARRO, aged 65 years, Portuguese Minister to China. Removed to the Parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral arrangements will be announced later. 12479

ROSENFELD.—On Monday, February 7, 1938, at his residence, Medhurst Apartments, JULIUS ROSENFELD, aged 39 years, the dearly-beloved husband of Mrs. Bessie Rosenfeld. Funeral services under the auspices of Shanghai Rose Croix Chapter No. 3, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, will be held at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road, to-day, Tuesday, February 8, at 11 a.m., after which the cortège will leave for the Baikal Road Cemetery where interment will take place at 12 o'clock noon, passing over the Garden Bridge at 11.45 a.m. 12478

CARD

Mr. HENRI GENSBURGER and family gratefully acknowledge and thank their friends for the kind expressions of sympathy, donations to the Hebrew Relief Society, and for the beautiful flowers sent during their recent bereavement.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

ON CRITICISM

The lot of the critic is always a bitter one, whether he criticizes amateur or professional entertainment, art or literature or any of those things which are susceptible to criticism. The man who fails to find beauty in some of the creations of Mr. Epstein, or in the vague meanderings of surrealism is, by the cognoscenti dubbed an ignorant lout. He who fails, on the other hand, to run with the common herd is classed as a poseur, and so, whichever way he leans, the critic is always in for trouble. This journal's critic who attended the performance of "The Sleeping Beauty" by the Russian Ballet has been taken to task for not mentioning the dancing of two of the members of the cast, and for using a quarter of the space at his disposal for "irrelevant criticism" of the orchestra. The writer of the letter was enthusiastic over the production and felt that those taking part in it had been hardly done by, and hurried to their defence. The critic replies in to-day's issue and gives his reason for omitting reference to the two dancers whom Mr. Richard Price so warmly commends. He did not find the dance so perfect as is contended, and preferred, where he was unable to give commendation, not to say anything at all. He could have, had he wanted to, pointed out the fault and drawn attention to it. That might have been the better course, in view of the fact that there were other performances at which amendment could be made. To have done so would have rendered the Ballet a service, but might on the other hand have given his own critic further ground for attack. That, of course, should not, and probably did not influence him in the action he took, though possibly the sentiment of kindness led him to criticize by omission, which is generally a quite effective method, though it has the disadvantage that the artist concerned may not realize the fault which deprived him of commendation.

In a place like Shanghai the critic has a more difficult task than he has in such cities as London and New York, Paris or Berlin. He is known generally to a much larger proportion of the readers of this journal than would be the case where he serving a newspaper in any of the metropolies mentioned. There is, consequently, about his writing a quality of personality which is absent elsewhere. That should not deter him from frankness, it is true, but there is very much in the fact that he has to live with the people he criticizes, and has, occasionally, to walk like the cat—circumspectly. That is more particularly the case when an amateur performance is under consideration. It is very difficult for an amateur having been criticized on the first performance to take the stage on the second and ensuing nights as if nothing had happened. He or she feels that the whole of the audience realizes what has happened, and is looking on with greater intentness than if he or she had not been criticized. A greater degree of self-conciousness is induced, greater nervousness, perhaps, for it is only the professional that can easily withstand the buffets of reviewers with that equanimity which comes of long experience and the knowledge that after all acting means a livelihood. He has got to accept criticism and like it, whether he does or not. The members of the Russian Ballet may be considered to be professionals, and while this journal's critic was most moderate in what he said, they cannot complain if they are not always "buttered up" as some people seem to think they should be. That raises the question as to whether amateurs and professionals should be handled differently when reviews of their performances are being written. On that there is a lasting and considerable difference of opinion. The proponents of the doctrine that, because both are taking the public's money, there is really no difference in the standards to be applied have much to support their view. It should not, however, be accepted with too much readiness.

There is a great difference between the amateur and the professional. The former plays as a hobby, does not, and cannot be expected to give all the time and study to his part which is expected of the professional. The public supporting amateur theatricals fully realize that, and, when they reserve seats for such performances, are under no misapprehension. They are going to see an amateur show, and, consequently, fully realize what they have to expect. They are, naturally, not likely to be hypercritical, and, if they are not, there is no reason why the critic should adopt any different attitude. Of recent years amateur theatrical productions in Shanghai have reached a very high standard. There are some who aver that the A.D.C.'s recent performance came very close to the play as seen in London. High praise indeed, but probably inspired by just that toleration which this journal argues should be applied to amateur efforts. On the other hand, were canons of professional criticism applied to amateur productions, how often could it be said that they better the efforts of the second raters in the profession? Not very often, though without exaggeration, it may be said that many recent performances have been just as good. With regard to the Russian professionals appearing in Shanghai the same principles can be held to apply. The public knows who they are, the resources at their disposal, the talent in their ranks, and, realizing all this, knows just about what sort of performance to expect at their hands. They are, consequently, not deceived if the newspaper critics show that same moderation towards them that they show to the amateur. Different considerations arise when an unknown professional company—of which Shanghai has seen so few in recent years—comes to town. The newspaper reviewer is expected to tell the public what sort of performance it gives, whether it provides entertainment sufficiently good to justify the outlay upon tickets. Here the public does not know all the circumstances and has to depend upon the newspapers in the first instance. In to-day's issue the critic shows that he is quite able to look after himself, and he may rest assured that this journal has complete confidence in him.

BACK TO WORK

The unrestricted opening of the Hungjao area to foreign and Chinese alike which occurred on Sunday will be welcomed by all those who desire to see the rehabilitation of that district, and the fact that throughout the day a steady stream of farmers were to be seen going back to their land is indicative of their anxiety to get to work again. It is obvious from the reports to hand that much cleaning-up will have to be resorted to before the place becomes completely safe either for residence or other purposes. It is stated that most of the potato-masher type of bombs have been cleared away, but unexploded artillery, and trench mortar shells are still to be found lying about in yards and gardens where they fell. Those going back to the land should be warned of the danger of interfering with these missiles. It will be remembered that for a long period after the trouble of 1932 occasional reports appeared in the newspapers of deaths and injuries resulting from tampering with these things. It does not follow that because a shell failed to explode when it was fired from a cannon that it will remain quiescent under any kind of treatment, and one of the most foolhardy things for anyone to do is to try and break a shell down without the highly technical knowledge which is necessary. It is possible that some arrangements will have to be made for clearing away these dangerous articles, but until that is done those who happen to run across them would be well advised to leave them alone. In other connections the remark is often made that it is better to be safe than sorry, but meddling with an unexploded shell may deprive that meddler of even the chance to experience regret. With regard to another aspect of the unconditional reopening of the Hungjao district it is to be hoped that every care will be taken to prevent the ocurrence of untoward incidents. That will require considerable forbearance on the part of everyone, but is essential that this should be carefully observed. It is only with the return of confidence to the Chinese who normally occupy that area that others usually residing in other districts will be persuaded also to return to their homes and get to work on the task of rehabilitation which is so long overdue.

SZECHUAN UNEASY

The situation in Szechuan is none too reassuring. It is but natural that the people in that province should desire a successor to the late General Liu Hsiang to be selected from their own people, and the appointment of General Chang Chun as provincial governor was probably not the wisest possible course for the National Government to have taken at this juncture. It may be that by the proper exercise of tact and wisdom actual fighting will be averted, but it is clear that the military in Szechuan resent the appointment of a man who, in their eyes, cannot but be regarded as an interloper. It is necessary for the Nationalist Government that the man who succeeded Liu Hsiang should be one of proved loyalty to itself, and it is for that reason, undoubtedly, that it chose Chang Chun, in whom it has the greatest confidence. It is to be hoped that a settlement of the dispute which has arisen will be effected, for it would be a serious embarrassment to the National Government if, in addition to meeting an alien enemy, it had to protect its rear from the attacks of the Szechuanese provincial army. General Wong Fong-tso, who is desired as provincial governor by some, is, it is reported, securing increasing support for his candidature, and if the Nationalist Government could be assured of his fidelity, and there is no suggestion up to the present that he is anything but faithful to China in her present struggle, it might still be the best policy to placate growing opinion in the province by acceding to its wishes in this respect. It may be quite true that the merchants and intellectual leaders favour General Chang Chun, but they represent only a small minority of the inhabitants of the province. The latter are very jealous of their rights, and are apt to regard other Chinese as alien to themselves. It is from that sentiment that the present opposition to the appointment of General Chang Chun arises, and unless that is recognized, there may still be trouble.

IN PARENTHESIS

Nice of Him

DOCTORS "Now, before I examine you, may I ask what you drink?"

Patient: "Thank you doctor. A small whisky-and-soda for me."

* * *

Trade Lost

FRENCHMAN (to a Russian friend who has returned to Paris from Moscow): And what are they doing in Moscow?

Russian: Stalin is chopping heads off.

Frenchman: Alas for me, a hatter.

* * *

Refund Wanted

MAGISTRATE (severely): Young woman, you have been fined far too often for motoring offences

Young Woman (sweetly): Really? Then can I get a refund?

* * *

Club Cameo

"My wife kisses me every night when I arrive home."

"Affection?"

"No, suspicion."

* * *

British

"UNDER the Red Robe" (British)—A swaggering adventure tale of the days of Cardinal Richelieu, produced by an American, directed by a Swede, photographed by a Chinese, designed by a Swiss, and played by a German, a Frenchwoman, a Canadian, and Mexican. Otherwise, an all-British picture.

* * *

Pure Chemistry

THE chemist had had a scene with his wife, who finally broke down crying. Whereupon he ejaculated:

"Stop crying! Your tears have no effect on me. What are they? A small percentage of phosphorus salts, a little sodium chloride. All the rest—water. Bah!"

* * *

Sonata aux Œufs

AN archbishop, staying at the house of some friends, was greatly impressed by the fact that each morning, before breakfast, he heard someone in the kitchen singing a hymn.

On congratulating his hostess on having such religious servants, he was told: "Oh, that's the cook's hymn for boiling eggs Three verses soft, five verses hard."

* * *

Eat Together or Never

A SCOTSMAN, who was playing golf, paused to pull his handkerchief out of his pocket and a set of false teeth fell to the ground.

"These are yours, sir," said the caddie, picking them up.

"They're no' mine," said the Scotsman, "They're Maggie's. I tak' them wi me so Maggie canna eat between meals."

* * *

Poor Relations

TEACHER had been trying to impress on a class of small girls that Christmas is a time of good will, when we should be kind not only to our friends, but to those who are not our friends.

"Now," she asked, "who is it we should be kind to besides our friends?"

"Please, miss," piped one young cynic "our relations."

* * *

Lost Ball

NURSES "Whom are they operating on today?"

Orderly: "A fellow who had a golf ball knocked down his throat at the links."

"And who is the man waiting so nervously in the hall? A relative?"

"No, that's the golfer. He's waiting for his ball."

* * *

After Blood

A POLITICIAN was just finishing an address to a big meeting. Towards the close of his speech he noticed a burly-looking man pushing his way towards the front and brandishing an ugly-looking stick. The man seemed anxious to get at the politician.

"What do you want?" asked the latter, in a frightened voice. "Is it me?"

"No, no," came the reply. "Carry on. I don't want you. I want the guy who asked you to speak."

* * *

All Set

A BANKER in Kentucky was in the habit of wearing his hat a good deal during business hours, as in summer the flies used his bald pate for a parading ground, and in winter the cold breezes swept over its polished surface.

A negro workman each week presented a cheque and drew his wages, and one day as he put his money into a greasy wallet, the banker said:—

"Look here, Mose; why don't you let some of that money stay in the bank and keep an account with us?"

The negro leaned towards him, and with a quizzical look at the banker's hat, answered confidentially:

"Boss, I's jes' afeared, You look like you was always ready to start somewhere."

THE WEATHER

The temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

Yesterday	Min.	32.0	Max.	42.0
Same date, 1937	Min.	44.0	Max.	49.0

Rainfall trace.

Siccawei Recordings:—

Yesterday	Min.	30.2	Max.	45.0
Same date, 1937	Min.	43.5	Max.	48.7

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 6th:—Pressure rather normal and unsteady over China, Korea and Japan. Strong winter monsoon along the Coast. Cloudy and cold weather in China.

State on the morning of the 7th:—Fine and cold weather. Hoar-frost. Normal and unsteady pressure. Calm of wind.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy, fine and cold weather with north-westerly winds around Shantung. Overcast to cloudy and cold with mist and north-westerly to northerly breezes over our Coasts. Overcast with rain and regular winter monsoon over the Eastern Sea and Formosa. Snow around Kiusiu.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Nantao Refugee Fund.—From "Two Billiard Enthusiasts"	$ 1.00
Jacquinot Refugee Fund.—From Two billiard enthusiasts	$ 1.00
The Hebrew Relief and Shelter House.—	
From L. S. Weinstein	$ 5.00
Members of Shanghai Int. Bridge Club....	$10.00
in memory of Mrs. Henry Gensburger.	
St. Andrew's Society.—From W. H. Train., in memory of J. S. Minty.	$ 5.00

DIET INFORMED JAPAN'S NAVY POLICY IS UNCHANGED

Mr. Hirota Is Non-Committal to Clamour for Refusal of Anglo-American Request

FRENCH NOTE NOW LODGED IN TOKYO

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

JAPAN should reject the Anglo-American request for assurances that she will not build capital ships, was the opinion voiced to-day by interpellators who subjected Mr. Koki Hirota, Foreign Minister, and Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai, Minister of the Navy, to a barrage of questions regarding the Government's attitude toward the Notes received from America and Great Britain.

The French note, Mr. Hirota revealed, had not yet been received. Consequently, he added, nothing definite was known as to its contents. The French Government, foreign despatches said, would join Britain and America in asking Japan to reveal her shipbuilding intentions.

Japan's naval policy, Mr. Hirota continued, remained unchanged since the abortive London Conference of 1936. The Japanese authorities concerned, the Foreign Minister went on, were studying the Notes received and consulting each other on the drafting of the replies.

The contents of the Japanese answers, he continued, had not yet been decided, making any disclosure as to their probable contents "premature."

Admiral Yonai concurred with the views of Mr. Hirota.

Not satisfied with these replies, interpellators contended that the Japanese Navy would have to make up for lost quantity in quality. This, they said, would make it impractical for Japan to reply to the British and American notes.

Meanwhile, sources close to the Government to-night indicated that the Japanese answers would be dispatched before February 20, the "deadline" set in the Notes.—Domei.

French Note Lodged

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

The French Embassy to-day presented a Note to the Japanese Government requesting information regarding Japan's naval building plans.

It was understood that the note was identical to those presented by Great Britain and the United States.—United Press.

Big Ship-Building Denied

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

"Japan will always be prepared to consider any proposal based on non-menace and non-aggression," said a statement read by the Foreign Office spokesman at to-day's press conference, dealing with the naval Notes from Great Britain and the United States. It stated that, at this moment, Japan had no plans to construct 43,000-ton ships, as had been widely reported by foreign press messages. The Japanese people, it added, were under the impression that an armament race had already been started by the other principal naval Powers.

Great Britain started naval expansion in 1937 "at the huge expenditure of £1,500,000,000," while the United States Congress was now discussing a naval rearmament plan which called for an increase of 20 per cent. in warships over the maximum stipulated by the London Treaty.

If this plan were to be realized, the statement continued, the United States must be regarded as following British initiative in the naval race.

Questioned concerning the proposals made to the Japanese Government on February 5 by Great Britain and the United States, the spokesman said, "I wish to refrain from commenting on the subject." He declined to reply to any questions.

"Insolent Demarche"

The "Yomiuri Shimbun" understands that, at the conference of high officials at the Admiralty on Sunday, it was informally decided to decline the requests made by Great Britain and the United States for information on Japan's naval building.

The 'Yomiuri" points out that Japan withdrew from the Washington and London Treaties early in 1936, and is therefore freed from the restrictions stipulated by those treaties. Great Britain and the United States, it says, "must have lost their minds to demand from Japan information on her naval building in threatening terms."

The "Yomiuri" says that both the Japanese Government and the Japanese people feel strong indignation over the "insolent demarche" made by Great Britain and the United States, "in utter disregard of international usage and diplomatic etiquette."

Describing the circumstances leading to Japan's withdrawal from the London Naval Conference, the newspaper declares that Japan has no treaty obligation to give Great Britain and America information on her own naval building.

"Impossibility" Expected

Japan's Navy is inferior to those of Great Britain and America in quantity, and therefore, the "Yomiuri" asserts, it is but natural that the Japanese seek to make up that inferiority in quantity by improving the quality of the Navy.

Therefore, it contends, Great Britain and America "expect an impossibility of Japan in demanding information regarding her warships."

The journal traces the "ultra vires" step taken by Great Britain and America to attempts to justify their own naval rearmament and to fix the blame on Japan.

"Great Britain and America," the "Yomiuri" proceeds, "will be guilty of a serious blunder if they underestimate Japan's real strength as a result of the China Incident, and want to force her to yield to their intimidatory demands.—Reuter.

U.S. Navy May Test Atlantic Defence Plans

Mobility from Pacific Area Via Canal May Be Tried

BUILDING PROGRAMME IS HELD IN READINESS

Washington, Feb. 6.

United States Navy officials said here to-day that they were prepared with experience and facilities to engage in large-scale construction of warships above the 35,000-ton limitations of the London Naval Treaty if Tokyo rejects Anglo-Franco-American demands for publication of Japan's naval construction plans.

Navy officials said they had long been convinced of the practicability of battleships over 40,000-tons and recalled that 20 years ago they began construction of six vessels of 43,200-tons designed to bring the United States Navy up to a par with any in the world. The six giant battleships were scrapped after the Washington Treaty of 1922.

Larger Armaments

Some well-informed observers predicted that if the United States invoked the escalator clause of the London Naval Treaty, the Navy would construct battleships even above the 43,000-ton class to permit mounting of 18-inch guns instead of 16-inchers. The larger guns, it was pointed out, would give the battleships two additional miles in range and permit use of shells 400 lb. heavier than now used in the Navy's heaviest naval guns.

Navy officials said that the ability of proposed battleships to pass through the Panama Canal might be an important factor in determining their size but would not necessarily be the deciding factor in the choice of design.

Spring Manœuvres Secret

Observers regarded as significant to-day that all evidences indicated the Navy's spring manœuvres would be devoted almost exclusively to the Pacific. Because high Navy officials refuse to divulge any details of "Problem 19," the basis of the manœuvres, there was considerable speculation that at least part of the fleet might experimentally be moved into the Atlantic.

Only a handful of Navy officials have been informed of the details of 'Problem 19" which will not be made known to the commanders of the warships taking part until the last minute before the exercises games begin. Otherwise, it was pointed out, the problem would lack the aspect of an emergency situation for which the Navy Department desires to test the fleet. The problem generally is believed to involve exercises along the Hawaiian-Samoan line of defence.

Test of Panama Canal

However, in view of strong Congressional pressure to increase naval protection of the Atlantic coast, some observers believe part of the fleet may be sent through the Panama Canal, and even possibly around South America, to demonstrate the speed with which naval units may be transferred from ocean to ocean.

It was regarded a certainty, however, that no considerable part of the fleet would remain in the Atlantic, since recent testimony by Admiral W. D. Leahy, Chief of Naval Operations, before the House of Representatives Naval Affairs Committee revealed the Navy was opposed to division of the fleet. Admiral Leahy also indicated the Navy had no intention of shifting the fleet to the Atlantic.

The possibility that a representative division of the fleet might be sent to the Atlantic around the Magellan Straits aroused considerable speculation because of President Roosevelt's remarks in his recent defence message to Congress in which he said the United States was not able to depend entirely on a canal which could be decommissioned by sabotage.

Such a trip, it was recalled would be the first in many years to test the ability of the Navy to carry out such a long voyage speedily and intact.

From all indications, however, the fleet will continue to be based on the Pacific indefinitely and the major problem of this year's display of power will be solved there.—United Press.

NORTH CHINA "RESERVE BANK" RULES ISSUED

Silver Bullion Outflow will Be Prohibited

Peking, Feb. 7.

Completing its preparations for establishing the "Federated Reserve Bank of China," plans for which were first announced on Jan. 7, the "Provisional Government of China" yesterday promulgated its regulations.

To prevent the outflow of silver bullion, regulations were also issued for Silver Preservation Commissions in Peiping and Tientsin, with seventeen members appointed for the two bodies. The Tientsin branch of the Silver Reserve Preservation Commission established by the Nationalist Government was thereby abolished.—Domei.

China "Foreign Legion" As One Unit in Attack

Foreign Air Force Pilots Bomb Japanese Troops

PENGPU OFFENSIVE

Hwaiyuan's Loss Admitted by Hankow H.Q.

Hankow, Feb. 7.

Supported by air craft, the Chinese are reported to have launched a vigorous counter-offensive this morning in the Pengpu sector of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway front in an effort to stem the Japanese push towards Hsuchowfu.

Seven Chinese 'planes, according to Chinese despatches, paved the way for the attack by "heavily bombing Japanese troop and artillery concentrations on the southern bank of the Hwai river." Heavy losses are claimed to have been inflicted on the Japanese.

The Chinese machines were piloted by members of the so-called "Foreign Legion," a band of foreigners of various nationalities who have come to China voluntarily to help in the struggle against Japan.

While various members of the 'Foreign Legion" have previously participated in aerial combats with Japanese aricraft, to-day was the first time that they attacked Japanese positions in one unit.

Chinese Onslaught

Relating the story of the engagement, the pilots said that, shortly after the bombing started, they could see "wave after wave of Chinese troops pouring forward in a vigorous onslaught on the Japanese lines."

They could not tell, however, whether the Chinese had succeeded in crossing the Hwai River from the northern bank. Severe fighting, they added, was still in progress.

Previous to the counter-offensive, Chinese reports state, the Japanese made several attempts to make a forced crossing of the Hwai river in motor-boats at two points—from the south bank, in the vicinity of Maotangchi, and also near the Pengpu railway bridge.

Efforts Frustrated

Despite a protective barrage from Japanese artillery, however, the Chinese claim, Japanese efforts to cross the river were frustrated by Chinese troops entrenched on the north bank, who sprayed the Japanese motor-boats with heavy machine-gun fire.

Heavy fighting is also said to be raging in the vicinity of Yungkang village, west of Tingyuan.

A Japanese column, supported by cavalry units and more than forty tanks, is stated to be advancing towards Hwaiyuan from Tingyuan.—Reuter.

Hwaiyuan's Loss

Hankow, Feb. 7.

An official communiqué issued by the Chinese headquarters to-day admits that the Japanese have occupied the town of Hwaiyuan.

After having entered the town, the Japanese at once began the construction of strong defensive positions in the city proper as well as the suburbs while Japanese batteries took up positions in the southern part of the town in order to cover the operations of the troops who will attempt to force a crossing of the Hwai River.

Chinese irregulars at Hsuchow have already been ordered to reinforce the Chinese units on the Hwai River. According to Chinese reports all Japanese efforts to effect a crossing have so far been frustrated. It is, however, expected that the Japanese will launch a violent attack at Hwaiyuan during the next few days in order to continue their advance northwards.

The alleged increased activities of Chinese troops in the Hangchow and Wuhu sectors appear to be restricted to minor skirmishes which are hardly likely to bring about a change in the general situation.—Trans-Ocean.

Town Destroyed

Macao, Feb. 7.

Over the week-end, Japanese aircraft and warships almost completely destroyed the modern town of Heungchau, in the Tongkawan district, in the south section of the Canton delta.

The city's destruction was completed by a heavy barrage from the sea during the last few days, and a large number of persons were reported to have been killed and injured. Many refugees are now entering Macao by the Kweikwan motor-road.—Reuter.

Lungkow Occupied

Lungkow, Feb. 7.

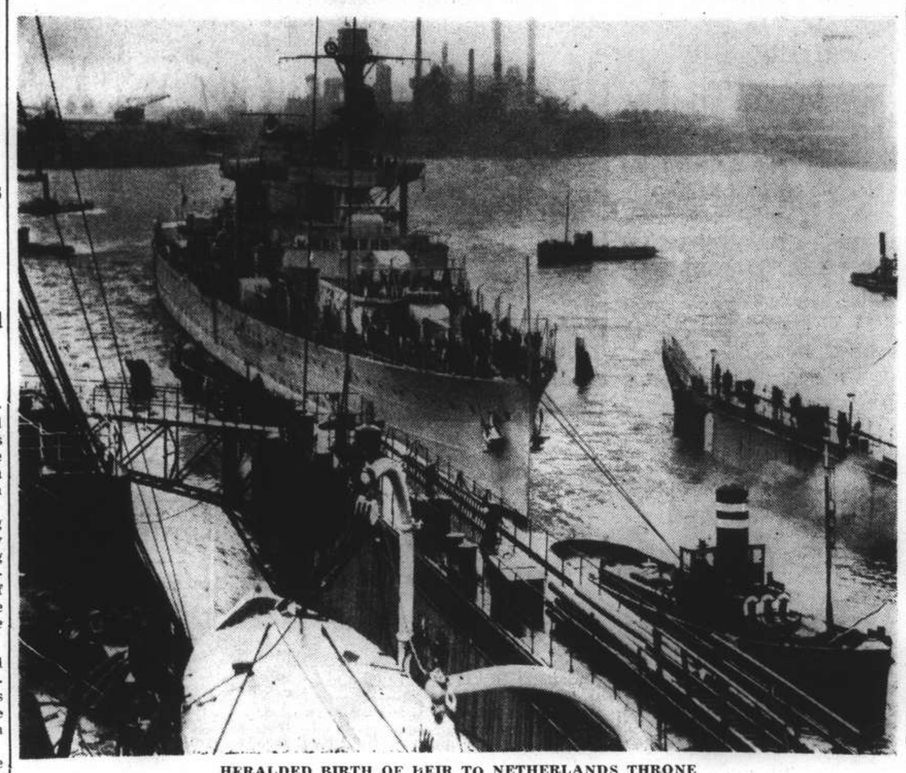
For the second time in a quarter of a century, Japanese soldiers yesterday morning entered this town—the trading centre of Laichow Bay.

The town was taken by the Oki detachment, which had also assisted in the occupation of Tsingtao and Chefoo. Lungkow's first acquintance with Japanese troops was in 1914, when they landed here for an overland march upon Tsingtao, then held by the Germans.—Domei.

Foreigner Contributes to Scrap Iron Heap

It happened at the corner—East Seward nad Chaoufoong Roads—where Japanese "tidying-up operations" have received special attention during the last few days. The scrap-iron was being unloaded in large quantities, the coolies were chanting and the Japanese "ronin" were looking on with satisfaction.

A car driven by a foreigner came to a sudden halt at the intersection. The driver got out and carefully inspected one of his front tyres. He stopped, and cautiously pulled a ten-penny nail from the rubber in which it was sticking at a dangerous angle. He hesitated for a moment, holding the rusty nail gingerly between the thumb and forefinger of his right hand. Then he acted. With a slight bow and a gracious gesture he handed the nail to the nearest "tidier-up," bowed again and got back into his car and drove off.



HERALDED BIRTH OF HEIR TO NETHERLANDS THRONE

The cruiser Java arriving at Rotterdam in readiness to fire a 51-gun salute in honour of the birth of a Princess to Crown Princess Juliana of the Netherlands.

Japanese Ships Seek Monopoly Of Japan Cargo

Shipowners Urge Government to Start Licensing Plan

NATIONALIST POLICY TO RECOVER LOSSES

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

The President of the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, as chairman of the Japan Shipowners' Association, has submitted a memorial to the Japanese Ministries of Communications, Commerce and Industry, and Finance, recommending the adoption of a policy to use only Japanese vessels for the transportation of Japanese cargoes.

Because of the intensified control of foreign exchange operations by the Japanese Government, the working of the Emergency Export-Import Adjustment Law and similar measures, the memorial says, trade has been disappointingly poor for some time, with the result that Japanese shipping now shows signs of a depression. It is quite evident that there will be a sharp drop in shipping revenue—one of the principal items in Japan's invisible revenue—If the situation is left unattended.

All Japanese concerns engaged in ocean operations are now experiencing considerable difficulty in collecting cargo. Now that many countries are adopting the policy of carrying their cargo by their own vessels, Japan ought to adopt the same system, the memorial declares. Therefore, it is urged that the Japanese Government enforce a licensing system for the transportation of Japanese cargo by foreign vessels.

The "Chugai Shogyo," financial daily, says that the Government is favourably disposed towards the recommendation and is likely to take up the question formally in the near future.

It adds that the Government will not take any new legal step, but will make use of existing legislation.

Japanese shipping circles are confident that their income, which at present averages Y.20,000,000 (£12,600,000) a year, will be brought up to Y.350,000,000 (over £20,000,000) or Y.360,000,000 if the plan materializes. It is obvious that this increase will greatly contribute towards the adjustment of Japan's international accounts.—Reuter.

WHALE HUNT IN SAN FRANCISCO BAY

Creature Spouts Near Tug in Middle of Bay

San Francisco, Feb. 6.

Ordering all hands to shoot at sight, Coast Guard boats in San Francisco Bay to-day opened a hunt for a 60-foot giant gray whale which has been trapped in the Bay for three days.

The whale recently arose and spouted near a tug boat in the middle of the Bay.

Describing the incident, the master of the tug, Capt. Frank Loivera, said, "It came up like the bottom of the Bay. One of my men yelled, 'Thar' she blows!' She blew all right—just like a geyser.—United Press.

BRITISH FLIERS LAND IN TURKISH AIRPORT

New Zealand Flight Delayed for Over-Night Stop

London, Feb. 6.

Flying-Officer A. E. Clouston, and Mr. Victor Ricketts, who are attempting to fly to New Zealand and back in twelve days, landed at Adena, an airport in Turkey, according to news received in London to-night. They will continue their flight to-morrow.

The airmen are flying the "Australian Anniversary," the renamed Comet 'plane in which Flying-Officer Clouston and Mrs. Betty Kirby-Green, recently made a recording flight from London to the Cape and back.—Reuter.

KING FAROUK TO VISIT ANKARA

Cairo, Feb. 7.

King Farouk of Egypt intends to pay a visit to Ankara in the near future and the special envoy of the Turkish Government who came to Cairo for King Farouk's wedding and who will return to Ankara in the next few days, has been authorized to announce the planned visit to the Turkish Government.—Trans-Ocean.

Peiping Govt. Appoint Consuls in Korea

Appointment by the "Provisional Government of China" of consular officials in Korea was revealed by a Japanese Embassy spokesman last night. A Consul-General had been appointed at Seoul, a Consul at Shingishu, a Vice-Consul at Genzan and an Eleve-Consul at Fusan, the official revealed. The nominations were announced on February 3. These appointments, the spokesman said, meant that "de facto relations" existed between the Provisional Government in Peiping and the Korean authorities.

Japanese Army Discipline to Be Tightened

General Matsui Issues Order at Nanking Service

PRESTIGE TO BE CLOSELY GUARDED IN FUTURE

Nanking, Feb. 7.

In the solemn atmosphere following a memorial service for Japanese officers and men killed in action, General Iwane Matsui, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Force in Central China, to-day instructed his commanders to tighten discipline in their units in order to "enhance the prestige of the Imperial Army."

Among the high officers so addressed on the wind-swept Nanking Parade Ground was Lieutenant-General Prince Yasuhiko Asaka, a member of the Imperial family.

Speaking at length on he determination of the Japanese forces in the face of the prospect of lengthy hostilities, General Matsui called the attention of his subordinates to the necessity of putting an end to various reports affecting the prestige of the Japanese troops.

This action, said to be unprecedented in the annals of the Japanese Army, was taken in the face of recurring adverse comment on reported breaches of discipline by Japanese troops.—Domei.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR LEAVES JAPAN

Herr von Dirksen to Take Long Trip for Health

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

The German Ambassador, Dr. Herbert von Dirksen, accompanied by his family, sailed from Kobe this afternoon for Manila in the Empress of Canada en route to Berlin.

Dr. von Dirksen, it is understood, will travel in easy stages, spending several weeks in Manila and Egypt for reasons of health. He is therefore not expected to arrive in Berlin until early in April.—Reuter.

Personal Popularity

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

The retiring German Ambassador to Japan, Herr von Dirksen, who left here to-day, last October, had intended to take a lengthy leave of absence for his health but was compelled by the situation in the Far East to remain in Tokyo.

The Japanese press unanimously stresses the fact that in spite of severe illness the Ambassador continued to carry out his onerous duties which included friendly mediation with the aim of restoring peace in the Far East.

The high esteem in which Herr von Dirksen personally was held was shown by the valuable presents bestowed on him on his departure by the Emperor of Japan. Prince Chichibu and Prince Kanin as well as a large number of persons belonging to all classes of the population.—Trans-Ocean.

ITALIAN MARSHAL WILL EXPLAIN TOKYO VIEW

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

Marshal Enrico Caviglia, one of Italy's leading figures, will next Saturday deliver a lecture at San Remo, northern Italy, explaining Japan's stand in East Asia, the "Asahi" reported to-day. He is 70 years old and was Italian observer with the Japanese Army during the Russo-Japanese war of 1904-05 and a close friend of the late Gen. Giichi Tanaka, Premier of Japan. He will address an audience of distinguished visitors from many countries, the daily reported.—Domei.

Editor's Head Found Severed In Concession

"A Warning to Anti-Japanese Elements" Pasted to Post

"SEQUEL" TO BOMBING OF CHINESE NEWSPAPER

The head of the editor of a local Chinese newspaper, together with a notice that this was a "warning to anti-Japanese elements," was the gruesome discovery of two patrolling French Police constables just outside the French Municipal Gaol late on Sunday evening. The editor, Mr. Tsai Tio-tou, had been missing for two or three days. On January 24 last, the office of his newspaper was bombed, two Chinese, a man and a woman, being badly injured.

The two police constables were on patrol duty on Route Stanislas Chevalier, and were just passing the large gaol when they discovered the decapitated head of the unfortunate editor, resting beside a cement post. From the post fluttered a small slip of paper which bore, in Chinese characters, the words "A Warning to Anti-Japanese Elements."

The head was actually not identified till yesterday morning. Mr. Tsai was a native of Pootung and 34 years of age at the time of his death. The body has not yet been found, but the French Police have opened an intensive investigation.

Paper Bombed

The "Social Evening News," a Chinese newspaper with offices at 222 Shantung Road, was bombed on January 24, the day before it was to resume publication the attack taking place at about 7.30 p.m. The bomb, a hand-grenade of the "potato-masher" type, was thrown by a man dressed in Chinese clothes who suddenly appeared in the door-way and hurled the grenade across the office.

It exploded on the floor, injuring a man and a woman who were working there at the time; the bomb-thrower escaped, and has as yet managed to elude drag-nets put out by the police. Prior to its opening, the editor of the paper communicated with the Japanese authorities with a view to submitting to them proofs of all war news.

At the time of the bombing, it was thought that a possible motive might have been that terrorist elements had assumed that the "Social Evening News" was to become pro-Japanese in policy.

COMPOSITE PLANES PASS TESTS

Two Units Take Off As One and Land Separately

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Feb. 6.

The Mayo, the composite aircraft known as the "pick-a-back" aeroplane because it consists of a small machine, the Mercury, perched on the back of a large one, successfully launched its upper plane in mid-air in Rochester to-day.

This is the first separation flight of this revolutionary design of aircraft destined for trans-Atlantic service.

The two units, fastened together, took off from the water as one aircraft and, at the height of 3,000 feet, the two pilots pulled the release levers and the units separated, finally alighting on the Medway as separate aircraft.

The Mercury has a speed of more than 200 miles an hour and a range of 4,000 miles.—Reuter.

SOVIET SCIENTISTS DESCRIBE POSITION

Camp Prepared for Removal in Sledges

Moscow, Feb. 7.

The latest message from M. Ivan Papanin, leader of the Soviet North Pole Meteorological Expedition, which is drifting helplessly on a ledge of ice somewhere off the north coast of Greenland, stated that at 4.10 p.m. yesterday the ice had pressed up to ten points.

Sometimes, the message added, blocks of ice were heaped upon one another. The entire camp was prepared to be transferred in sledges.

The ice-breaker Taimyr, on urgent orders from Moscow, is proceeding from Murmansk to the Greenland Sea to rescue the party, which numbers five scientists.—Reuter.

Nationalists in Teruel Claiming Large Advances

Republican Lines Smashed Along 25-Mile Front

BARCELONA ADMITS LOSS OF KEY VILLAGE

Saragossa, Feb. 6.

Nationalist troops have struck in the Teruel sector and claim to have smashed through the Republican lines over a 25-mile front. Practically all the territory in this sector, held by the Republican Government since the outbreak of the war, it is said, has been taken.

Gen. Davila, the Nationalist Minister of Defence, directed an attack of three columns of troops which advanced eastwards towards the Alfambra River, from a line running north from Celadas parallel to the Saragossa Road. His forces reached the town of Alfambra, where the Republican local headquarters are, swept the Republicans from the heights of Palomera and reached the road along the Alfambra valley.

Gen. Davila's advance rendered safe the Saragossa road, which is a vital means of communication. The city of Teruel has hitherto not been involved in battle.—Reuter.

Fall of Pancrudo Admitted

Barcelona, Feb. 6.

An official communique admits that Gen. Franco's forces have captured the village of Pancrudo, on the Teruel front. It claims, however, that Republican troops have taken a hill in the Muela de Teruel sector.—Reuter.

FIRM BRITISH NOTE FOR SALAMANCA

Patience Over Attacks on Shipping Exhausted

London, Feb. 6.

A strongly-worded Note expressing dissatisfaction at the repeated attacks on British shipping, was despatched by the British Government to the Spanish Nationalist commander-in-chief, Gen. Francisco Franco, following yesterday's meeting of British Ministers at 10 Downing Street.

Although the text of the Note will not be disclosed until Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, makes his statements on the subject to-morrow in the House of Commons, the Note is believed to indicate clearly that Great Britain's patience has been thoroughly exhausted.—Reuter.

U.S. PETITION ON AIR BOMBINGS

President Asked to Protest to Spanish Nationalists

New York, Feb. 6.

Bishop Robert L. Paddock, retired Episcopalean Bishop of Oregon, said to-day that a petition had been sent to President Roosevelt signed by more than 470 leaders in religion, art, education and the cinema urging a protest on behalf of American public opinion against Spanish Nationalist bombing of civilian centres in Spain. The petition said that a protest would assist in terminating "such callous, inhuman slaughter."—United Press.

BRITAIN TO BUILD CAPITAL SHIPS

Negative Japanese Reply to Demarche Anticipated

London, Feb. 7.

Britain's Navy Estimates, to be introduced at the end of next month will provide, says the Naval Correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" to-day, for additional battleships and cruisers designed within treaty limits —35,000 tons for the battleships and 8,000 tons for the cruisers.

Alternative plans for larger and more powerful types have also been prepared, however, the correspondent declares. These will be adopted if Japan's reply to Great Britain's Note asking for assurances that she is not building over-size battleships, is in any way unsatisfactory.

It is understood, the correspondent says, that it is proposed to lay down from three to five battleships during the summer and autumn.

If it becomes known that Japan is constructing vessels above treaty limits, this year's British battleships will exceed 40,000 tons, and will mount a formidable armament of 16-inch guns.

In the same eventuality, the new cruisers may be ships of 10,000 tons with eight-inch guns.

The correspondent adds that in British naval quarters it is believed that Japan has already on stocks two battleships of more than 40,000 tons, and that two further units are about to be laid down.—Reuter.

H.M. ENVOY DISCUSSES CUSTOMS ISSUE

Sir Robert Craigie Visits Mr. Horinouchi

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

The Chinese Customs issue was discussed at length at an interview to-day between the British Ambassador, Sir Robert Craigie, and the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Horinouchi. It is understood that the naval issue was not brought up.—Reuter.

MRS. MOLLISON GIVEN DIVORCE DECREE

London, Feb. 7.

Mrs. Amy Johnson Mollison, the noted airman, was granted a decree nisi to-day on the ground of the adultery of her husband, Mr. J. A. Mollison, also a famous flier. The suit was undefended.—Reuter.

PASTOR NIEMOELLER FACES TRIAL

Berlin, Feb. 7.

The trial of the famous German pastor, Dr. Martin Niemoeller, began this morning before a special tribunal in the Moabit section of Berlin. It is expected to last for several days.—Havas.

ARMY WINS NAZI CONCESSIONS IN BERLIN REFORM

Royalist Faction Given Up in Bargain

NEW REVELATIONS

Opposition to Four-Year Plan Grows Stronger

Paris, Feb. 6.

A remarkable story of a royalist plot in Germany was told to-day by the Basle correspondent of "Le Temps."

The correspondent stated that he had received information from people who left Berlin yesterday, that the recent crisis had been brought to a head by Herr Heinrich Himmler, leader of the S.S. and of the State police.

Herr Himmler, the correspondent explained, handed Herr Hitler, on January 30, a dossier purporting to show that Col.-Gen. Werner von Fritsch, the then Chief of Staff of the Army, and other generals, had formed a secret organization for putting the second son of the former Crown Prince on the throne.

His informants, the correspondent continued, referred to Herr Himmler's animosity towards the Reichswehr. They said that last summer he had given the Soviet Ambassador to Germany information regarding secret contacts between certain German generals and the Soviet General Staff. This, they added, had resulted in the execution of Marshal Tukachevsky and others in Russia last summer.

There were rumours in Berlin of the imminent arrest by the police of certain generals, whereupon Gen. von Fritsch called a secret meeting. On the morning of January 28, the correspondent related, he sent a company of regulars to occupy a house in the Wilhelmstrasse, near the Chancellory, with a view to showing Herr Himmler that he would meet force with force. Various strategic measures were also taken in various points in Berlin.

After this, Gen. Keitel, newly-appointed Chief of the Supreme Command, began negotiations with the Fuehrer on behalf of the Army, the correspondent concluded.—Reuter.

Reichswehr Strengthened

Paris, Feb. 7.

That the recent crisis in Berlin by no means indicates a weakening of the Reichswehr's position in the Third Reich, is stressed by the Basle correspondent of "Le Temps."

The Reichswehr, he says, having accepted the elimination of its "monarchist group" headed by Baron Werner von Fritsch, demanded in return and obtained several concessions in the complete autonomy of the army, appointment of one of its men, Gen. Keitel, as head of the Wehrmachtsamt, supreme body in command of all armed forces, and the possibility for the Reichswehr to control German foreign policy, by obtaining three seats in Herr Hitler's new Privy Council, while the Army also obtained the assurance that all plans to put Marshal Hermann Goering or Herr Heinrich Himmler, chief of the secret police, at the head of the War Ministry, would be definitely dropped.

While the Reichswehr's claims have been given satisfaction, the writer goes on, it seems that another conflict is looming in a different quarter.

Industrial "War"

A secret war is being waged by heavy industry and the Junkers against Marshal Goering, economic dictator of the Third Reich. The first round was won by the Marshal when Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, Minister of Economy, had to resign, being replaced by Dr. Walter Funk.

The conflict, however, is still going on, the big owners of heavy industry, showing strong opposition to the German Four Year Plan and the policy of economic autarchy advocated by Marshal Goering. The whole trend of German internal and foreign policy may depend on its result, the correspondent of "Le Temps" concludes.—Havas.

Arrests of Officers Reported

London, Feb. 7.

The "Daily Express" said to-day that Herr Hitler had cancelled all Army leave pending completion of a "bloodless purge." The paper also printed unconfirmed reports that 108 officers had been arrested.

Circles close to the German Government, however, termed the reports ridiculous. A representative of the Propaganda Ministry in Berlin said he was not officially authorized to deny the "Daily Express" report. Official sources here believed there was some basis for the statements.—United Press.

NAZI-ITALIAN MOVE IN AUSTRIA

Apprehensions Aroused Over Reshuffle of Envoys

Linz (Austria), Feb. 6.

Dr. Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Austria who was recalled following the reorganization in Germany two days ago, arrived here yesterday evening from Vienna on his way to Berlin. He received fresh instructions to proceed to Berchtesgaden, Herr Hitler's country mansion, instead of proceeding direct to Berlin.—Havas.

Aspirations in Austria

Berlin, Feb. 6.

Far outshadowing speculation regarding a further purge of the German Army, Herr Adolf Hitler's decision to appoint veteran Nazis as new German Ambassadors to Rome and Vienna to-day brought apprehension in diplomatic circles here over possible Italo-German ambitions in Austria.

Herr Hitler was expected to appoint Herr Herman Kriebel, Consul-General in Shanghai, as new Ambassador to Austria, and Herr Hans Frank, present Minister without Portfolio, as new Ambassador to Rome.—United Press.

Attack Opened in Press

Berlin, Feb. 6.

The monarchist activities in Austria and the possibility of a political and economic pact between Austria, Hungary, and Czechoslovakia were violently attacked in the latest issue of the Hitler youth magazine "Wille Und Macht."—Havas.

ANNUAL REPORT OF S.M. POLICE

First of Series of Four Articles Dealing with The Commissioner's Report

SPECIAL interest attaches this year to the Annual Report for 1937 of Major F. W. Gerrard, Commissioner of the Shanghai Municipal Police, covering as it does the strenuous times during the local hostilities. The Report will be covered in a series of four articles in these columns. To-day's, which is appended, deals with the more important parts of the report.

Six members of the Force were killed and 39 were injured as a result of the hostilities. Of the six killed, one was a Sikh constable, four were Chinese police constables and the sixth a Chinese detective constable. Of the injured fifteen were foreigners (eleven Japanese), seven Indian and 17 were Chinese.

Three Chinese members of the Force were also killed in the execution of their duty by armed criminals. Fifteen criminals were shot dead and ten were wounded by the Police.

Sino-Japanese Hostilities

Dealing with Sino-Japanese Hostilities, the report states:—

The Police were mobilised and all leave was cancelled on August 12 and these conditions continued to the end of the year.

Curfew regulations were enforced between the hours of 10 p.m. and 5 a.m., from August 18, the commencing hour being lifted to 11.30 p.m. with effect from September 2.

Hostilities commenced during the afternoon of August 13 on the boundaries of the northern and eastern districts of the Settlement and the large number of residents who had commenced evacuating the district several days earlier, owing to the tenseness of the situation, increased tremendously and the roads leading from the north of the creek areas became blocked with these residents with their personal effects seeking refuge in areas south of the creek.

An August 14, the Chinese Air Force commenced their raids on the Japanese flagship H.I.J.M.S. "Idzumo" and other Japanese craft in the river.

In the course of one of these raids, during the afternoon of August 14 aerial bombs fell at the junction of Nanking Road and the Bund and also at the junction of Avenue Edward VII and Yu Ya Ching Road, and owing to the overcrowded nature of the streets and the congestion usual at these points a large number of persons were killed and wounded.

Heavy fighting continued for some days in the Dixwell Road, Kashing Road, Wayside, Yulin Road and Yangtszepoo Police Districts.

On August 14, after several direct hits, one of which wounded a foreign Police Officer, Dixwell Road Station was evacuated and the personnel transferred to Hongkew Station.

On August 17, owing to the heavy fighting in the eastern districts where the Chinese Forces had advanced a considerable distance into the Settlement, the Reserve Unit Depot, Wayside, Yulin Road and Yangtszepoo Stations were evacuated and the personnel, with the exception of the Chinese staff who were evacuated to stations south of creek, were transferred to premises on the waterfront where temporary Police Posts were established and from which premises anti-looting and other mobile street patrols operated in those parts of the Division in which it was possible to operate.

The evacuation of Kashing Road Police Station was ordered on the same date and the personnel transferred to a Police Post established in the Municipal Abattoir on Sawgin Road. The staff continued to function there until the post beame untenable when it was transferred to the Embankment Building, North Soochow Road from which premises it operated until December 27 when Kashing Road Station was reoccupied.

When the Japanese Forces effected landings at various points between Woosung and Liuho on August 23 and 24, the scene of hostilities moved from "D" Division and it became possible to re-occupy the stations in that Division (with the exception of Wayside) on August 25; Wayside Station was re-occupied on August 27.

Police work in "C" and "D" Divisions was, due to military occupation, considerably curtailed Police patrolling being confined to restricted areas varying from day to day. Practically the whole of the Foreign and Chinese population evacuated the area, although the Shanghai Water Works Co. and Shanghai Power Co. continued to operate and certain factories and places of business maintained a small foreign staff. Police duties consisted mainly in the operation of mobile patrols, the checking of damaged property for the information of evacuated residents, the evacuation of thousands of Chinese residents desiring to leave, and attending to the large number of fires which occurred during this period.

Chinese Commence Withdrawing

On October 26, the Chinese Forces withdrew from Kiangwan and Chapei to positions on the south side of the Soochow Creek west of the Shanghai Hangchow Railway Line where heavy fighting occurred. 383 men of the 88th Division became isolated in a warehouse, the property of the Joint Savings Society, in Chapei near North Thibet Road, for five days when they succeeded in retiring, entered the Settlement and surrendered to the British Troops who disarmed them and later handed them over to the S.M.C. for interment.

On November 9, the Chinese Army withdrew from the Soochow Creek positions to Nantao and to the country west of the Hungjao Area.

On November 12 on the retreat of the Chinese Army units remaining in Nantao the Japanese Forces encircled the Foreign Settlement and the French Concession and the scene of hostilities moved from the immediate boundaries of these two areas.

During the period August 12 to November 12 a large number of aerial bombs, shells, fragments of shells, shrapnel and other missiles fell in the areas of the Settlement north and south of the Soochow Creek causing a large number of casualties and much destruction of property.

The approximate number of casualties south of the creak were:—

	Killed	Wounded
Foreigners	25	61
Chinese	2,092	3,091

The more serious of these disasters causing loss of life were:—

Date	Missile	Place	Casualties Killed	Wounded
August 14	Aerial Bomb	Nanking Road/Bund Avenue Edward VII	729	865
August 14	" "	Yu Ya Ching Road	1,011	1,008
August 23	" "	Nanking/Chekiang Road	215	570
October 14	" "	Markham/Changpin Road	12	20
October 22	Incendiary Bomb	Sinza-Myburgh Road	5	46

Recruiting

No difficulty was experienced in obtaining suitable recruits, and the general standard of recruit has been fully maintained. The Foreign Branch is considerably under strength and it is doubtful if all vacancies can be filled by local recruitment.

Discipline

The standard of discipline was satisfactory and the general bearing and conduct of members of all Branches of the Force was excellent.

Health

The health of the Force was satisfactory.

Reserve Unit

The Reserve Unit turned out to 21 riot calls, and on 12 occasions to the scenes of armed robbery. In addition the Unit "stood by" on 151 occasions, carried out 5 riot squad mobile search parties and 292 fixed post search parties, supplied 71 mobile escorts, 92 guards to Courts and 3 guards at the Police Hospital. Assistance was rendered to various Police Districts on 320 occasions. The high standard of efficiency of the Unit has been fully maintained.

Mounted Police

There were 8 horses and 40 ponies on charge at the end of the year. Eight presentations were made by residents of the Settlement during the year.

Specials

The strength at the close of the year was 571. 174 men were enlisted and 103 men resigned during the year. Two pistol shoots for all ranks were held during the year with good results.

The Specials were on duty during the celebrations in connection with the Coronation of His Britannic Majesty, King George VI, and continuously for 4 months during the Sino-Japanese Hostilities when they greatly aided the Regular Police in the many varied duties which had to be performed. A high standard of efficiency has been maintained. Long Service Medals were awarded to 5 members.

Communications

The whole system of Police communications received a very severe test during the present hostilities. Its efficiency has been proved by the fact that despite temporary transfers of stations, the opening of substations, and the breaking of lines by shell fire and aerial bombing, uninterrupted communication was maintained between stations and Headquarters by either telephone, teleprinter or wireless.

The teleprinter service has again proved its efficiency and has been of inestimable value this year as a rapid and accurate means of communicating orders and information to and from police stations. 20,156 messages passed over this system during the year. On June 1, communication was established with the French Concession Police Headquarters on this system and until the end of the year 2,642 messages were exchanged over this line.

Street Telephone Box System

This system has continued to form an efficient link in the chain of police communications. The system has been out of commission in part of "C" Division and the whole of "D" Division during the hostilities and a considerable amount of equipment has been damaged.

Wireless

The wireless equipped vans were on patrol for 10,260 hours but owing to the necessity of using all available transport and men on more important duties during the latter half of the year, the patrols were discontinued but wireless communication was found to be extremely useful in maintaining communication with the Reserve Unit vans and stations temporarily out off from other forms of communication.

BLUEJACKETS SAVE DROWNING GIRLS

Leap Into Whangpoo to Pull Out Four Chinese

Two Japanese bluejackets last week jumped into the icy waters of the Whangpoo to save four Chinese girls from drowning, but thought so little of their action as to fail to report it to their superiors, local Japanese newspapers reported yesterday.

The first intimation of the rescue was received by the men's officers on the arrival of a letter from Mr. Yasoro Hori, manager of the Kung Dah Mill No. 1, expressing appreciation of the bluejackets' heroism.

Summoned before their officer, the two men shyly admitted that they had jumped into the river to save four young women struggling in the swiftly flowing waters of the Whangpoo.

The girls were travelling from the mill to Pootung late in the afternoon, when they fell over the side of the crowded junk. Their desperate cries brought no assistance from the coolies on the boat. The sailors, who were standing on the shore, then plunged into the river.

THE Soochow Creek, between Shanghai and Soochow and Wusih, was re-opened to Chinese passengers on the morning of Feb. 6, when a steam launch towing four junks, all operated by a Japanese firm, left Shanghai for the two cities, carrying as passengers a large number of natives of Soochow and Wusih who had been forced to take refuge in Shanghai. Another launch of the same firm left the same day for Changhsu, carrying both passengers and cargo, says a report to the "Sinwanpao."

Pres. Doumer Sailing For Japan To-day

Passengers Travel Down To Hongkew Wharf by 'Bus

EMPRESS OF CANADA DUE AT 9 A.M. TO-MORROW

Another step towards more normal working conditions will be seen this morning, for passengers sailing by the Messageries Maritimes ss. President Doumer for Japan ports will not be going down to the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf by tender but, instead, will travel down to the wharf by motor 'bus. Buses with passengers for the President Doumer will leave the Messageries Maritimes jetty on the Quai de France at 8.30 a.m., the ship itself sailing from port at 10 o'clock this morning.

The P. & O. ss. Comorin is another steamer which is to sail from Shanghai for Japan this morning. Passengers went on board yesterday evening, and the liner itself should be getting away from the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Pootung Wharf at about 7 o'clock this morning.

With mails, passengers and cargo, the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Canada is due in from Vancouver and Victoria, via Japan ports, at about 9 o'clock to-morrow morning, when she will be tying up at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Pootung East Wharf. The meeting tender leaves the Customs Jetty at 8 a.m. to-morrow, and should be back with disembarking passengers at about 10.30 a.m.

The Canada will not be in port long, however, for she is to sail for Hongkong and Manila at 4.30 p.m. the same day. Passengers and their baggage will travel down to the ship by tenders leaving the Customs Jetty at about 2.30 p.m.

Empress of Japan

Another Canadian Pacific liner is to call at Shanghai this week, the ss. Empress of Japan, which is arriving here from Hongkong and Manila on Thursday, and should be alongside the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Pootung Wharf at about 9 o'clock that morning. Passengers are expected to reach the Customs Jetty about half an hour or so later.

Like the Canada, the Empress of Japan will only have a short stay in port, being scheduled to sail from Shanghai for Victoria and Vancouver, via the usual Japan ports and Honolulu, at 4 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. Passenger tenders will leave the Customs Jetty for the ship at noon and at 2 p.m.

The Java-China-Japan Line mv. Tjisadane is also to sail from port on Thursday, but in a different direction. Bound for Bali and Java by way of Amoy, Hongkong, Manila, Cebu and Macassar, she is to leave Holt's Wharf, Pootung, at 11 o'clock on Thursday morning. The passenger tender Dollar will leave the Customs Jetty at 9.30 o'clock the same morning for the ship.

Coastal Shipping

Quite a number of coastal ships are due to leave port to-day.

At 7 o'clock this morning, the I.-C. ss. Siangwo will be sailing from the Peking Road jetty, bound for Tungchow. She will be followed an hour later by two C.N. ships from the French Bund, the ss. Wantung, bound for Haimen, and the ss. Wusueh, bound for Tungchow.

Ships sailing for the south to-day include the Melchers' chartered steamer Fingal, bound for Hongkong; the C.N. ss. Kwangtung, leaving this morning for Swatow and Hongkong; and the I.-C. ss. Leesang, which is sailing from the Old Ningpo Wharf at 10 o'clock this morning for Wenchow only.

Comorin's Passengers

Among those who arrived in Shanghai on board the P. & O. ss. Comorin were:—

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Horridge, Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Partridge, Mrs. F. D. Blaike, Mrs. H. F. Cranfield, Mstr. H. and P. Cranfield, Mrs. G. Hargreaves, Mrs. C. Hill, Mrs. F. M. Heath, Miss M. Walton, Mr. and Mrs. Gregory, Mr. W. W. Murdoch, Mrs. K. L. Read, Mr. W. J. Yetton, Mr. P. N. Heath, Mrs. R. Ingle, Mr. A. G. Cameron, Mrs. Cheetham, L. H. Peachy, Mrs. H. Chang, Mr. R. A. Joscelyne, Mr. G. W. Rhodes, Dr. S. Sze, Dr. S. A. Sze, Mr. H. B. Scott, Chang Wei Tze, Lo Hung Ye, Mr. L. B. Edwards, Mr. W. Emmel, Mr. Griggs, Mr. Longway, Mr. D. Wen Li, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Man, Mr. Morris, Mr. C. Mather, Mr. Rebok, Mr. Strickland, Mr. and Mrs. Shrroester, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Tai, Dr. E. Yin.

Antenor's Passengers

Passengers sailing in the Blue Funnel Line ss. Antenor on Sunday included:—

Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Prideaux-Brune, Mrs. and Miss Akerman, Mr. D. A. Ross, Mr. N. Richardson, Mrs. C. Turner, Mrs. Thornton, Mrs. Murray, Miss H. J. Bookless, Mrs. J. Edgar, Miss Edgar, Mr. Samuel Goldstein, Mr. T. J. Lindsay, Miss Yvonne Grant, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Jones, Mr. A. B. Stafford, Mr. R. V. D. Kirby, Col. F. Hayley-Bell, Mr. Ronald Monson, Mr. S. Lockhart, Mr. Yu.

HOUSE FALLS: TWO WOMEN INJURED

Mishap Near Kwang Wha in War-Torn Area

Two Chinese women were injured yesterday forenoon when a house at Great Western Road and Chung Shan Road collapsed. The house was situated near the ruins of the former Kwang Wha University, in a district that was practically laid waste during last year's fighting.

The accident occurred shortly before 10 o'clock. One of the women suffered skull fracture and concussion of the brain and was in a critical condition when removed by a Fire Brigade ambulance. The other victim was less seriously affected. She suffered lacerations and contusions of the limbs and body. Both were taken to St. Elizabeth's Hospital.

REFUGEE WORK

The daily report for February 8 follows:—

Camps under inspection by Public Health Department	183
Refugees therein	92,850

SCENE AT HUNGJAO BARRICADE

Officers of the Ta Tao (Great Way) Government at Hungjao searching a countryman's parcels for contraband before permitting him to enter their area.

JAPANESE ATTACK TAIHU PIRATES

Bands to Be Cleaned Up In Soochow Area

Operations have been launched by the Japanese Army and Navy against the pirates of Lake Tai, a spokesman for the Army announced yesterday morning.

Reinforced by irregulars and dispossessed farmers, the notorious pirates have recently resumed their depredations, the officer revealed.

Meanwhile, other Army units have engaged over the week-end in extensive operations against stragglers roaming the area south of Soochow, on the banks of Lake Tai.

The bands, whose total strength was estimated by the spokesman at 4,000 men, have been "rounded up."

"Mopping up" operations were also in progress in the past few days in the area between Chinkiang, Nanking and Kuyung, where about 200 Chinese stragglers have been "dispersed."

MR. T. FUNATSU BACK IN SHANGHAI

Returns From Tokyo After Mill-owners' Conference

Mr. Tatsuichiro Funatsu, Managing Director of the Japanese Cotton Mill Owners Association in China, returned here from Japan on Sunday in the Shanghai Maru.

While in Tokyo, Mr. Funatsu attended the deliberations of Japan's leading millowners regarding the rehabilitation of textile plants in China.

Also aboard the vessel were ten engineers, who, in the course of the next few months, will devote their attention to the repair of electric power plants and transmission lines in the Shanghai-Nanking area.

Another passenger was Mr. Yoshimitsu Sakoda, war correspondent of the Miyazaki News," returning to the scene of his earlier misadventures with 7,000 comfort bags, which he will distribute among Japanese soldiers here. He was severely wounded in Hongkew last Autumn by the fragments of a trench mortar shell.

SUSPECTED COTTON THIEVES CAUGHT

American-Born Chinese Held With 24 Others

Charges of theft of over 80 bales of cotton from the Wing On Textile Manufacturing Co.'s godown, 1616 Yangtszepoo Road, near Meichow Road, were filed against Mr. Wong Sam-tin, American citizen, by Mr. Leighton Shields, District Attorney in U.S. Court for China yesterday.

Arrested with 24 others, including tea boys and coolies, in a room in Yangtse Hotel, Hankow Road, by detectives of Louza Station, the accused is awaiting trial before Judge Milton J. Helmick. Bail of U.S.-$1,000 has been fixed.

According to the charges, the accused was said to have conspired with a group of Chinese to break into the warehouse. He was said to have paid $100 to one Wong Vung-chiao to get boats and coolies and another $100 to bribe cotton thieves. The crime was said to have been perpetrated in the evening of January 28.

LOOTING IN NORTH OF CREEK AREA

Twelve More Russians Gaoled by District Court

Brought before the First Special District Court yesterday were twelve more Russians charged with either looting or larceny in the Settlement area north of the Soochow Creek. They were sentenced to prison terms ranging from eight to three months each. Articles ranging from clothing to ink pots and opium pipes were alleged to have been stolen from Chinese houses in Wayside Road, East Seward Road, Tongshan Road, Broadway, Woosung Road, Tungchow Road, Singkeipang Road, and Thorne Road.

The sentenced persons were G. Vasilenko, N. Grigorieff, S. K. Souvoroff, E. Nedelskaya (a woman), P. Savchuk, A. Arapoff, G. S. Koloseff, I. A. Kluovsky, A. Pogartseff, V. N. Harchenko, M. Dobrovolsky, and T. Taipakoff. There were four charges of larceny and a further charge of attempted safe-breaking against Savchuk and Arapoff alone. Meanwhile the court ordered the release of V. Shtirba, who was ordered detained last week on suspicion of looting tobacco leaves from a Dalny Road godown.

ANOTHER MILL REOPENS IN WESTERN AREA

Another Japanese mill reopened yesterday morning in the Western area. It was the N.W.K. No. 8 Mill, 1286 Gordon Road, which started with a day shift of more than one hundred men and women workers. There will be no night work for the time being.

OBITUARY

Dr. Armando Navarro

The sad news was received yesterday of the death of Dr. Armando Navarro, Portuguese Minister to China. Dr. Navarro, who was born at Bragança (Portugal) on October 6, 1872, was a Doctor of Law and began his diplomatic career in September 1895. He was Consul-General in Bangkok, Cadiz, Madrid, Rome and Paris, promoted by distinction, in 1926, to Minister Plenipotentiary in Hague, from where he was transferred to Peiping on August 2, 1930.

A diplomat of rare intelligence, he was charged by his Government of various important missions: he represented Portugal at the Commission of Indemnities of Casablanca, at the Inter-Allied Financial Conference of Brussels, at the Commission of Reparations of the Treaty of Peace, at the International Conference of Wine, at the Inter-Allied Conference of London, at the Financial Conference of Paris and at many others. He was Knight-Commander of the Porguese Order of Sao Tiago da Espanda, High Officer of the Orders of the Crown of Italy, Leopold of Belgium and St. Olaf of Norway, Knight-Commander of the Orders of Charles III, Isabel a Católica and the Naval Merit of Spain, Officer of the Order of Legion d'Honneur of France, etc., etc.

Son of the famous journalist and of the great politician, Dr. Emigdio Navarro, Dr. Armando Navarro was also a great lover of journalism and fine literature, being besides a great art critic, having published numerous works which made him well known in the literary world, where his intelligence, knowledge and sensitiveness placed him among the most brillant men of his time. Those who were fortunate enough to make his acquaintance had occasion to appreciate the noble virtue of his character, the charming tenderness of the intimacy of his life, the high value of his friendship, always exalted and pure, and the magnanimity of his heart.

China has lost one of her great friends, the Diplomatic Body one of its most illustrious members and Portugal one of her best diplomats.

Mr. J. Rosenfeld

Mr. Julian Rosenfeld, partner in the brokerage firm of A.B. Rosenfeld & Sons, died suddenly early yesterday morning in his home in the Medhurst Apartments, after a long illness. News of the death of Mr. Rosenfeld, who was born in Shanghai about 39 years ago, came as a great shock to many friends, both in the social and the business world, for he was an old resident of this city.

Mr. Rosenfeld was educated at first in Shanghai and later at Weihaiwei. He then went over to the United States, completing his education at the University of California and the Mount Tamalpais Military Academy before returning to Shanghai. At the time of his death, he was a partner in the brokerage firm of Rosenfeld & Sons, which he founded about five years ago.

He was Mason and a member of the American Club, the Columbia Country Club and the Shanghai Race Club. In the business world, he was a member of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the American Chamber of Commerce, the New York Cotton Exchange, the Chicago Board of Trade, the Commodity Exchange Inc., of New York, and the Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc. He returned to Shanghai last year after a vacation in the United States, and was confined to his bed with the illness that was to prove fatal shortly after his arrival.

Surviving him is his wife, Mrs. Bessie Rosenfeld, but no blood relatives of Mr. Rosenfeld are now living.

The funeral services, under the auspices of the Rose Croix Chapter of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, will be held at 11 o'clock this morning in the chapel of the International Funeral Directors. The funeral cortege is expected to leave the chapel about half an hour later, passing over the Garden Bridge at about 11.45 a.m. The interment will take place at about noon in the Baikal Road Cemetery.

REMOVAL OF COAL FROM POOTUNG NOT ALLOWED

Requests by the Coal Dealers' Association to remove some of the coal from Pootung to Shanghai, were refused by the Japanese, according to a Chinese report. Approximately, 170,000 tons of coal are being stored in Pootung, it is reported. The sales of anthracite coal have been undertaken by the Ih Tai Shing firm, while those of bituminous coal by the Kai Ping, according to the Chinese report. In view of the contract to sell the coal, the Association has approached certain quarters for the removal of the coal in Pootung, but the request has been rejected by the Japanese, the report says.

DIVORCE CASE IN H.M. SUPREME COURT

A decree absolute was granted to Mrs. Loraine Mary Mansfield against Mr. Kenneth Mansfield by Judge Allan Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday.

AMOY BOMBED AND SHELLED

Air and Naval Attacks Made On Fukien Port

JAPANESE PLANES OVER CITY SIX TIMES

Passengers arriving in Shanghai from the South by the B. & S. ss. Shantung yesterday reported that Amoy was attacked by the Japanese from both air and sea on Thursday and Friday as the steamer lay alongside the wharf at Amoy. This was the first Japanese attack on the port for more than a month.

Japanese seaplanes, operating from two vessels outside, appeared over Amoy on Wednesday and dropped pamphlets warning that military establishments in the district would be bombed. Starting at 8 a.m., on Thursday, Japanese planes appeared over the city six times, bombing the forts and wireless station at the entrance to the harbour, and what are described as empty military barracks near the park in the centre of the city. All day, at frequent intervals, life and activity in the city were brought to a stop by the sound of the warning air raid syren and pedestrians were bustled off the streets into shelter by the police and the few troops guarding the city.

40 Bombs Dropped

About 40 bombs were dropped during the raids, which started with a dozen or more dropped by four seaplanes which circled over the forts in the morning. A single shot from an anti-aircraft gun was the morning's reply, and another shot and desultory rifle and machine gun fire greeted the afternoon raiders who in twos and threes flew over the city, and did dive bombing which scored hits as witnessed from the ship in the form of big columns of yellow smoke. It was reported that about 40 people were killed and a number injured but the exact estimate could not be ascertained.

The result of the raids was a hurried exodus to the foreign settlement of Kulangsu, but police and troops on duty on the Amoy waterfront regulated traffic and permitted only women and children, and a few men, to cross over in the sampans lined up for the purpose. During the afternoon, Chinese civil and military officials were seen inspecting the arrangements.

Warships Shell Forts

About 8 o'clock on Friday morning, two Japanese warships moved closer to the shore and started shelling the forts and the wireless station but little damage appeared to have been inflicted. Spectators on the heights at Kulangsu said that the forts replied vigorously and after a short engagement the two warships withdrew in the morning mist and steamed out to sea.

In port during the air raids were the B. & S. steamers Shantung and Anking (bound for Manila), and the British India ss. Santhia also spent a few hours there. H.M.S. Duchess, destroyer, is the British guard ship.

Passengers on the Shantung had a "ringside seat" view of the bombing of the city as the Japanese planes swooped low over the steamer and their bombs could plainly be seen dropping on their targets in a city which has an efficient air-raid warning system and sees that its citizens take shelter immediately an aeroplane is reported. Along the waterfront, sandbag emplacements have been erected and a number of dugouts dot the central area and decorate the front gardens of buildings along the waterfront.

CLEARING ACCORDS SOUGHT BY JAPAN

U.S. and Germany Likely to Be First Possibilities

Tokyo, Feb. 2.

Japan recognizes the necessity and contemplates the conclusion of clearing agreements for settling foreign exchange accounts with foreign Powers, declared the Minister of Commerce, Mr. Shinji Yoshino in the Diet.

The statement was made by way of suggesting a new trend in Japan's foreign trade policy to the House members who have been earnestly considering constructive methods for stimulating Japan's export trade to meet the national situation.

The United States and Germany at present seem to be the possible countries with which the Japanese government most wishes to enter into an agreement for settling foreign exchange accounts.

The question whether exchange accounts be settled during any one financial year or be carried forward to the next financial year, is a problem receiving very serious consideration.—Reuter.

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ATTEMPTED MURDER OF LAWYER

Terrorist Suspects Charged: More Pistols Seized

Three terrorist suspects, one of whom was an ex-soldier named Lee Kyih-ching, arrested by detectives of Chengtu Road Police Station, were charged in the First Special District Court yesterday with allegal possession of two .755 automatic pistols and 13 rounds of ammunition and further charged with planning, in a room in the Burlington Hotel, Bubbling Well Road, to murder, on January 23, Zung Kyih-ming, a Chinese lawyer, by shooting him with a pistol. The hearing was held in camera, but it was understood that it was adjourned

Suspected of having been involved in armed crimes in the Settlement, ten persons, including three women were ordered to be detained yesterday for further inquiries. They were arrested by detectives of West Hongkew Police Station who seized one "Union" pistol with seven rounds of ammunition and one "Jupiter" pistol and nine rounds of ammunition. Two other men, arrested by officers of Sinza Station for possession of a "Union" pistol at Tonquin Road, near Penang Road, last Saturday, were charged with such and remanded.

Ma Kyi-ziang, a watchman, who shot two other watchmen at 230 Peking Road on Sunday morning, was accused of attempted murder and remanded. The accused was not brought before the court, being detained in hospital.

INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS

The Shanghai International Red Cross at 505 Honan Road wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations from January 31 to February 5:—

Netherlands Community, being donations given on the occasion of the birth of a Royal Princess to the House of Orange	$2,000.00
Chinese Women's Club	1,000.00
Anonymous	800.00
Otis Elevator Company	250.00
Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co. Chinese staff, Pootung	209.70
Chinese staff, Butterfield and Swire	93.72
Miss Irene Dornblasel	66.95
Anglo-Chinese School, Manila.	29.81
Mrs. Florence E. Kuern	16.74
Hwang Cheng-sen	10.00
Lawrence P. T. Zee	10.00
Mrs. Lincoln Shah	10.00
Anonymous	10.00
Save A Life Month Club (5th remittance)	51.00

and a number of smaller donations.

ONE ROBBER ARRESTED: FIVE ESCAPE

Before daybreak yesterday a gang of six robbers intimidated the occupants of a Chinese house in Lane 1107, Ferry Road, and stole about $200 in bank-notes and coins. When they were about to leave, however, the occupants raised an alarm which resulted in the arrest of one of the bandits. The others escaped. No shots were fired although the robbers carried two pistols.

TSINGTAO RETURNING TO NORMAL

Shops Reopening: Japanese on Their Way Back

With the waterworks, electric power plant and the telephone exchange again working, Tsingtao, is rapidly resuming its former appearance under Japanese occupation, a Japanese naval spokesman declared last night.

Chinese shops had been reopened in various parts of the city, while between 3,000 to 4,000 Japanese residents had returned to the city. The spokesman based his information on that brought to Shanghai yesterday by a Japanese naval officer.

A newly-organized Chinese police force, he added, was co-operating with the Japanese Naval Landing Party in maintaining peace and order in the city. Japanese Army units were also garrisoned in Tsingtao, he stated.

CHINESE TRUST COMPANY RESUMES BUSINESS

The Tung Yih Trust Co., which closed last year, resumed business yesterday, when a group of Chinese bankers called at its office in conveying felicitations to the directors of the firm. Capitalized at $1,360,000, the reorganized company is headed by Mr. Wang Hsiao-lai, Chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, who is at present in Hongkong. During his absence, Mr. Hsu Chi-ching, will act on his behalf.

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RKO-RADIO PICTURE . Directed by Kurt Neumann. Asso. Producer Edward Gross. Produced by SOL LESSER PRINCIPAL PRODUCTIONS

Book and Come Early!

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. A. P. Finch returned from a trip to Hongkong yesterday.

THE Cradle are having a Bridge and Mahjongg tea at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. at 3 p.m. on February 14, $6 per table. For reservations tel. Mrs. W. H. Plant, 71077.

A COPY of Czechoslovak Trade and Industry for December 1937, a periodical of the Society for the promotion of economic and cultural relations with the East, has been received.

THERE will be no change in the "wei wah" cheque system, which has been in use in Shanghai for several months, states a report to the "Standard."

THE British Government has lifted the ban on camera on board airliners of the Imperial Airways. Passengers may now photograph India from the air.

MISS Virginia Cowper has made the longest trip booking known in the Pan-American Airways Line. The trip, booked for Sir Victor Sassoon, covers 26,000 miles by air, and will cost over U.S.$2,480.

LIEUTENANT-General Sun Yuan-liang, Commander of the 88th Division of the Central Army, which took part in the defence of Shanghai and Nanking, arrived in Hankow by way of Hsuchow and Chengchow a few days ago, says a message to the 'Sin Wen Pao."

THE Anhwei Provincial Government has opened two temporary middle schools for students who have evacuated the war zones, states a dispatch to the "Standard." One of these is located in Hweichow, and the other in Hochiu.

A COPY of "Industrial Health in Shanghai," dealing with lead and antimony in Shanghai Industries by B. S. Platt, M.B., Ch.B., M.Sc., Ph.D., and R. Alley, issued by the Chinese Medical Association, has been received.

THE Chekiang Provincial Government has decided to hold memorial services on the 12th and 24th of each month to mark the fall of Nanking and Hangchow into the hands of the Japanese, says a dispatch to the "Ta Wan Pao."

INVADING the Japanese military hospital in the Eastern district, 40 school girls on Sunday brought unaccustomed cheer to the wounded men, local Japanese newspapers reported yesterday. The girls came armed with bouquets, comfort bags and gramophone recordings of the latest musical "hits."

THIS evening at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., Chaplain F. R. Hamilton will give the third and concluding lecture in his series on "The Religion of the So-called Heretics," speaking on Tolstoi. The address will begin promptly at 8.30 in the main lounge, and members and friends of the Association are cordially invited.

GENERAL Chiang Tso-pin, former Chairman of the Anhwei Provincial Government, who has recently returned from Anking to his native district, Yingcheng in Hupeh, arrived in Hankow on Feb. 6, states a Chinese report to the local press. Following his arrival, General Chiang called on the Chairman of the Hupeh Provincial Government, General Ho Cheng-chun

THE annual inspection parade of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps will be held on Sunday, April 10, at 3 p.m., when the Salute will be taken by Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the Municipal Council. Commanders of the several national troops in Shanghai will be invited to be present at the Saluting Base.

A HOSPITAL to be used exclusively for the free treatment of sick refugees has been opened at 115 Hankow Road under the joint auspices of Chinese members of the Shanghai Municipal Council and the Ching Wu Athletic Association, states a message to the 'Hwa Mei Pao." Mr. Hsi Yu-shu, a member of the Council, has been invited to serve as the Director of the hospital.

THE experiment of a regular Sunday holiday, being tried by several Chinese firms in Penang, Straits Settlements, is being watched with interest in Malaya, where the week-end habit is becoming popular with modern Chinese. Although it has often been contended that limitation of hours and conditions of work are not easy in the East, a new labour code has recently been introduced in French Indo-China. Minimum wages and maximum hours are fixed, and holidays, apprenticeships and piecework are provided for.

UNDER the bed of the commander of the British destroyer Defender, when she arrived in Singapore from Hongkong, was found 50 lb. of illicit opium. As a result, a Chinese "boy" employed in the ship, was charged in the Singapore police court with being in possession of non-Government opium. Bail was fixed at $10,000 (£1,250). The Defender was in Singapore to take part in the manœuvres.

THE Chairman of the Military Affairs Commission, General Chiang Kai-shek, issued an order on Feb. 6 to the garrisoning troops and police in various provinces, forbidding them to confiscate the firearms possessed by local people for self-defence purposes, states a message received from official circles in Tsingkiangpu. In the order, it is stated, the Generalissimo urged the Military authorities to strengthen the self-defence forces formed by the people.

THE regular monthly supper and reunion of the Union Church Tuesday Evening Club will be held this evening at 7.30 in the Church Hall. A novel programme of impromptu speeches on topics to be announced at the supper is being arranged by the Committee, and an interesting evening is promised. Members who have not already made reservations for the supper are asked to communicate early to-day with the secretary, Mr. W. M. McLennan, Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., 59 Peking Road Tel. 17802.

U.S. Ready For Arms Reduction And Trade Pacts

Mr. Cordell Hull Deplores World War Fever

RECIPROCAL ACCORDS BENEFIT COMMERCE

Washington, Feb. 6.

A fair trade programme with other nations and the readiness to limit arms are the United States' contributions to world peace, the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, declared in an address which was broadcast by radio this evening.

The Secretary declared that the resort to armed force again was emerging both as a means of settling international disputes and as an instrument of predatory policy.

"The world," he said, "desperately needs to-day international law and renewed respect for the pledged word, re-dedicating mankind to the utilization of its boundless resources....for the advancement of human welfare instead of the wanton destruction of life and property."

Mr. Hull said no government in any part of the world could refuse participation in this vital task without betraying the best interests of its people.

Arms Limitation Welcomed

"While we are compelled," he said, "in a world in which the increased construction of armaments is a regrettable fact, to render adequate our military and naval establishments, we are ready to join any time with other nations in a common effort towards the general limitation and reduction of armaments."

"Our trade agreements programme," he declared, "is a standing offer for others to join us in a determined effort to promote economic appeasement and security through making possible the expansion of international trade along lines of constructive, peaceful effort, on the friendly and universally beneficial basis of equal treatment."

Mr. Hull reaffirmed the United States' policy of liberalizing international trade.

"There is," he said, "no greater fallacy than the belief that foreign trade is neither necessary nor desirable, and that nations can best promote their welfare by producing within their own countries everything they need, regardless of cost and at the sacrifice of variety and quality."

Benefits of Accords Proved

He said that international trade agreements already concluded between the United States and foreign countries affected nearly two-fifths of the country's total foreign trade and called attention to the fact that similar agreements were being negotiated with other countries, including the United Kingdom.

During the first eleven months of 1937, the Secretary said, the United States' exports to countries with which reciprocal trade agreements had been signed increased 42 per cent., while exports to other countries increased 32 per cent. He declared that the trade statistics refuted the contention that the most-favoured-nation clause in the trade agreements resulted in excessive increases of imports into the United States without a sufficient advantage in respect to the country's exports.—United Press.

CALIFORNIA FEARS RECORD SNOWS

New Pacific Storm Bringing More Rain to Coast

San Francisco, Feb. 6.

A new storm is en route from the Pacific bringing with it additional rain and snow to California and points east, the Weather Bureau reported here to-day.

All northern California mountain passes were blocked by high snow drifts which delayed traffic. This year's snowfall is expected to exceed the 1913 record of 277 inches.

Warnings against bad weather were issued throughout the entire length of the Pacific coast, while high seas delayed the arrival of many ships and prevented others from sailing.

The Sacremento River nearly overflowed the 30 ft. stage at Knight Landing. Railways reported 30 ft. snow drifts at many points.—United Press.

HOLLYWOOD AWARDS NOMINATED

Many Favourites Figure in Academy Listings

Hollywood, Feb. 6.

Nominations for the annual Motion Picture Academy awards were announced here to-day. Nominees for the awards included Paul Muni for his performance in "Emil Zola"; Charles Boyer, for "Conquest"; Frederick March for "A Star is Born"; Robert Montgomery for "Night Must Fall" and Spencer Tracy for his performance in "Captains Courageous."

Actresses nominated for awards and their best pictures of the year were listed to include: Luise Rainer, "Good Earth"; Irene Dunn, "Awful Truth"; Greta Garbo, "Camille"; Janet Gaynor, "A Star is Born"; and Barbara Stanwyck, "Stella Dallas."

Nominated as best pictures of the year were "The Awful Truth," "Captains Courageous," "Dead End," "Good Earth," "In Old Chicago," "Emil Zola," "Lost Horizon," "One Hundred Men and a Girl," "Stage Door" and "A Star is Born."

Winners of the awards will be announced on March 3.—United Press.

TRANSFER OF PLANES TO GUAM DENIED

Washington, Feb. 6.

Rear Admiral A. B. Cook, Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, to-day denied Honolulu reports that a squadron of VP-18 Navy bombers would soon be transferred to Guam. "There is nothing in the reports," he said. "I do not know of any squadron going to Guam."—United Press.

NATIONAL TERRIER SHOW AT OLYMPIA

Miss B. Renwick photographed as she arrived at the Olympia, London, with her West Highland White terriers for the National Terrier Show.

MANY USES OF "WONDER CELL" ARE DESCRIBED

Counting Newspapers, Foiling Burglars But Two Functions of Photo Electric Cell

A few of the manifold uses to which the photo electric cell, a marvellous invention of modern times, can be put, were described by Mr. W. Miles in a talk on "Photo Electric Cells" before members of the Engineering Society of China at a meeting held yesterday evening at the Park Hotel. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Institute of Electrical Engineers, China Centre, and Mr. S. Flemons, chairman of the Institute, presided.

The counting of newspapers turned out at a tremendous rate by a huge printing press was one of the uses of this "wonder cell" can be put described in the course of the lecture. Copies of the newspaper, as delivered by the machines, were automatically placed in five-quire bundles in close consecutive order on conveyor belts, which carried their load at a rate of 120 feet per second throughout the length of the machine room to the dispatch department. Each bundle interrupted a ray of light directed on a photo-cell, and thus operated a relay in an amplifier circuit.

The apparatus enabled the printing overseers to remain in their offices fifty yards away from the machine room, and still to be in close touch with the progress of the presses. This method was typical of photo-electrical counting devices now used in a great many manufacturing plants. Its usefulness was not confined to counting the actual output, but arrangements could be made conveniently to record the extent to which the output was lacking. Multiple recording could readily be arranged by the introduction of a simple mechanical device to indicate the completion of sets of interruptions of the beam of light. High speed counting up to a rate of 1,000 per second could also be arranged.

Burglary Alarms

A use of the photo-electric ceil already known to the public through crime pictures was also illustrated. This was the outdoor and indoor burglar alarm systems, using invisible infra-red rays and employing, in the case of the indoor systems, mirrors to extend the field of protection. The light projectors used were fitted with special infra-red glass filters, and were suitable for distances up to 100 feet, and even more if no external light could influence the photocell. Even mirrors forming part of the decoration scheme of a room could be used if desired.

The circuit arrangements were such that when the beam of infra-red light was interrupted, no current flowed through the photo-electric cell This cause the release of the alarm relay, which close and locked the alarm circuit.

The photo-electric cell, or "electric eye," which was commonly employed to do work previously performed by human observers, was now being extensively used for different purposes. The point had now been reached where selective response to light of almost any colour could be obtained, thus facilitating the sorting of articles by colour, the detection of colour changes, and colour matching.

With regard to ultra-violet ray applications, the lower limit of visibility in the spectrum for most individuals was about 4,000 Angstrom units. Below this limit existed the invisible radiations known as the ultra-violet, which were exceedingly active chemically, and which possessed therapeutic or healing properties. There was some difference of opinion as to which portion of the ultra-violet spectrum was therapeutic. Photo-electric cells were utilized in measuring dosage of ultra-violet radiation in medical treatment, using sodium, thorium or uranium cathodas, according to the portion of the ultra-violet spectrum it was desired to observe.

Many Other Uses

Among the other uses of photo-cells were included many different counting, timing and handling devices; those for measuring the speed of rotation and vibration of machinery shafts; selection of destination of materials on conveyors; safety and temperature control of steel tubes during the manufacturing process; speculator and conveyor speed control to guard against wear and tear on light lead; automatic control of doors to guard against dust and drafts, and to facilitate the passage of vehicles through folding or sliding doors; automatic control of traffic signals; and machinery failure or danger alarms, water and other pressure gauge alarms, and other safety devices including the guarding of prison walls.

Other uses to which this marvellous ray could be put were the switching on of lights in locked shops, banks, warehouses, etc., by directing the beam of a torch on the cell, so that the premises might be scrutinized from the outside; the protection of lift doors to ensure that they remained open as long as passengers were entering or leaving; the detection of poisonous gases in mines or ships' holds; smoke detection to give an alarm when the smoke in certain processes reached a predetermined density, or to produce a periodic or continuous chart showing the extent of atmospheric polution; control of paper making machines to regulate the thickness, and to guard against damage and waste of time due to breakages during the rolling process; control of gas furnaces to shut off the gas automatically in the event of the flame being extinguished; stunt advertizing by shop windows or novelty demonstrations and control of illuminated signs; sound reproduction for talking films; phototelegraphy, astronomy, television, photometry, and many other purposes.

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VICTOR JORY
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LOUISE FAZENDA
Most the most prominent member of the W.P.P.P.P.

Friday, Feb. 11, at 8 p.m.
Sunday, Feb. 13, at 2 p.m.
'SLEEPING BEAUTY'
at the LYCEUM

Britain Keeping "Shadow" R.A.F. For Emergency

Auxiliary Factories Already Organized: Men Trained

NO OTHER COUNTRY ABLE TO COMPETE IN OUTPUT

London, Feb. 6.

The creation of a "shadow air force" with a number of pilots and planes more than doubling the official figures concerning the British air force, was revealed in well-informed circles here.

The total amount of first-line planes forming the land forces without the planes attached to the Royal Navy was officially given as 1,750 machines. The number of pilots in training, however, is understood to be about 8,000.

The explanation for this discrepancy is given in the existence of "shadow squadrons" of which the pilots are already in training but the planes themselves stored away in an unassembled form.

To each first-line squadron are attached one or two of these "shadow squadrons" which are ready to become first line aircraft at any time, thus assuring the immediate replacement of planes shot down in action in war.

Mechanics and private soldiers are being trained to become flight-officers as soon as hostilities break out.

Auxiliary Factories

Meanwhile, "shadow factories" are at present training a large number of workers in aircraft construction. These are auxiliary factories attached to existing motor plants. By a rotation system, all workers in motor concerns are given a period of training in aircraft construction in these auxiliary plants.

The motor car factories have already in store all the necessary tools for the construction of planes, so that in time of war they can be immediately transformed into aircraft factories.

The large Morris Motors plants, however, will be used for the construction of motor tractors and tanks, while all other motor car concerns will be switched into aeroplane factories in time of war.

The possibility is also being considered of attaining an annual peacetime production of 5,000 planes and an annual war-time production of 20,000 machines.

Well-informed circles pointed out that no other country could compete with Great Britain in this line as their motor factories are not equipped for such a construction.—Havas.

OPIUM SUPPRESSION TO CONTINUE

Gen. Chiang Kai-shek Resigns from Committee

Hankow, Feb. 7.

General Chiang Kai-shek to-day issued an order that, despite the present hostilities between China and Japan, the Chinese Government programme for the complete suppression of opium traffic and consumption within a period of six years, must be continued, with drastic punishment for offenders according to military law.

The Generalissimo, however, announced his resignation as Inspector-General of the National Opium Suppression Committee, as well as the abolition of that office.

Hereafter, the work of opium suppression will be entrusted to the Ministry of the Interior, and opium suppression in various provinces will be carried out by the departments of Civil Affairs in the various provincial governments.—Reuter.

COMMUNIST PAPER GREETED

Hankow Publication Hears from "Daily Worker"

Hankow, Feb. 7.

The "Hsin Hua Jih Pao," local official organ of the Chinese Communist Party, prominently publishes to-day a photographic copy of a cablegram received from the London "Daily Worker."

The cablegram, addressed to the "Editorial Staff of the 'Hsin Hua Jih Pao,' Hankow," say: "Revolutionary anti-Fascist greetings to the voice of new China from the 'Daily Worker,' London."

The "Hsin Hua Jih Pao" is daily heading for a stormy life, for within a week of its publication, its offices have been raided by "Trotskyists."—Reuter.

TWO EQUAL RECORD FOR 100 METRES DASH

Panama, Feb. 6.

The world record of 10 3/10 seconds was equalled to-day in the semi-final 100-metres dash of the Central American Carribean Olympic Games, by Jennings Blackett, from Panama, and Jacinto Ortiz, from Cuba.—Reuter.

KING GUSTAV OF SWEDEN LEAVES FOR NICE

Paris, Feb. 6.

King Gustav of Sweden left for Nice to-night. He visited Paris for the past few days to attend the tennis competition for a trophy presented by him.—Havas.

JAPAN SUFFRAGETTES CHANGE TACTICS

Active Agitation Dropped During Emergency

Tokyo, Feb. 7.

The whole policy of the Women Suffrage League and other Japanese women's organizations has been changed as a result of the emergency situation, according to Mrs. Fusae Ichikawa, president of the League. Even the annual convention of Japanese women's suffrage organizations has been abandoned.

During the whole of this year, emphasis will be placed on training women through participation in local health, educational and city improvement drives and in the national spiritual mobilization campaign.

These methods will aid the Government and, at the same time, will create the necessary training and knowledge of civic affairs, in preparation for a drive for women's suffrage and women's rights after hostilities in China have come to an end, Mrs. Ichikawa said.—Reuter.

SIX DIE IN U.S. TRAIN CRASH

Traskwood, Ark., Feb. 6.

Six persons were killed to-day when a Missouri Pacific passenger train en route to St. Louis was derailed near here after crashing into an abandoned motor car which had been left parked across the tracks at a highway crossing. The dead included the engineer of the train, an express messenger, a negro porter and three negro women passengers.—United Press.

THE Ministry of Economics, now functioning in Hankow, will shortly be removed to Chungking, where suitable offices for it have been found in the Chuanyen Bank, states a dispatch to the 'Sin Wen Pao." The heads of the various sections of the Ministry, it is reported, have already left Hankow for Chungking to push the removal scheme. It is expected that the Ministry will keep an office in Hankow, with the head of the General Affairs Department, Mr. Wu Chun-pei, in charge.

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Seven New Records Made at the Empire Games

SOUTH AFRICA WINS MARATHON

Half Mile Race Taken by New Zealand's Boot

BRILLIANT CEREMONY AT FORMAL OPENING

Sydney, Feb. 7.

The British Empire Games, in which fourteen countries are represented, enjoyed another extremely successful day to-day, when seven new records were set up in seven track and field events. In addition, two records were established in the swimming events, although only heats were held. No new world records, however, were established.

The feature event of the day was the marathon, which was won by Coleman, of South Africa, in two hours 30 minutes 49½ seconds—the best time ever returned in the Empire Games.

Albert Norris, the British marathon champion in 1935, was second in 2 hrs. 37 mins. 57 secs; Gibson (South Africa) was third in 2 hrs. 38 mins. 20 secs. while Donald Robertson (Scotland), the A.A.A. Marathon champion in 1932, 1933, 1934, 1936 and 1937, was fourth in 2 hrs. 42 mins. 40 seconds.

Start and Finish

The marathon started and finished at the Sydney Cricket Ground. The competitors ran two laps of the Cricket Ground, then proceeded down Anzac Parade through the suburbs of Daceyville and Tempe to within about one miles of George's River, where they turned round and made back to the Cricket Ground by a slightly different route. The race finished with one lap on the Cricket Ground.

The control of the marathon was similar to that in force during the Olympic Games in Los Angeles and Berlin. Check and refreshment stations were established at the five, ten, fifteen, twenty and twenty-five miles marks. A qualified medical officer patrolled the course with power to order any competitor who appeared unduly distressed to retire from the race.

Women's Jump

The final of the women's long jump was captured by Miss Norman, of Australia, with a leap of 19 ft. 0¼ inches, a new record for the Empire Games.

The half mile race went to Boot, of New Zealand, who finished twenty yards in front of Francis Handley (England), the holder of the English record, and Dale, of Canada. The time was 1 min. 51-4/10 seconds—a new Empire Games and Australian record.

The semi-finals of the 220 yards also produced a new British Empire Games record when Cyril Holmes, the English 100 yards champion, won his heat in 21.3 seconds. O'Connor (Canada), the winner of the other heat, returned the time of 21.5 seconds.

Both the winner and the runner-up in the discuss throw established new Empire Games records. Coy, of Canada, was first with 146 ft. 10⅛ inches, while David Young, the Scottish champion and record holder, was second with a distance of 141 ft. 2⅝ inches. Young's best performance previously was 145 ft.

The women's medley relay was won by Australia in the time of 49.1 seconds, a British Empire Games record. Canada and England were second and third respectively.

Sharpley, of New Zealand, showed the way home in the 220 yards hurdles. He was clocked at 24.7 seconds, a new Australian record.

In the heats of swimming events, Robert Leivers, of England, established a new mark for the 1650 yards, being timed at 20 mins. 3.6 seconds, while in the women's 440 yards Miss Dorothy Green, of Australia, set up a new Empire Games and Australian record by finishing in 5 mins. 43 seconds.

Opening Ceremony

The Games were officially opened by the Governor of New South Wales, Lord Wakehurst, on Saturday, when colourful scenes were witnessed on the famous Sydney Cricket Ground.

All the Empire teams, comprising nearly 500 athletes and officials and representing fourteen countries—England, Scotland Wales, Northern Ireland, South Africa, Canada, Ceylon, New Zealand, Australia, Southern Rhodseia, Trinidad, British Guiana, India and Bermuda—took part in the brilliant opening ceremony.

Shortly after 1 p.m. the teams assembled at the ground, where flags and standards were handed to the teams in preparation for their spectacular entry into the arena.

An hour later massed bands played the National Anthem, accompanied by a choir of 2,000 voices, to greet the arrival of the Viceregal party.

A fanfare of trumpets preceded the entry of the teams into the arena to the strains of stirring march music by the bands. After making a complete circle of the Cricket Ground, the teams formed national columns facing the Viceregal party and saluted the Governor, all heads being turned left and caps doffed.

King's Message

Another fanfare of trumpets, from trumpeters stationed on a special balcony erected on the Scoring Board, preceded the reading by Lord Wakehurst of the King's message and welcome to the teams.

Again the fanfare of trumpets sounded. The Governor then declared the Games open, coincident with the playing and singing of the National Anthem and the raising of the Union Jack. Boy Scouts then hoisted the National flags of all the competing countries to their respective mastheads.

Once again the trumpets sounded, followed by a salute three guns, denoting the opening of the games.

A mighty whirring of wings heralded the release of 2,000 pigeons, and as the birds fluttered overhead, the oath of amateurism was taken on behalf of all the athletes by a member of the Australian team. The choir of 2,000 voices was then heard in "Rule Britannia" as the flag-bearers returned to their teams.—Reuter.

ENGLAND LOSE FIRST RUGBY INTERNATIONAL

A scene at Cardiff Arms Park during the first international Rugby match of this season, between England and Wales, during which the Welsh scored a convincing victory by fourteen points to eight and high winds and heavy rain.

INTERPORT BADMINTON DATES BACK TO 1923

Record of Meetings with Other City Teams Recalled: Future Arrangements Uncertain

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

THE first attempt at Interport Badminton, as far as Shanghai is concerned, was made in the year 1923 when it was proposed to send a team consisting of Milton (captain), Sullivan, Toussaint and Meise to Tientsin but owing to the transfer of Milton to Chinkiang upon official duties this visit could not take place.

Milton, however, carried his keeness with him and apparently found kindred spirits in the River Port and it may now appear to be remarkable that Shanghai's first Interport was against Chinkiang. The game took place in Shanghai which was represented by Sullivan (captain), Meise, Hutchinson, Goulmy, Mancell, Charlot, Mrs. Norman, Mrs. Hicks and Mrs. Charlot. Shanghai won the series by 9 games to 4.

A fortnight later a side consisting of Sullivan, Meise, Goulmy, and Mr. and Mrs. Chapple was sent to Chinkiang and the Home team revenged their former defeat by winning the contest 5 games to 3. Records show that the visitors had to compete not only against Chinkiang's badminton but also against the Port's hospitality and it was suggested that the latter had a definite bearing upon the outcome of the match.

During the China New Year of 1924 the Tientsin Rugger Club sent a side to Shanghai and included four exponents of Badminton—Gotch, North, E.M.P. Williams and Captain (now Major) Fabre, some of whom are at present in Shanghai. An Interport Badminton game was arranged, Shanghai making up their sides from Sullivan, Meise, Hutchinson and Caie. The result was a win of 6 points to nil in favour of Shanghai, but the actual play was more even that the final scores indicate.

Troubles Interfere

It was not until the year 1932 that further serious efforts were made to arrange Interport games. In January of that year a local side was on the point of leaving for Tientsin to participate in a three-cornered contest in which Peiping would play, when the Sino-Japanese troubles broke out and the arrangements had to be cancelled.

The following year saw the first Shanghai Interport team in Tientsin. Meise was the captain and took with him Berents, Capt. MacKenzie, Edmunds, Mrs. Burton, Miss Watson and Miss Eardley. Peiping, however, were not able to send a side to compete.

The first day's work ended with a score against the visitors of 5 points to 2, much to the consternation of their supporters in Shanghai, one of whom wired to a Tientsin host "Are you feeding our team Spiridis London Gin?", whilst another burned up the wire with a frantic telegram to the Shanghai captain "How come. Swatem, killem, smashem let's go."

Whether it was as a result of this encouragement from Home or more careful hospitality on the part of Tientsin, the Shanghai side succeeded in closing the series by losing with the small margin of 7 points to 6

In 1936, the Tientsin Country Club sent down a team of four men and played the French Club (losing 5 to 1), sides drawn from various other local clubs, and finally a team chosen by Shanghai consisting of Meise Spagnoletti, Berents, Duff and Kew. Shanghai again took the honours with a score of 5-1.

During April of the same year the Elliot Hall College of Hongkong sent up a side taken from their Chinese players and competed against various Shanghai combinations, but it is not on record that the Colony players took a single game.

Again in 1936, during the month of October, Shanghai, sent a holiday touring tennis side to Hongkong, a number of their team being Badminton enthusiasts and at the request of Hongkong various exhibition games were played. Mrs. Burton, Miss Massey, Meise and Forbes took part in these and it is believed that this gave a distinct fillip to Badminton in the Colony and it is now the object of the Shanghai Association to try to arrange a three-cornered affair here with Hongkong and Tientsin as visitors, but whether this will ever be possible remains to be seen.

During the Chinese New Year holidays of 1937 Shanghai again paid a visit to Tientsin, the team consisting of Meise, captain, Spagnoletti, de Senna, Eardley, Miss Sinclair, Miss Eardley, Miss Tavares and Mrs. Morcher. Shanghai won this contest by the healthy margin of 10 games to 6.

Future Interport arrangements are, of course, very much in the air with conditions being as they are. Nothing could be fixed up for the holidays which have just passed, but it is hoped that next season Shanghai may have the pleasure of entertaining teams from the north or south or both, but if this is not possible perhaps a side may be sent away to demonstrate to one of our neighbours that Badminton is still a flourishing game in Shanghai.

BASKETBALL AT THE NAVY "Y"

Reds Defeat Yellows in the Consolation Series

As a climax to the basketball season at the Navy Y.M.C.A., two "all star" teams picked from the Consolation League played the first of their two-game series last night and after a hotly contested struggle, the Reds squad, handled by Cpl. H. S. Griffin, overcame W. A. Hathaway's aggregation, the Yellows, by a margin of 29-28.

C. G. Flowers, sharp-shooter of the Brigade Headquarters Company, came out with highest honours as he sank the winning goal in the last eight seconds of play and turned defeat into victory. He netted a total of four baskets, in addition to two free throws. Taylor, the outstanding centre of Battery F, was the next with one field basket less. Hubbard of the Yellows netted the best total of five tallies, plus one from the foul line.

Summary

Reds	fg.	ft.	f.	pts.
Reilly	2	1	1	5
Day	1	2	2	4
Torrigine	1	0	1	2
Taylor	3	2	2	8
Good	0	0	0	0
Flowers	4	2	1	10
	11	7	7	29
Yellows				
Dorsett	1	2	2	4
Dobbs	1	0	0	2
Kauffman	1	1	2	3
Hubbard	5	1	1	11
Aikmann	2	0	2	4
Dempsey	0	0	1	0
Allen	2	0	2	4
	12	4	8	28

SIXTY METRES SPRINT MARK BROKEN

New York, Feb. 6.

Ben Johnson, the negro sprinter, broke the world's 60-metres indoor record to-day, his time being 6 seconds.—Reuter.

FRANCE CARRIES OFF SWEDISH CUP

Last Two Matches Won To Make Clean Sweep

KING GUSTAV PRESENTS TROPHY

Paris, Feb. 6.

France won the last two singles tennis matches to-day for the King of Sweden's Cup, thereby whitewashing the Swedish team by 5 matches to 0.

To-day's games had no bearing on the result of the competition which was won yesterday by the Frenchmen owing to their three straight victories.

In to-day's matches, which were cross-over singles, Yvon Petra (France) defeated Karl Schroeder (Sweden) by 6-3, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4.

In the remaining match, Bernard Destremeau (France) beat Rohlson (Sweden) by a score of 1-6, 1-6, 6-3, 6-1, 6-0.

The previous games which took place yesterday and the day before ended as follows:

Bernard Destremeau (France) defeated Karl Schroeder (Sweden) by 8-6, 1-6, 2-6, 11-9, 8-6.

Yvon Petra (France) beat Rohlson (Sweden) by a score of 6-1, 6-4, 6-2.

Lesueur and Bolelli (France) defeated Schroeder and Wallen (Sweden) by 10-8, 6-4, 6-4.

After the final match to-day, King Gustav of Sweden, who was a keen spectator at all five matches, left the stands and handed the cup to Jean Borotra, the veteran French tennis ace, who was captain of the French team.—Havas.

SACRAMENTO OPEN WON BY REVOLTA

Tournament Played in Driving Rain Ends

Sacramento, Feb. 6.

Playing three days through a driving rain, Johnny Revolta, the veteran American golfer, to-day won the $3,000 Sacramento open with a 290, two over par, for the 72-hole tournament.

Ralph Ghezzi took second place only one stroke behind Revolta, marking up 291. Ben Hogan of Fort Worth, Tex., was third with 292.—United Press.

GERMANS, SWISS TIE IN FOOTBALL MATCH

Cologne, Feb. 6.

The international football match between Germany and Switzerland, which was played here to-day before a record crowd of 80,000 spectators, ended in a draw of one all. The Swiss team led at half time with 1-0.—Trans-Ocean.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGGRESSORS

Swedish, Finnish Action On Olympic Games

TOKYO PREPARATIONS NOT AFFECTED

Paris, Feb. 6.

A motion excluding belligerant and aggressor countries from taking part in Olympic Games will be examined at the next session of the International Olympic Committee, the evening paper "Paris Soir" reported to-day.

The resolution will be submitted by Baron Frankel of Sweden and Baron Rozen of Finland.

The motion also provides for a cancellation of the games if they are scheduled to take place on the territory of an aggressor country.

'Paris Soir" understands that the Belgian and Swiss Olympic Committees will support the resolution which, however, even if adopted, will not apply to the 1940 games to be held in Tokyo.—Havas.

VINES BEATS PERRY ONCE MORE

Takes Lead of Three Games in Second Tour

Palm Springs, Feb. 6.

Ellsworth Vines, fully recovered from the gruelling match which he lost the other day at Fresno, again revealed his recent brilliant form and beat Fred Perry here to-day before a large crowd of spectators in three hard-fought sets.

The lanky Californian won by scores of 11-9, 2-6 and 6-4 to gain his ninth victory in the current series, the second annual dual professional championship tour.

Vines now leads by nine matches to six, once again forging ahead by three tussels. When the present series started last month in California, Vines took the lead, winning the first two matches. Perry, however, tied him and then overtook him when they toured Canada. On their return to the United States Vines evened the terms and when they invaded California again the American reeled off three straight triumphs before the great English player could snap his winning chain.

Last year they also toured the country for six months, Vines eventually winning 32 matches to 29. Perry played as a professional for the first time last year, having retired from the ranks of the amateurs in the latter part of 1936.—United Press.

MEGAN TAYLOR WINS ICE TITLE

Figure Championship Held By Britain

Stockholm, Feb. 6.

The women's world's figure skating championship changed hands here to-day when Miss Megan Taylor of England dethroned Miss Cecilia Colledge, also of England.

Miss Hedy Stenuf of the United States took third place, following Miss Colledge who was awarded second position. Miss Stenuf upset a British walk away, since fourth place went to Miss Gladys Jagger of England for the third British position among the top four.—United Press.

New Record Claimed

Davos, Switzerland, Feb. 6.

Ivar Ballangrud of Norway claimed a new 10,000 metres ice skating speed record here to-day after being clocked at 17 minutes, 14.4 seconds over the 10,000 metres stretch.—United Press.

TEN PIN LEAGUE TO BEGIN TO-DAY

Prospects of Teams Entered Are Reviewed

C.C.C. FAVOURED TO KEEP INTER-CLUB TITLE

Bowling activities, after a lapse of no less than two full months since the close of the Duck Pin Championships in the first week of December, will swing back to official competition when the Ten Pin Championships open to-night with the commencement of the first round's play in the Inter-Club League.

Bowling has rightly assumed a place of importance in the local indoor sports calender. The Shanghai Bowling Congress conducts extensive annunal competitions and to-day the game contrives to occupy a large section of this cosmopolitan city's sportsmen.

Five clubs will vie for honours in both the First and Second Divisions. The Foreign Y.M.C.A., Fourth U.S. Marines, Columbia Country Club, and the Shanghai Race Club each raises two teams in both sections, while the Swiss Club, owing to a lack of competitors, is only able to muster one team to participate in the lower bracket.

Y.M.C.A. Interest

The Foreign "Y" seem to take particular interest in the forthcoming championships and will be out to maintain their winning form in the duck pin series by scoring a double victory in both division titles. To date five players have succeeded in chalking up an average of 170 or more. W. Kohnert heads the list with a 175 pinfall. He also recorded the best single and triple marks of 223 and 606 respectively. H. Moseler and W. O. Krause are runners-up, each getting 174 J. Kleffel rolled 173 while F. M. Gonsalves, team captain, tallied 170.

The Columbia Country Club, league champions of the past year, are as strong as ever. The inclusion of C.C. "Dud" Squires, who bowled for the Race Club and turned out to be the best individual duck pin performer, enhances the prospects of the titleholders. Undoubtedly, the C.C.C. team have the best material in hand, for there are such stalwarts as L. J. Hilden and Dr. F. D. Nance.

The Marines are an unknown lot and up to yesterday it was still a secret as to who will be playing tonight. But the way they came out in the duck pin league was certainly threatening. The American Club and Race Club are not reckoned to have any possibility of creating an upset, although they also have fairly good teams.

The Junior League

Unless the other clubs have surprises up their sleeves, the Foreign "Y" second strike are almost a certainty to capture the junior championship for a second successive season. That they can turn in an average of 160 is sufficient to slow their standard as second leaguers. G. Bardwill is team captain and he has had to face a hard task, in choosing a representative side because of having to many equally capable exponents.

The ten pin season will go through the whole of March and be carried into the early part of April. Following the Inter-club affair, the individual championships will begin. Although no ladies' contests are arranged because of a lack of competitors, a mixed doubles tournament will be held. It is reported that quite a number of aspirants among the fair sex have taken the game up.

All the league games will be played on Tuesday and Thursday nights, as was the case in the duck pin league, commencing at 8 o'clock in order to comply with curfew regulations.

The following is the list of games for the first round:—

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8
FIRST DIVISION
American Club at Race Club
4th Marines at Columbia C. Club
Y.M.C.A. (Bye)

SECOND DIVISION
Y.M.C.A. at Swiss Club
Race Club at American Club
Columbia C. Club at 4th Marines

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10
FIRST DIVISION
Y.M.C.A. at Columbia C. Club
Race Club at 4th Marines
American Club (Bye)

SECOND DIVISION
Columbia C. Club at Y.M.C.A.
4th Marines at Race Club
Swiss Club at American Club

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15
FIRST DIVISION
Race Club at Y.M.C.A.
4th Marines at American Club
Columbia C. Club (Bye)

SECOND DIVISION
Y.M.C.A. at Race Club
American Club at 4th Marines
Swiss Club at Columbia C. Club

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17
FIRST DIVISION
Columbia C. Club at Race Club
Y.M.C.A. at American Club
S.R.C. (Bye)

SECOND DIVISION
4th Marines at Swiss Club
Race Club at Columbia C. Club
American Club at Y.M.C.A.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22
FIRST DIVISION
4th Marines at Y.M.C.A.
American Club at Columbia C. Club
Race Club (Bye)

SECOND DIVISION
Y.M.C.A. at 4th Marines
Race Club at Swiss Club
Columbia C. Club at American Club

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in Weber's Concerto with Orchestra
RIETI — Concerto for Wind Instruments
MOZART — Eine Kleine Nachtmusic
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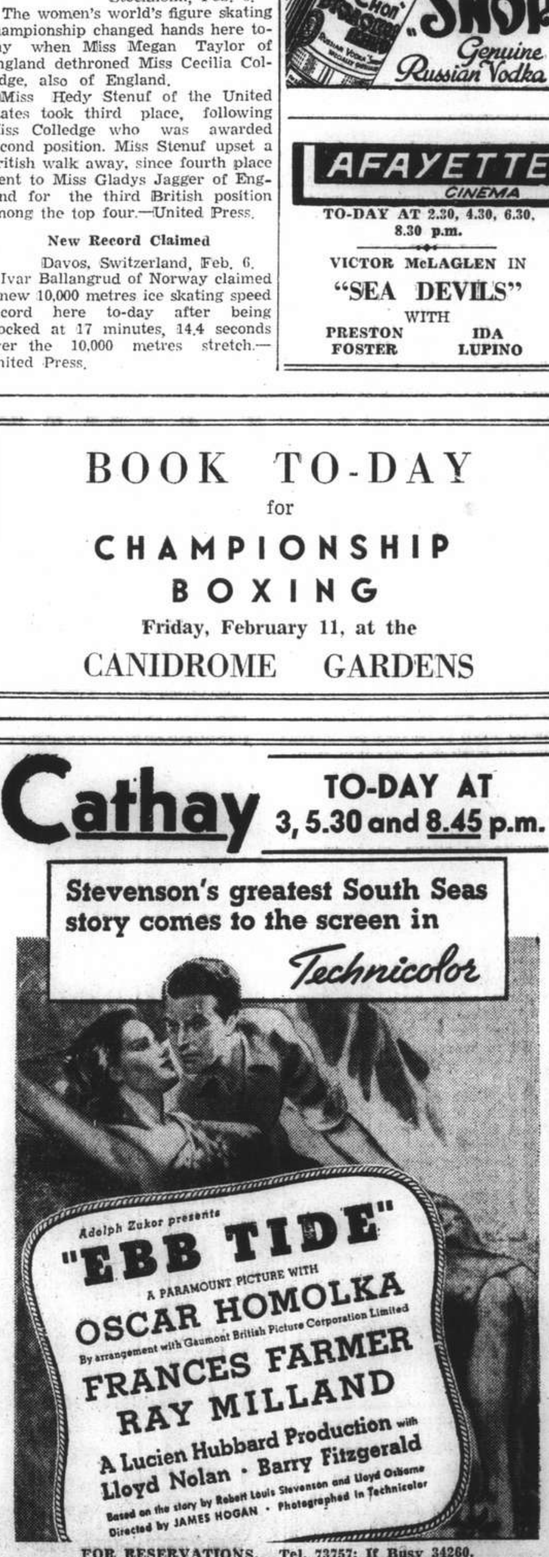
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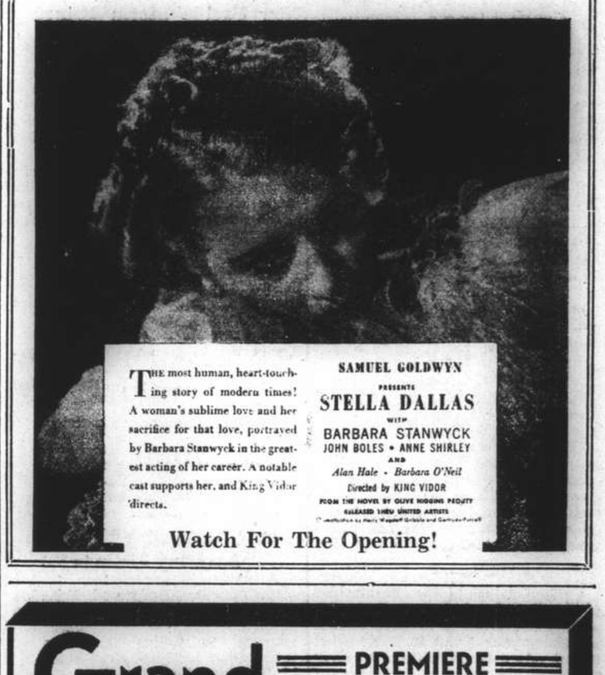
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BRILLIANT PITCHER REJECTS OFFER

Gomez Says $15,000 Not Enough by a Long Way

WON 26 GAMES, LOSING ONLY FIVE

Reno, Nev., Jan. 26.

Vernon (Lefty) Gomez, leader in five phases of hurling during 1937, today announced that he had rejected a contract of $15,000 to sign on again with the Yankees for the coming baseball season.

He said the sum "was not enough by a long way for a man who led the American League in strikeouts, earned runs, completed games and shutouts."

Official pitching records of the American League for 1937, released recently, devote most of their arithmetical praises to the Yankee pitching ace.

After two years of drab performances, Gomez last season again scaled the pitching heights he had achieved in 1934, when he won 26 and lost only 5, and turned in an earned run average of 2.33.

Most Strikeouts

He won the major league championship for strikeouts, with 194. He led the league in victories, with 21, in shutouts with 6, and in brilliantly fashioned games of less than 5 hits with 11. With 11 defeats, his percentage was .656. Lefty's 25 complete contests placed him second to Wesley Ferrell in that detail, the Washington veteran showing 26.

Gomez started 34 games and was taken out of 9 of them. For once Joe McCarthy recognized the fact that Vernon's emotional makeup did not lend itself to brilliance as a relief pitcher. Marse Joe did not ask him to assist in a single job that had been started by somebody else.

In addition to sharing the pitching laurels on the Yankees with Charley Ruffing, who won 20 games, lost only 7, and finished fifth in earned run effectiveness, with 2.99, Gomez made himself the hurling hero of the All-Star game and the world series.

In the All-Star contest, Lefty went the first three innings and allowed one hit and no runs, to get official credit for the defeat of the National Leaguers. Facing the Giants in October, he won the opener by 8 to 1, with 6 hits, and the fifth and final game by 4 to 2, with 10 blows, a home run by Mel Ott being the one damaging effort against him.

One Hit Game

Gomez pitched a one hit game two three-hitters and a couple of fours. His closest approach to no hit fame was ruined by Bob Johnson in Philadelphia on June 30. In the fifth inning the outfielder got hold of a perfectly pitched high hard one and drove it into the left field pavilion.

His most remarkable performance came in the Stadium on August 17, when he shut out the Senators with three hits. He just had learned of the death of his mother, but insisted on keeping his appointment with the Washington club.

When one considers that in 1936 Gomez was knocked out twenty times and won 13 and lost 7, with an earned run mark of 438, his work last season certainly stressed an amazing comeback.—United Press.

TAIL-WAGGER CHATS

THE SEEING EYE

By Philokuon

Buddy fortunate fields, the pioneer guide dog for the blind in America, is the latest recruit of the Tail-Waggers' Club. Her owner, Mr. Morris S. Frank, is vice-president of the Division for the Blind and an active member of the staff of the Seeing Eye. His enrolment came about in this way. Mrs. Mary Dranga Campbell, Executive Secretary of the Seeing Eye, has been on a visit to this country, in the course of which she called at the headquarters of the Guide Dogs for the Blind Association and the Tail-Waggers' Club at 58 Mark Lane, London, E.C.3. She also went to the training school for the guide dogs at Wallasey in Cheshire, and on her return to America she wrote expressing her pleasure at what she had seen, and paid us the compliment of asking that Buddy Fortunate Fields should become a Tail-Wagger.

What is the Seeing Eye? I shall be asked. It is an intriguing title. A few years ago Mrs. Harrison Eustis, an American lady, impressed by what she had seen of the guide dog movement in Germany, started a similar movement in Germany, started a similar institution in Switzerland under the name of L'Œil Qui Volt, and the idea was imitated in the United States under the Anglicised version of the Seeing Eye. We, being more prosaic, have called our organisation the Guide Dogs for the Blind Association. I regret to say that we are more backward, too, for having to exercise the strictest economy, our association is not able to turn out anything like the number of trained dogs comparable with the efforts in Germany, Switzerland and America.

"We simply have to do the best we can with our limited means. If more came in we could train far more guide dogs than we are now doing. During the past summer Lady Schuster and Captain Liakhoff, our head trainer, visited Germany for the purpose of ascertaining what was being done there. The Potsdam training school has the use of grounds and buildings that belong to the State. There is any amount of accommodation, and the three trainers are able to devote the whole of their attention to the training of the dogs and the blind persons who are to receive them. They are not hampered by having to perform the ordinary kennel routine. Each trainer is supposed to complete the education of three dogs every month, though Captain Liakhoff thinks perhaps that this estimate is too sanguine.

Being hampered by lack of funds, we can only employ an apprentice in addition to Captain Liakhoff, and we have the greatest difficulty in finding suitable dogs at a reasonable price. One would have thought that plenty of people would have been delighted to give dogs of about a year old that have the right temperament for the work. In Germany they have an abundant supply of dogs, of which not more than thiry per cent have to be discarded on the score of unsuitability. We are different from them in one respect. Here we reject any dogs that become over-protective—that is to say, that might attack anyone who accosted a blind man who was with them. In Germany those dogs are retained, many blind men asking for one that will serve as a protector.

Japan Divided Over "Spoils" In North China

Disagreement Over Methods of Exploitation Grows

STATE FINANCIAL AID MAY BE INADEQUATE

San Francisco, Feb. 6.

Even before the war is ended, Japanese financial, industrial and business circles are already quarreling amongst themselves over the distribution of the spoils of war in the present Sino-Japanese hostilities, according to late reports of the Institute of Pacific Relations.

Although these circles are fairly buzzing with projects for the economic development of the five North China provinces and other areas which the Japanese army has over-run, most serious differences of opinion as to the methods to be employed are developing, the Institute reports.

As a result of the past experiences in Manchoukuo, where more than a million yen have been invested with little prospects of any immediate financial return, various groups in Japan are calling for a clarification of the government's policy. The fundamental difference is whether the provinces are to be developed and controlled by the government, or left largely to the free exploitation of private capital.

Issues Causing Cleavages

Amongst other questions that have been raised and which are resulting in the formation of different groups of opinion and interests are what industries and activities are to be undertaken and who is to control them and what position the Japanese government will take. The policy relative to encouraging foreign interests and what is likely to be the investment policy of foreign governments is also questioned.

Two other cleavages, as a result of the Manchuria experiment, are in the extent of state control over investment and how that control is to be exercised, and how far is enterprise to be directed into strategic and unprofitable lines and what inducements are to be offered to attract private capital for such groups.

The older and more conservative groups, the Institute's survey reveals, and especially those interested in the export industries, favour a free type of expansion under private auspices.

Exporters with a stake in China are inclined to stress importance of Chinese and other foreign co-operation but heavy industry is demanding state assistance and control over business enterprises at home and abroad. The Army also backs this group.

In still other circles there is a big demand for more freedom for the private capitalists. Prominent businessmen of Osaka and Kobe favour a policy of "economic liberalism" which includes not only freedom for Japanese interests to expand but also a forced 75 per cent., reduction in Chinese tariffs.

Mr. Toyotaro Yuke, governor of the Bank of Japan insists that measures entirely different from those employed in Manchoukuo must be taken in North China. Measures must be adopted, he insists, that will not only attract Japanese capital but that will permit an influx of foreign capital as well.

S.M.R. Co. Demands

The China Development Co., in co-operation with the five major electric power companies of Japan, has plans for developing the entire Peiping-Tientsin area as a prelude to industrial expansion in China but it wants to know first whether this area is going to be placed under the auspices of the Japanese military and state agencies which have dominated in Manchoukuo. It demands an entirely different economic structure of which Japanese and Chinese participation would be the keynote.

Finally, the South Manchurian Railway, the great semi-official trust which has monopolized the industrialization of Manchoukuo, is also demanding its share of the spoils in the new areas, but opposition groups have apparently limited its participation to railways and harbours.

Dominating all the divergencies, however, is always the question of how the government with the unprecedented demands on its treasury is going to find the money even to do its share.—United Press.

NEW RECORD SET IN 100m. BREASTSTROKE

German Lowers World Mark By Four Seconds

Bochum, Feb. 6.

With the participation of German, Belgian and Netherlands swimmers, an international swimming contest was held here to-day.

The centre of interest was the 100 yards breaststroke contest, which was won by the Magdeburg swimmer Ohrdorf, with the Bremen representative, Joachim Bahlke, second.

The time of the winner was 1 minute 2.4 seconds, which is considerably lower than the world record held since 1932 by the American, Spence, with 1 minute 6.4 seconds. The latter time was also beaten by the second man, Bahlke, who took 1 3.3 seconds.—Trans-Ocean.

SWISS STARTS TO WALK TO TOKYO

Begins Journey to Olympics On Foot

Zurich, Feb. 6.

The Swiss heel and toe champion, Staeninger, started yesterday on a 23,000 kilometres walk to Tokyo where he is due to arrive in 1939 to attend the Olympic Games in 1940.

Staeninger intends to walk through France, Italy, Greece, Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan, India, Indo-China and China.

If he succeeds in reaching Tokyo on foot, he will be awarded a trophy by the International Olympic Committee.—Havas.

SCENE OF BITTER FIGHTING

The Japanese continue to press forward along the Anhwei front, bitterly resisted by the Chinese. At present the fighting is around Hwaiyuan. Hsuchowfu is the ultimate objective of the Japanese drive.

NANKING RESIDENTS RETURN HOME

One Hundred Thousand Back in Their Districts

FIVE OTHER AREAS ARE STILL CLOSED

Almost 100,000 residents of Nanking had returned to their homes in the First and Second Administrative Areas, regently set up by the Autonomous Commission, by February 4, a Japanese Embassy spokesman announced last night.

He also denied rumours to the effect that Chinese refugees in the so-called Safety Zone had been compelled to leave the area by February 5 on pain of ejection by the Commission.

From January 16 to February 4, 10,115 households comprising 50,446 persons had returned to their former homes in the First Administrative District, while from January 13 to February 4, 12,796 households representing 45,746 persons had reoccupied their houses in the Second Administrative District. The total was 96,188 persons, leaving approximately 150,000 persons still in the Safety Zone.

Some of those remaining, the spokesman said, were unable to return home, having lost their habitations.

Other Districts Closed

The remainder of the five administrative districts into which the former Chinese capital had been divided by the Commission, he added, were still closed.

Restaurants and retail shops were opened in the First and Second Districts, he said.

Referring to rumours of the alleged threat to eject refugees from the Safety Zone, the spokesman admitted that the Autonomous Commission had advised persons in the area to return home "in order to ease congestion in the so-called Safety Zone."

"There never was any question of a time limit or of coercion being employed," he added.

BATTLE ABBEY CHARTER ACQUIRED BY MUSEUM

An important addition to the British Museum collection, announced on Jan. 8, is a charter of William II, to Battle Abbey, which finishes with the words "in all other things as the charter of my father doth witness," an allusion to an earlier charter granted by William the Conqueror, states the "Daily Telegraph and "Morning Post."

The King's Great Seal is attached and is almost complete. An interesting feature is that instead of their names the King and several nobles and bishops have made crosses, beneath which their names have been inscribed.

Another gift is the valuable thirteenth-century Canterbury manuscript written at Christ Church, Canterbury, probably about 1275, and recently bought for the Museum by Lord Wakefield.

The National Art Collections Fund has presented a slab from the balustrade of a staircase at Persepolis, dating from the reign of Darius the Great or of Xerxes, between 520 and 465 B.C.

A collection of antiquities from the prehistoric village of Skara Brae, Orkney, deposited on loan, has been converted into a gift by the new owner, Mr. Walter G. Grant, of Kirkwall.

The Shanghai Municipal Council Health Report for the week ending midnight, February 5, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 11, and Chinese 908. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Tuberculosis 1, and Chinese, Measles 37; Tuberculosis 28; Dysentry 20; Diphtheria 14; Typhoid Fever 12; Cerebrospinal Fever 3; Beri-beri 3 and Influenza 2.

SUBSTITUTES IN GERMANY

Synthetic Rubber Cost Lowered by Half

Dr. Rudolf Eicke, one of the directors of the Reichsbank, makes some interesting statements upon the progress of the manufacture of synthetic rubber and textile substitutes under the Four-year Plan, which show that with increased output the substitute products are descending in price from the dizzy heights of a year or so ago, though they are still completely uneconomic, states the "Manchester Guardian."

Synthetic rubber, which in 1936 cost 5 to 6 marks a kilogram (just over 2lb.), has been lowered to about 3 marks a kilogram, states Dr. Eicke in an article in the "Braune Wirtschaftspost." He adds that a further reduction in price is to be expected by simplifying the manufacturing process, and German synthetic rubber works are being extended rapidly.

It would therefore appear that the cost of manufacturing synthetic rubber is now only about four times the price of natural rubber, which is slightly over 7d. a pound. Presumably Germany pays for her rubber imports in extraordinarily depreciated marks, since she quotes a higher price for natural imported rubber than the world price calculated at the official rate of exchange of the internal market.

No figures showing the amount of synthetic rubber produced are given by Dr. Eicke, but they must still be very small, since only natural and reclaimed rubber is in general use in Germany.

Dealing with the progress of staple-fibre production, Dr. Eicke states that this year's output is expected to amount to about 150,000 tons. He points out that the price of staple fibre for replacing or for mixing with cotton has been reduced from 2 marks 38 pfennigs a kilo three years ago to 1 mark 45 pfennigs a kilo, and adds. "Therefore the price of staple fibre approaches that of cotton, which in clearing traffic costs 1 mark 20 pfennigs per kilo" (about 11d. a pound).

The extraordinarily high price, equal to double the world price, which, according to Dr. Eicke, Germany is paying for her imported cotton is due to its being paid for in depreciated marks, out of the proceeds of which a fund is provided for subsidising exports of German goods for the American market.

Dr. Eicke adds that the price of the high-quality staple fibre intended for mixing with, or substituting for, wool is now 2 marks 70pf. a kilo for compared with 4 marks a kilo for naturally combed wool. The extraordinarily high price that Germany pays for her wool is also apparently due to special procedure for payment, but, as Dr. Eicke points out, it is advantageous economically given the present system. Some 40 per cent. of Germany's textile needs, Dr. Eicke states, are now provided from remade wool (shoddy) and staple fibre.

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700 Members of A Pro-Japanese Group Arrested

Separatist Plot Responsible for Canton Troubles

ORDER EXPECTED TO BE RESTORED SOON

Hongkong, Feb. 7.

Reports received here from Canton state that the Chief of Police at Canton issued an appeal to the population to-day in which he exhorted the inhabitants to maintain order and assured them that martial law will be lifted during the next few days if the situation allows it.

Some 700 members of a pro-Japanese separatist group, which was mainly responsible for last week's disorders at Canton, have been arrested by the Chinese police and it is therefore generally expected that complete order will soon be restored in the city. Police investigations are said to have established that the conspirators who organized the disorders included some 100 Japanese who entered Canton illegally.

The headquarters of the conspirators were at Fengchuen, a suburb of Canton. It is stated that they planned to assist the Japanese troops in an attack on Canton by signalling the position and movements of the Chinese troops defending the city. The plan was that the Japanese navy and air force, aided by the information given by these conspirators, should bombard Canton. In the ensuing panic the conspirators intended to occupy the government buildings and proclaim an autonomous government.

The discovery of the plot was due to the wit of a Chinese officer who posed as a Japanese agent and thereby gained the confidence of the conspirators.

General Arrives

The chief of the general staff of the 8th Chinese army, General Yeh Chieh-Ying, has arrived at Canton according to reports received here which add that immediately after his arrival at Canton the general assumed command of the Citizens Corps formed at Canton in order to ensure that the members of this corps receive a through military training.—Trans-Ocean.

Three Divisions?

Canton, Feb. 7.

Although several rumours are still circulating regarding the Japanese threat to South China, the excitement which followed the proclamation of martial law during the week-end has died down considerably.

One of several sensational reports still circulating to-day is that three divisions of Japanese troops have arrived in South China waters from Formosa and may carry out operations before Wednesday.

Interviewed by Reuter, General Wu Te-chen, Governor of Kwangtung, said: "I have also heard this rumour, but my information is that the situation has improved rather than otherwise."

The Japanese troops which were landed on Chikiau Island, near Tongkawan, yesterday morning, he added, had been withdrawn.

Other authoritative sources here point out that the frequent Japanese bombardments of and landings on points in Kwangtung should not be interpreted as a major offensive. In any event, they add, the Chungshan district is adequately prepared for such an invasion.

As a precautionary measure, the Chinese military authorities are refusing to permit river vessels to pass the boom at the mouth of the Pearl River.

The withdrawal of Japanese troops from Chikiau Island seems to confirm earlier suppositions that the landing was purely for reasons of exercise. While the troops were ashore, seven Japanese warships remained in the vicinity of the island, but they carried out no further bombardment of the coast.—Rueter.

JUSTICE CARDOZO NOW IMPROVING

Washington, Feb. 6.

The condition of Justice Benjamin N. Cardozo, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, is showing "encouraging improvement....and he is gaining strength," the first medical bulletin issued in a fortnight said to-day.—United Press.

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Walter Huston-Ruth Chatterton

WOUNDED P. C. TELLS OF SHOOTING

A policeman described at Willesden recently how he was wounded in tackling an alleged armed man. The Bench commended him for his courage, states the "News Chronicle."

The officer, Police Constable Alexander Carmichael, said that early on November 28, after hearing noises at Dollis Hill railway station, he found Charles Walter Browne, 31-year-old motor engineer, lying in a ditch.

I called to him to come out of the ditch," the officer said, "but he made no reply. By the light of my lamp I saw him raise his right arm, and I noticed that he was holding a revolver and was pointing it directly at me.

I jumped from the embankment down on top of him and as I jumped I heard a loud report, saw a flash come from the revolver, and felt a pain in my left leg.

P.C Carmichael said he landed on top of the man, whom he hit with his truncheon. With the assistance of another officer, the revolver (produced) was taken from Browne.

Browne was committed for trial on charges of attempted murder and breaking and entering. Frederick Hurwood (29), painter, accused with Browne, was allowed bail when committed on the one charge of breaking and entering.

BERLIN BEATS PRAGUE AT SOCCER

Berlin, Feb. 6.

Playing before 35,000 enthusiastic spectators, the Berlin football team achieved a splendid victory by defeating a Prague team composed of players of the famous "Sparta" and "Slavia" clubs by 4-1.

At the last meeting of the two teams, the Czechoslovakians won by 5-0.—Trans-Ocean.

Friday, Feb. 11, at 8 p.m.
Sunday, Feb. 13, at 2 p.m.
'SLEEPING BEAUTY'
at the LYCEUM

"Deficiency of formation in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully by an English newspaper in Kobe **The Japan Chronicle** . . on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers, **The Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market." — *Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*
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Daily and Weekly
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65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

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£20,000 IN OF JEWELS STOLEN

Property Discovered in Safe Deposit at Liverpool: Sisters to Be Tried on Charge of Receiving

The alleged discovery of nearly £20,000 worth of stolen jewellery in a strong box at a Liverpool safe deposit was referred to at Bowstreet on Jan. 3, when two sisters were committed for trial, states the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post."

The two women are: Mrs. Sarah Kornbluth, 43, of Norland-road, Shepherd's Bush, W., and Jessie Rubin, 26, of Edwards-road, Bow, E. They were defended by Mr. Edward Fail.

Mr. McKenna, the magistrate, decided that there was evidence to go before a jury on charges against both women of receiving the jewellery and of being accessories after the fact of the robbery.

The jewels were stated to have been stolen by armed men on Nov. 9 from the flat of Mrs. Millicent Hesketh-Wright at Aldford House, Park-lane, W. a man named James Hynes, alleged to be one of the three concerned, has been committed for trial.

The sisters were arrested in Liverpool on Wednesday.

Mr. Lawson-Walton, opening the case for the Director of Public Prosecutions, said that the magistrate might think it proper to commit the defendants on charges of being accessories after the robbery.

Man Questioned

Counsel related how, on Nov. 9, the flat of Mrs. Hesketh-Wright at Aldford House, Park-lane, was entered by three men, one, who was armed with a revolver, forcing her to open a safe and hand over the jewellery.

Suspicion fell on Hynes, and on Nov. 11 Chief Insp. Parker called on Miss Rubin, who, in answer to his questions, said that she had been very friendly with Hynes and had last seen him three weeks previously. He was then going to Paris.

Later she said that she had some of Hynes's clothes, and in his room was found a large trunk containing clothing and papers belonging to him.

Chief Insp. Parker, who became suspicious, had further interviews with Miss Rubin on Nov. 12 and 18. Again she said she had not seen Hynes since October, had no knowledge of his whereabouts, and knew nothing of the jewellery.

Hynes was arrested, charged with the robbery, and committed to the Central Criminal Court.

During this time Hynes has been confined in Brixton Prison, continued Mr. Lawson-Walton. "While the hearings of his case were going on before this court, the two women were kept under observation.

Mrs. Kornbluth visited Hynes several times in prison and had given a false address. Chief Insp. Parker found that Mrs. Kornbluth was a sister of Miss Rubin.

Property in Strong Box

Inquiries for the jewellery were made at every safe deposit in Great Britain. A detective-constable of the Liverpool police found that on Nov. 11 a woman had visited a safe deposit in that city and rented a strong box.

She gave the name of Marian Cooper with an address at Westcliff-on-Sea. Some property was deposited in the strong box, and then she left.

It was found that there was no such person as this Marian Cooper at Westcliff, and the Liverpool police were asked to keep observation at the safe deposit.

About 11 a.m. on Dec. 28, while an officer was keeping observation, Miss Rubin called at the Liverpool safe deposit. She again gave the name of Miss Cooper.

She was about to take the strong box into a private cubicle and she chose that moment to abstract from the strong box a bracelet worth £1,600. This was the property of Mrs. Hesketh-Wright, and it has been identified.

Miss Rubin told the officer that she had done this at the request of Hynes because he said his defence would cost £200, added counsel. He had hoped to get £200 from America, but all that he received was 200 dollars (£40).

Safe Deposit Visit

Describing the sisters' alleged visit to Liverpool, Mr. Lawson-Walton said that as Miss Rubin was leaving the safe deposit premises she was followed and stopped by two detectives. She said to them that she was staying at the Adephi Hotel—a statement which she later admitted was not true. She also gave a false name and address.

She declared, continued Mr. Lawson-Walton, "that she was examining documents of a secret character, the contents of which she was not willing to divulge. She refused to give her true name and address."

Miss Rubin, counsel continued, was taken to the police station, where she denied that the strong box contained the product of any robbery. She refused to give up the keps of the safe.

She was then taken to the charge room, which is in another part of the city, by two policemen, and during the journey they passed Mrs. Kornbluth, who took no notice of her sister.

A constable went back and spoke to her. Mrs. Kornbluth said: I don't know her. I have never seen her before.

When Miss Rubin was taken to the charge room and a request was made that she should be searched, she exclaimed: There is no need to search me. I will give you what I have got.

£1,600 Bracelet

And she produced, said Mr. Lawson-Walton a bracelet worth £1,600.

Counsel declared that also in her possession were the safe deposit contract and a receipt for £1 from Brixton Prison paid for Hynes.

The strong-box was opened, and was found to contain all the articles taken from Mrs. Hesketh-Wright's safe, with the exception of the £1,600 bracelet, which Miss Rubin had taken out, and another piece of jewellery.

When Supt. Moore cautioned Miss Rubin she said: "I was sent for that very article I gave you to help in his (Hynes's) trial. I won't tell you who sent me. I will say no more until I see a solicitor.

Miss Rubin was then charged with unlawful possession of jewellery, but was discharged to be handed over to the Metropolitan Police.

Mr. Walton said that Miss Rubin, who had given her name as Jessie Rubin, a shorthand-typist, of Edwards-road, E., had made a statement, from which he read extracts.

About 10 or 12 years ago, the alleged statement began, "Hynes, whom I knew as Goodman, first came to my parents' house in Edwards-road. He was introduced by a friend of the family.

I knew him to be an American. He went away, and I saw him again about five years later. He came to the house of his own accord, and he and I became very friendly. He talked to me about his family affairs, and told me he had been divorced."

The statement continued, said Mr. Lawson Walton, to the effect that Miss Rubin saw Hynes at her place of business on Nov. 10. He said he was going back to America, and told her he had "something very valuable," which he wished her to place in a safe place.

The two met in London, according to the statement, and went to Liverpool, where, after having tea, Hynes left Miss Rubin for a short time and returned with a suitcase.

The statement continued:

He handed me a brown paper package, which I later knew contained a jewel case.

As Hynes handed over the package he said: Please deposit that for me, using another name and address. I had already been to the safe deposit, and arranged for the use of a deposit box."

The package was placed in the deposit, it was stated, and Miss Rubin handed two keys to Hynes, who posted them to someone she did not know.

He saw me off to London, continued Mr. Lawson Walton, reading from the statement, saying he had to go to Ireland. On Nov. 13 Hynes 'phoned me and asked me to meet him at Golders Green, and said he was short of money for travelling purposes. I afterwards learned that he had been arrested."

Defence to Cost £200

The statement spoke of a visit to Brixton Prison, where Hynes spoke to Miss Rubin about arranging to have some money for his defence, which, she told him, would cost about £200.

He said he was expecting some money from his relatives in America, but later received a letter saying that the most they could raise was 200 dollars and not £200.

Hynes, according to the alleged statement, then asked Miss Rubin if she would go to Liverpool and take one article of value which he would tell me how to dispose of. I took the bracelet, and as I left I was stopped by a policeman. I gave him a false name and address.

Mrs. Kornbluth, said Mr. Lawson Walton, had made a shorter statement, describing herself as a widow carrying on a hairdressing business in the Holland Park district.

My sister has been very friendly with a man who has been charged with armed robbery in the name of Hynes, Mrs. Kornbluth's statement began. "I never understood why my sister was friendly with him."

Mrs. Kornbluth, according to her alleged statement, visited Hynes in prison on a number of occasions, "but he would not tell me where the stolen property was—he said he had not got it."

The alleged statement spoke of a visit to Liverpool by Mrs. Kornbluth and Miss Rubin. It went on:

I asked her what she had got in the safe deposit. She said: Must you know? I went to the safe deposit and inquired if a young lady had called, and gave a rough description of Jessie. The man said, Oh, you mean Miss Cooper?

I walked down the street and saw my sister walking along with two men who looked like police officers. One of them said to me Do you know that young woman? and I said, 'No.' But later said, Yes, she is my sister. I did not know what was in the safe deposit."

Bracelets Identified

Mrs. Hesketh-Wright was then called to give evidence.

She said that on the morning of Nov. 9 her flat in Park lane was forcibly entered. A revolver was pointed at her, and she was compelled to hand over jewellery to Hynes, whom she had since seen in that court.

On Dec. 30, at Vine-street police station, she recognized a quantity of jewellery as that which was handed to Hynes.

Two bracelets were produced in court and identified by Mrs. Hesketh-Wright. She said that about an inch had been taken away from the first bracelet shown to her.

Robert Peter Lloyd, a clerk employed by the Liverpool Safe Deposit Co., gave evidence that on Nov. 11 Miss Rubin rented a strong box in the name of Miss Marian Cooper, of Clifton-terrace, Westcliff-on-Sea. She deposited a brown paper package.

On Dec. 28 she called again and was handed the box. She went into a private cubicle for about 10 minutes and then returned the box to him.

Mr. Lloyd said that on the same day Mrs. Kornbluth came to his office and asked if Miss Cooper rented a safe there and he said he would inquire. When Mrs. Kornbluth left the building he communicated with the police.

Det Hickleton, of the Liverpool Police, gave evidence bearing out the opening statement of the arrests. He stated that when Miss Rubin was arrested she said: "You are making a very grave mistake. I have an important appointment I must keep."

Mrs. Kornbluth said, "You will be sorry for this, you will see."

When Mrs. Kornbluth was told that a man named Goodman, or Hynes, had been arrested for the theft of jewellery in Park-lane she exclaimed: "Goodman! That man again! He has ruined my sister and me. I will tell you all I know of this business."

At the close of the case for the prosecution, Mr. Fail submitted that there was no evidence on which Mrs. Kornbluth could be sent for trial. There was no evidence, he said, that she was ever in manual or constructive possession of the property. It was probable that she went with her sister to Liverpool quite innocently.

The two women pleaded not guilty and reserved their defence. Bail in £500 was accepted for each as before.

It was agreed that the jewels should remain in the possession of the police pending the hearing of the trial.

THE Commander-in-Chief of Chinese forces in the 5th war zone, General Li Tsung-jen, has placed $3,000 and 500 bags of flour at the disposal of the Red Cross Society, which is now engaged in the relief of war refugees who have recently flocked into Hsuchow from its surrounding districts, says a message to the "Ta Wan Pao."

OGPU SPY-HUNT IN ENGLAND

Secret Service Colonel Tells of His Adventures

NEVER MET ANY MAN AS QUICK AT THE DRAW

Making sure his .45 was loaded in all chambers, a man set out from his West-End hotel recently to visit an old friend of his spying days. He changed taxis three times on the way in case he was followed.

He was K11, otherwise known as O.M.66. Not known so well, perhaps, by his real name of Colonel Victor Kaledin, late of the Russian Imperial Secret Service, the German, French, and British Secret Services.

"I'm never sure my 'old friends' of the Ogpu are not after me," he chuckled to a "Sunday Referee" reporter.

Twice Colonel Kaledin has had narrow escapes from death when shot at by mysterious pursuers in the little village of West Downe, Devon, where he now has his home.

His handsome, grey-haired English wife did not want Colonel Kaledin to talk about his present perils.

It doesn't matter. I'm well guarded nowadays," said the plump, gentleman-farmerish-looking ex-spy.

How? Well, it's better not to say anything about that except that I always carry my .45 in my pocket, and I have never met any man quicker at the draw than I am.

Hat Flew Off

One day, walking along a country lane near my Devonshire cottage, I heard the crack of a gun, and my hat flew off. When I picked it up there was a bullethole through it.

A year later I was shaving in the bathroom, when there was a roar like that of an elephant-gun.

My wife shouted: 'Look out.' It would have been too late if the man with the gun had been a good shot.

The bullet came through the open window and made a big hole in a heavy piece of antique furniture—it was an explosive bullet.

I ran out, but could see nothing in the fog.

I have no proof—but I suspect the Ogpu should be blamed for both attempts."

Colonel Kaledin was the son of the Governor-General of the Ukraine. His English mother died when he was a month old.

Secret Agent

Serious espionage work he began in 1914.

"I became a double spy," he said. The Secret Service engineered a great scandal. I was caught cheating at cards—cards had been carefully put in my pockets by a fellow-agent—and drummed out of my regiment.

I fled to Germany, and, as we had hoped, was approached by the German Secret Service.

Under instructions of my Russian chiefs, I betrayed four of our less trustworthy agents at Kiel to the Germans.

Ship Plot

This established me so well with the Germans that I was able to discover their plan to destroy our Black Sea Fleet.

Their plan was for the Turkish-German cruisers Goeben and Breslau to lead the Fleet out of harbour in a fog, and on some dangerous rocks near the Balaclava lighthouse. Meanwhile, a German agent, Pastor Rottkopf, was to kill the lighthouse keeper and put out the lights.

I was double-crossed, and only arrived at the lighthouse after the keepers had been murdered and Rottkopf had destroyed the light.

Three times Rottkopf shot at me, missing me by inches. I got him with my first bullet. Then I built a great fire of straw and furniture in the lighthouse.

The makeshift light was visible through the fog, and the Fleet was able to sheer off—just in time."

A ROMEO AND JULIET FEUD

As a Result Three Men Dead 33 Wounded

Romeo loved Juliet in the little Syrian village of Imtan—and, as a result, three men have been killed and 33 wounded, states the "Daily Herald."

This was the tragic ending to-day to a feud begun 40 years ago between the local Montagues and Capulets.

Then, four people were killed, the murderers escaping to the United States.

Since that day, there has been bitter hostility between the families.

Recently, however, the second son of one family had been secretly making love to the youngest daughter of the other. This morning it was found they had eloped.

The discovery led to a battle between supporters of the rival families.

With household knives, and farmyard rakes and billhooks, they fought in the village street.

Only the arrival of police reinforcements saved further casualties.

Fortunately the police, knowing of the feud, had confiscated all firearms before-hand, otherwise the death roll would have been higher.

NEW FOR PIERCING INVENTION

As a result of a Manchester man's, Mr. W. P. Chown, of Hale, invention it may be possible in the near future for the pilot of an aeroplane to fly through clouds of the densest fog and watch the landscape being unfolded before him on a screen near his instrument board.

The inventor is collaborating with experts to perfect his fog-piercing apparatus, and a company is being formed to assist in its development. The apparatus consists of a camera which takes photographs by infra-red rays, a developing and fixing device, and a projector which shows a film on the screen. We hope, said the inventor, that before long we shall have perfected the apparatus to such an extent that it will show an instantaneous picture of the view ahead. At the moment there is a lag of some seconds between the taking of the picture and its appearance on the screen. By means of the apparatus the pilots of aeroplanes or of ships will be able to "see" 50 miles through either darkness or fog, and they will even be able to identify and avoid objects which carry no lights.

EXPLORER'S FINDS NEAR CAIRO

5,000 Year Old Egyptian Grave Bones May Be of Menes

Speaking by telephone from Badrashein, a small railway junction on the Nile, 20 miles south of Cairo, Mr. Walter Emery, the 35-year-old Liverpool archaeologist on Jan. 7 told the "News Chronicle" of his discovery of a great tomb which is thought to be that of Menes—the first of the Pharaohs, who lived 5,000 years ago.

Mr. Emery emphasized that he has as yet no definite proof that the tomb is that of Menes, the first King of the First Dynasty, but he said that all the evidence so far pointed strongly to it being the royal tomb.

In any case it is definitely a tomb of the First Dynasty.

All I can say, said Mr. Emery, is that all the material we have discovered, such as pots, stone vessels and clay ceilings, bear the king's name.

That is as far as I can go for the moment. I cannot vouch that it is the king's tomb until the work is finished, and that will take another fortnight.

If the tomb is not that of King Menes it is that of one of his relatives or of some great noble.

But the important point is that the tomb definitely belongs to Menes' reign, and it is curious that we have not been able to find any name other than his.

Broken and crumbling bones of two bodies were found in the burial chamber, and Mr. Emery agreed that if the tomb is the royal one the chances are that the remains are those of King Menes and his queen.

The bones are to be examined by an expert, explained Mr. Emery.

How Did He Die?

The vital question is will the expert eye be able to detect anything to support the legend that Menes was killed by a hippopotamus?

No sensational inscriptions have been found so far.

You see, continued Mr. Emery, at that time hieroglyphic writing was very primitive. It took the form of picture writing and we have specimens of this on the vases, which bear pictures of hunting scenes, lions and gazelles, but what they actually mean is very difficult to say.

No, there is no hint in these pictures of Menes' reputed conquest of Lower Egypt and of his consolidation of all Egypt as one kingdom.

Twenty-seven Rooms

There are 27 rooms in the tomb.

We have still to reach two or three more chambers and magazines before we have finished, so it is just possible that the best is yet to come.

But unfortunately the tomb has in the far distant past been plundered very badly.

The finds cannot be compared in perfection and artistic value to those in the tomb of Tutankhamen, who lived 3,000 years after this tomb was sealed up.

The work of clearing the tomb is difficult because the roof has fallen in.

There are 40 of us at work clearing up the mess.

And before he rang off Mr. Emery cleared up the misconception that it is always warm and sunny in Egypt.

It's pretty cold out here," he explained, "and you have to work hard to get warm in the early mornings.

An official of the Egyptian Department of the British Museum said that even if the tomb were not that of King Menes, or of a royal person, the discovery was of great importance as there is so far little evidence about the First Dynasty.

GLUTTONOUS LIFE IN THE GET-FAT 50's

Usually a Fool Who is Bald and Pot-Bellied

Dr. Leonard Williams, 76 years old, and author of books on the art of living and obesity, declared at a New Health Club luncheon in London on Jan. 10 that if a man had reached 50 without learning to keep fit he must be a fool, states the "News Chronicle."

And he is usually the kind of fool who is bald-headed and pot-bellied, Dr. Williams added bluntly, a bibulous, gluttonous, smoke-sucking beast, who deserves all he gets and more, of gout, high blood pressure, eczema and arthritis. He even deserves a nagging wife!"

(According to Who's Who Dr. Williams is unmarried.)

Dr. Williams was much less critical of the plump, middle-aged woman, who, he said, was usually more deserving of pity than of censure, though there were a good many women of the affluent classes who deserved all the abuse he had addressed to the men.

He referred to the paint-bedizened, 'cocktailing,' bridge-playing, mid-morning feeling, smoking, shapeless flounder, who so often disfigured race meetings and the front row of the stalls.

Fear, always a bad counsellor, was middle-aged woman's worst enemy, and women frightened themselves quite unnecessarily and prematurely into looks and habits much older than their real years.

Obesity in a middle-aged man, in 90 per cent. of the cases, is due to excessive intake and insufficient output in the way of exercise and otherwise, declared Dr. Williams.

In women, obesity at middle age in 75 per cent. of the cases is a glandular matter about which not enough is yet known.

Blameless Woman

In man, it is safe to say that his fatness is due to self-indulgence, in woman it is certainly not.

The first thing to remember about middle age was not to be frightened of it. Instead, one should learn to relax, to be philosophical and to keep one's nervous system well under control.

It is as necessary to be parsimonious about food as it is essential to be prodigal with fresh air, remarked Dr. Williams later.

And when I say parsimonious I use the word as meaning intelligently, reasonably careful, and certainly not as lending any sanction to the semi-starvation regime to which some girls subject themselves for fear of developing their mothers' middle-age spread.

Mr. Lloyd George is overwhelmingly fit at 75. On March 1 he will support the physical fitness crusade in a speech at Cardiff.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

MONEY & EXCHANGE

Quotations in Chinese Standard Dollars

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1938

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 1/2 5/8 ..... $ 16.95
U.S. $100 @ 29 1/2 ..... $338.98

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 1/2 5/8 ..... $16.7635
U.S. $100 @ 29 1/2 ..... $335.42

London—demand	1/2 5/8
4 months' sight credits	1/2 11/16
4 months' sight docts	1/2 9/16
6 months' sight credits	1/2 3/8
6 months' sight docts	1/2 5/16
New York—demand ..... U.S.	$29 1/16
4 months' sight credits	29 1/8
4 months' sight docts	30 7/16
Paris—4 months' sight docts	Fcs. nom.

CLOSING RATES

Sterling ..... 1/2 13/16 U.S. $29 1/32

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 at 29 7/8 = $338.27

Netherlands Trading Society

Java Guilders $100 ..... buying	53 1/2
Netherlands Guilders $100	53 3/8
Java Guilders $100 ..... selling	52 7/8
Netherlands Guilders $100	53

National City Bank of New York

Selling	U.S.$1 = $3.3827	£1 = $16.954
Buying	U.S.$1 = $3.3543	£1 = $16.805

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 1.74 1/4 = $1 Belgas 29.45 = £1

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying	U.S. $100 = $335.43	£1 = $16.80
Selling	U.S. $100 = $338.27	£1 = $16.92

Other Quotations

It. Lire 5.43 = $1	Swiss F. 1.27 1/4 = $1
Tourist Lire 6.08	= $1
Berlin-Hamburg T.T.	$100 = Rm. 73 1/4
	$100 = Reg. Mk. 132.00

LOCAL EXCHANGE REPORT

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 1/2 1/4	Lowest 1/2 13/64
U.S. G.$	29 1/4	29 3/16
Yen	102 7/8	102 1/4

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING	February	BUYING
£ T.T.	1/2 3/32	4 m/s. l.c.	1/2 5/32
G.$ T.T.	29 5/8	4 m/s. l.c.	29 1/8
Fcs. T.T.	901	4 m/s.	932
Rs. T.T.	78 3/8	7 d/s.	79

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20 1/4	19 3/8
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	50.03	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars.	Market quiet	
and steady.		

London Silver was unchanged both ready and forward, being 20 1/4 for spot and 19 1/8 forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was one anna up at 50.03.

It was reported there was small bear covering. Market ruled quietly steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants 1/2 3/16 Sterling 29 9/16 U.S.$ and 101 3/4 Yen.

The Interbank market opened slightly weaker than at the close on Saturday, but after the first half hour business steadied and from then to the close there were good sellers at:

Cash	Sterling 1/2 13/32	U.S.$29 23/32
February	Sterling 1/2 3/64	U.S.$29 9/16
March	Sterling 1/2 5/64	U.S.$29 1/4

BERLIN BOURSE, WEEKLY REPORT

Berlin, Feb. 6.

The necessary funds for effecting the monthly settlements was obtained chiefly through the maturity of Gold Discount Bank, sola bills, whose circulation at the end of January amounted to only 490,000,000 Marks as against 750,000,000 at the end of the previous month. At the same time payments for the latest Reichs consolidation loan were completed. As a consequence demand on the fixed interest securities market for good investments is again rising, gold mortgage bonds being very scarce again so that public attention has turned more to communal bonds and city loans, which are also now all nearing parity. In consequence it is generally expected that in all new issues, whether of mortgage or communal bonds, four per cent. interest instead of 4½ will be paid, while with industrial bonds, where five per cent. has been normal, a rate of only 4½ will be offered in future.

On the share market the cautiousness of the buying public continued but the tendency was by no means weak in spite of frequent sales on foreign account. Shares of building companies underwent a noteworthy improvement in view of the announcement of the great plans for rebuilding various cities of the Reich, including Berlin. Bank shares have been in lively demand, because higher dividends are expected. Exceptions were the Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank and the Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, largely because of political upheavals in Spain and the Far East.

Following are the quotations of some of the leading German shares on January 31 and February 6 respectively:

Reichsbank	209.25	209.00
German Dye Trust	160.625	159.75
Salzdetfurth Potash	170.00	—
United Steel Works	113.25	112.375
Mannesmann Pipes	114.75	113.875
Harpener Mining	175.50	166.25
German Mineral Oils	143.00	138.125
Continental Rubber	191.50	193.00
Siemens & Halske	212.25	210.50
General Electrics AEG	118.50	117.75
Rhenish-Westphalian Power	126.875	126.50
Bemberg Rayon	140.75	136.25
Deutsche Bank	127.00	126.50
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank	649.00	631.00
Young Loan	107.00	106.00

—Trans-Ocean.

MANILA GOLD SHARES

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	Feb. 4	Feb. 5
Antamok	.60	.60
Atok	.29	.29
Benguet Consolidated	9.70	9.70
Consolidated Mines	.0110	Unq.
Demonstration	.42	.43
Mine Operations	.18	.19
San Mauricio	.71	.72
United Paracale	.53	.53

Turnover: 348,000 Pesos.
Index: (closing prices) 85.78.

VALUE OF GOLD MINED DURING JANUARY

	Pesos
Ixl	224,900
Balatoe	1,088,500
Benguet Consolidated	911,200
Calhorr	107,000
Ipo	42,800

Reuter.

SILVER QUOTATIONS

London, Feb. 7.

Spot silver advanced slightly to-day, the quotations being:—

	Feb. 5	Feb. 7
London spot	20 1/2 d.	20 5/16 d.
,, forward	19 15/16 d.	19 15/16 d.
London/New York:		
One pound	U.S.$5.01 1/16	$5.01 1/16
One U.S. dollar	47.874d.	47.898d.
Gold	139/9d.	139/9d.

—Reuter.

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

Yesterday's Business

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

	Cash
1,000 Kelantan	$0.26
300 Sumatra	$7.00

1,300 Shares

OFFICIAL INDEXES

	Feb. 5	7	Change
S'hai Rub. Share	192.74	192.74	Unch.
S'hai Gen. Stock	43.37x	*	—
Chi. Govt. Bond	101.61x	Closed	—

x—August 13, 1937.
*—Compilation Temporarily suspended until active trading resumed.

THOS. COOK AND SON'S BANK EXPANDS

Further expansion has been achieved by Thos. Cook and Son (Pankers) during the past year, in face of the exceptional conditions prevailing throughout the world, states the "Financial Times." Deposits of this well-known private bank have advanced by £454,000, or more than 11 per cent., to £4,470,000. The tradition of liquidity which has always been a characteristic of the balance-sheet is fully maintained. Liabilities on current, deposit and other accounts are covered by cash and short-term loans to the extent of nearly 83 per cent. Moreover, a larger sum is represented by interest-bearing deposits with other banks, amounting to £2,688,000, or £735,000 more.

Investments amount to £641,000 and are taken, as usual, at or below market values. As much as £529,100 is represented by British Government securities and £66,100 by Indian and Dominion Government securities. Paid-up capital of £125,000 is equalled by the published reserve fund, but substantial hidden reserves make the position even stronger than appears on the surface.

PROVISIONAL RUBBER ASSESSMENTS

We have been advised by Messrs. A. R. Burkill & Sons, Ltd. that the Standard Productions for 1938 have provisionally been assessed as follows:

	lb.
Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914) Ltd.	
Lumut Estate	366,800
Alexandra & Sungei Nibong Estate	537,900
Sitiawan Estate	not yet to hand

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT BONDS

Osaka, Feb. 7.

Kogo 5% Y.102.59

—Reuter.

NEW DEFINITION OF GOOD TIME GIRLS

Pawed Over Remnants from the Bargain Basement

A new definition of "Good time girls" was coined on January 10 by Mr. J. A. F. Nolan of Liverpool, a young bachelor, who described them as "Pawed over remnants from the bargain basement" at the Federation of University Conservative and Unionist Associations conference at Oxford.

One could hardly expect, he said, the average decent young bachelor to pay much attention to people who had elevated the phrase "A good time" into their whole philosophy on life. He continued, "You cannot expect the average young man, when he reached marriageable age and financial standing to take a great deal of interest in some of the much-pawed-over remnants from the bargain basement."

Mr. Nolan was moving a resolution which was adopted, viewing with concern the declining birth rate. He stated that he had worked out that if the number of women in this country who could not possibly hope to have husbands were to march past Carfax, the crossroads at Oxford, it would take them four days and four nights to do so, allowing for their going in single file with a space of two feet for each person (Laughter).

VATICAN CELEBRATES ANNIVERSARY

Rome, Feb. 7.

The Vatican celebrated yesterday the sixteenth, anniversary of the election of Pope Pius XI. The entire Vatican City was beflagged in honour of the occasion and the Vatican guard appeared in their gala uniforms. A thanksgiving service was held in the afternoon. The official celebrations, however, will begin next Saturday when the Pope will attend a pontifical office in the Sistine Chapel where he will receive the congratulations of the Cardinals.—Trans-Ocean.

BUDDHIST UNIVERSITY FOR PEIPING

Tokyo, Feb. 2.

Assured of aid from the "Provisional Chinese Government" the Rev. Benkyo Shiio, a member of the Lower House, to-day launched a nation-wide drive for funds for the establishment of a Buddhist University in Peiping.—Domei.

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CAPITAL	
Authorised	$50,000,000
Issued and fully-paid up	$20,000,000
Hongkong Currency Reserve Fund	$10,000,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	£6,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$20,000,000

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Dairen	Lyons	Sungei-Patani
Foochow	Malacca	Tientsin
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Calcutta	Kuching (Sarawak)	Sourabaya
Canton	Madras	Taipin
Cawnpore	Manila	Tientsin
Cebu	Medan	Tongkah (Bhuket)
Colombo	New York	Tsingtao
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Harbin		
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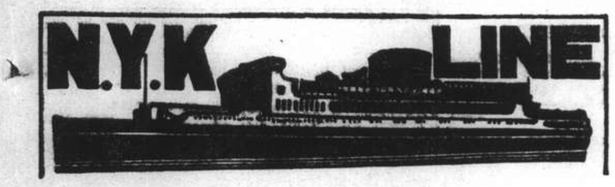

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From Kobe

HIVE MARU ..... Feb. 21

To Australian Ports via Manila

From Hongkong

KAMO MARU ..... Feb. 26

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo

From Shanghai

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HAKOZAKI MARU ..... Feb. 22
SUWA MARU ..... Mar. 8
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Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Glasgow — via Aden	Marseilles, London, Rotterdam, Glasgow — via Aden

LIVERPOOL SAILINGS

19 Mar.—TEUCER via Hongkong	4 Apr.—PROMETHEUS
Havre, Liverpool, Bromborough	Liverpool, Bromborough, Glasgow

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation. † "A" Class Passenger vessel ‡ Motor vessel with limited recently modernised Passenger Accommodation.

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Via Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai		Tonnage
Feb.	15	†CARTHAGE	15,000
	22	*SOMALI	7,000
Mar.	1	††COMORIN	15,000
	15	§KAISAR-I-HIND	11,500
	23	*BANGALORE	6,100
	29	††NALDERA	16,000

§Omits Bombay, Calls Cochin.
§Omits Bombay, Calls Port Sudan.

	From Hongkong		Tonnage
Mar.	1	†*MIRZAPORE	6,700

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp. †Bombay only.
††Omits Bombay, Calls Cochin and Port Sudan.

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TILAWA		Feb. 14
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TANDA	E. Pilcher	Feb. 10	Mar. 5	Mar. 24
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Mar. 10	Apr. 2	Apr. 21
NELLORE	T. H. Scott-White.	Apr. 7	Apr. 30	May 19

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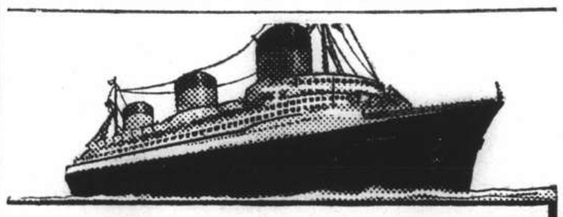

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SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI TO EUROPE:

ss. NORDMARK Feb. 20 M'les, A'werp, Rotterdam, H'burg
mv. SAUERLAND Feb. 28 Genoa, M'les, R'dam, Hamburg

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

		Due H'kong	*Due S'hai*
mv. VOGTLAND	In Singapore	Feb. 2	Feb. 15 Feb. 22
mv. RHEINLAND	Left Colombo	Feb. 2	Feb. 20 —
m.v. LEVERKUSEN	Left Rotterdam	Jan. 21	Mar. 4 Mar. 10

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HONGKONG

Steamer	Leave S'hai	Arrive H'kong	Steamer	Leave H'kong	Arrive U.S.
Empress of Canada	Feb. 9	Feb. 11	PRES. McKINLEY	Feb. 14	Mar. 6
			PRES. GRANT	Feb. 25	Mar. 17
ARAMIS	Mar. 1	Mar. 3	PRES. COOLIDGE	Mar. 5	Mar. 23

KOBE

Steamer	Leave S'hai	Arrive Kobe	Steamer	Leave Kobe	Arrive U.S.
			PRES. TAFT	Feb. 12	Mar. 1
TANDA	Feb. 10	Feb. 14			
Empress of Japan	Feb. 10	Feb. 12	PRES. McKINLEY	Feb. 19	Mar. 6
GNEISENAU	Feb. 14	*Feb. 17			
Empress of Asia	Feb. 25	Feb. 28	PRES. GRANT	Mar. 2	Mar. 17
MARECHAL JOFFRE	Mar. 7	Mar. 9	PRES. COOLIDGE	Mar. 10	Mar. 23

*Arrives Yokohama

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on or about February 14

ss. CONTE VERDE	Trieste on or about	Feb. 28
ss. CONTE BIANCAMANO	Genoa ..	Mar. 15
ss. CONTE ROSSO	Trieste ..	Mar. 30
mv. VICTORIA	Genoa ..	Apr. 12
ss. CONTE VERDE	Trieste ..	May 3
ss. CONTE BIANCAMANO	Genoa ..	May 17

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Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Custom's Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday February 14.
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MS. TONGKING ..... Feb. 16

Homewards

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MS. AFRIKA loading at Hongkong .. .. Feb. 21

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SS. "DONAU" for Oran, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen ..... Mar. 13
SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg ..... Mar. 25
MS. "SAALE" for Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen ..... Apr. 6
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg ..... Apr. 22

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. FRANKEN	Left Manila	Feb. 6	Feb. 14
ss. GNEISENAU	Left Manila	Feb. 8	Feb. 13
ms. SAALE	Left Genoa	Feb. 7	Mar. 17
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Hamburg	Feb. 5	Mar. 12

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Thursday, February 10
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Tender Service

Lv. Customs Jetty *Lv. Ship*
Noon **Thursday, February 10** .. .. .. 1 p.m.
2 p.m. **(Despatching) Thursday, February 10**
(Incoming passengers expected about 10.30 a.m.)

EMPRESS OF CANADA

sails for **HONG KONG AND MANILA**
from Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf—Pootung
WEDNESDAY—FEBRUARY 9

Leave Customs Jetty *Leave Ship (Pootung)*
Noon **Wednesday, February 9** .. .. .. 1 p.m.
2.30 p.m. **(Despatching) Wednesday, February 9**
(Incoming passengers expected about 10.30 a.m.)

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SHANGHAI-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival	*Departure*
SS. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 9	Feb. 10 at 10 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 13	Feb. 14 at 10 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 17	Feb. 18 at 10 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 21	Feb. 22 at 10 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 25	Feb. 26 at 10 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Mar. 1	Mar. 2 at 10 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Mar. 5	Mar. 6 at 10 a.m.
S.S. DAIREN MARU	Mar. 9	Mar. 10 at 10 a.m.

For Passage and Freight apply to:

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

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Shanghai Sailing

For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
CHOSA MARU ..... Feb. 19
CHOSA MARU ..... Mar. 3

Kobe Sailing

For New York via Panama Canal
HOKKAI MARU ..... Feb. 23
KWANTO MARU ..... Mar. 9

For Australia
*CANBERRA MARU .... Mar. 1

For New Zealand
BRISBANE MARU ..... Feb. 17

Hongkong Sailing

For South America via Africa
MONTEVIDEO MARU .. Feb. 25
MANILA MARU ..... Mar. 4

For Bombay
*HIMALAYA MARU ..... Feb. 19
*NAPLES MARU ..... Mar. 7

For Calcutta
*HAGUE MARU ..... Feb. 20

*Cargo only

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20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

POSITIONS VACANT

WIRELESS operator wanted, receiving only. Apply stating qualifications. Box 723, N.C.D.N. -1442

RENT-collecting agent wanted. Owner leaving Shanghai wishes agent with bank or native bank guarantee, to collect rents on contract payment system. Address Box 730, N.C.D.N. 12467

TEACHERS required; any nationality but good English essential. Senior Certificate Maths, History and general junior subjects, Games and Gymnastics; scouting experience, and pianists. Board-residence and salary according to qualifications and experience. Address in detail sending photograph. Box 696, N.C.D.N.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, foreign young lady for part time work. Gregg Shorthand. State age, experience, nationality. Box 714, N.C.D.N. 12453

POSITIONS WANTED

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of three dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.50.

STENO-typist, owns typewriter, work done neatly and confidentially. Telephone 71530. -1441

SINGLE foreign lady willing to do any work for room, boarding and English lessons. Knows massage, cosmetics, paper-curls electric waves, housekeeping. Can take care invalids/children. Outport no objection. Box 732, N.C.D.N. -1459

YOUNG foreigner desires to improve position. Perfect English, German, other European languages. Typing, office work. Box 724, N.C.D.N. -1444

EXPERIENCED stenographer, British girl, seeks half or whole-day position. Address Box 728, N.C.D.N. -1451

LADY-stenographer seeks position, moderate salary. Telephone 85982 or address Box 733, N.C.D.N. -1463

YOUNG lady, well educated, just arrived in Shanghai, speaking four languages desires job as housekeeper. Outport no objection. Please reply Box 1324 General Post Office. -1469

EXPERIENCED German lady-stenographer with knowledge of English seeks part-time position. Address Box 644, N.C.D.N. 12402

FOREIGN lady-teacher desires position as governess or give lessons in English, music, in foreign/Chinese families. Excellent references. Box 698, N.C.D.N. -1402

BRITISH family recommend experienced Portuguese nurse. Address Box 612, N.C.D.N. 12373

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend efficient stenographers and typists. 54 Garden Apartments 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. -1168

YOUNG Englishman, machine shop and electrical, local dialect seeks position. Anything. Address Box 595, N.C.D.N. -1247

MOTOR engineer, thoroughly experienced, industrious and capable service manager or supervisor, excellent local references. Address Box 711, N.C.D.N. -1416

CHINESE junior stenographer open for engagement. Hard worker. Any reasonable salary accepted. Address Box 609, N.C.D.N. -1270

COMMERCIAL assistant, young Dane, speaking fluent Chinese. Wide experience, excellent references. Address Box 667, N.C.D.N. -1358

EDUCATIONAL

PIANO lessons given by experienced lady-teacher, Leipzig Conservatory graduate. Telephone 74111, 10 a.m.—2 p.m., 6 p.m.—8 p.m. -1438

EVENING classes of Chinese studies (Mandarin and Shanghai-dialect), taught by well-experienced lady-teacher, 3 times weekly, $12 monthly. 138 Route Vallon. -1448

GERMAN lessons by professional German lady teacher. Moderate fee or in exchange for room. Telephone 71548 for particulars from 12-2, or Box 710, N.C.D.N. -1471

SPANISH lessons given by fully-qualified and experienced Spanish gentleman. Address Box 727, N.C.D.N. -1446

FOREIGNERS can speak the Shanghai dialect fluently within four months. Lessons given by experienced Chinese teacher. Moderate fees. Box 718, N.C.D.N. -1437

EXCELLENT English teacher required by foreign gentleman, in reply state fee. Box 731, N.C.D.N. -1458

LADY gives lessons in English, Russian, French, for beginners. Easy method, saves time and money. Box 722, N.C.D.N. -1440

GREGG students awarded six out of seven London Chamber of Commerce certificates. No failures. Prospectus. Gregg School of Business, Shanghai's Premier Academy. 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road. 12359

SHORTHAND (Gregg or Pitman), Typewriting, and other Commercial subjects. Individual tuition. Rules patiently, carefully and clearly explained. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, 173 Seymour Road, Apartment 301. -628

MANY years' experienced teachers, teach Chinese language, Mandarin and Shanghai dialect, using direct and indirect methods. Write to Box 666, N.C.D.N. -1354

ENGLISH lessons given by lady-teacher, university graduate, wide teaching experience at universities, colleges and in private tutoring. Moderate fees. Box 640, N.C.D.N. -1315

CHINESE language (Mandarin or Shanghai dialects) by trained teachers. Direct and simplified methods. Apply Shanghai Language School, Telephone 12616. 12430

PROFESSIONAL Mandarin teacher, formerly with Peking Union Language School. Broad experience, highest recommendations. Arrangements by telephoning 71137. -1262

LESSONS on journalism given by experienced Chinese at pupil's home. Course completed in few months. Box 713, N.C.D.N. -1426

RIDING lessons, latest system of equitation; training horses. 970 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 34039, Captain Litvinoff. -1279

MISCELLANEOUS

EXPERIENCED business-man, speaking 5 languages, leaving shortly for Europe, will settle commercial affairs or arrange prospective agencies for import/export. Telephone 12160. -1430

ANIMALS

WILL buy Pekingnese bitch, sable colour. Telephone 71527 between 12.30 and 1.30 p.m. -1483

WANTED to buy, Scotch, sealyham or wire-haired fox-terrier, bitch preferred. Not over 1½ years. Give particulars to Box 686, N.C.D.N. -1382

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

WANTED reliable British firm or individual, to invest in a profitable undertaking on a partnership basis. No competition in the Far East, similar businesses in other countries show enormous profits. Address Box 740, N.C.D.N. -1472

FOR SALE, owing to ill-health, owner will sell cheap for cash, a well-established children's outfitting store. Excellent stock. Good location. Sound investment. Serious buyers only. Box 688, N.C.D.N. -1421

$7,500 investment will produce $400 monthly income. Sound business. Investor may manage the concern. Apply Post Office Box 1522. -1414

PERSONAL

R.J. Sorry was late on Thursday. Suggest another time. Address Box 715, N.C.D.N. -1431

FRENCH gentleman, 40, desires to meet young lady. View companionship and exchange of language. Address Box 630, N.C.D.N. -1299

CHINESE gentleman, American and English university graduate, good career, comfortable circumstances, wishes to meet respectable young Chinese lady of college age and education, from good family. View matrimony. Please address Box 704, N.C.D.N. -1410

LONELY, middle-aged lady, wishes to meet serious gentleman, between 45-60 years of age, for friendship. Please address Box 695, N.C.D.N. -1400

ENGLISH lady, returning to England, would help with or take charge of invalid or children on voyage, in return for secondclass passage. Box 603, N.C.D.N. -1258

AGENCIES

JAPANESE, having wide connection in local Japanese community, is ready to act as agent in any capacity. Address Box 582, N.C.D.N. -1226

WANTED TO PURCHASE

ONE ping-pong table, in good condition. Address Box 737, N.C.D.N. -1470

FRUIT knives and forks for eight; also sterling silver cigarette box. Address Box 738, N.C.D.N. -1470

WANTED, one Leica Elmar lens F3.5 (chromium finish), good condition and minimum price. Address Box 735, N.C.D.N. 12474

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture, carpets, piano, typewriter, radio, and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to The Chung Hwa Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334. -1465

WANTED, Kine Exakta or Leica enlarger with 2.5 lens. Reply to Box 683, N.C.D.N. -1389

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

GRAND opera piano, like new, cost $2,500, will accept $1,000 or nearest offer. Apartment 36, 18 Route Voyron. -1466

COMPLETE furnishings of three-roomed apartment, foreign-imported, reasonable. 509 Hamilton House. -1462

NEWLY arrived, old Haifong anthracite coal, for household use. $40 per ton, delivered. Telephone 18868, Pacific Commercial Co., Room 151, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. -1476

FOR SALE, 36 stereoscopic photos of Russo-Japanese war. $40. Box 719, N.C.D.N. -1438

FOR SALE: portable electric washing machine, 110 volts, almost new. Telephone 70395. 12463

KITCHEN stove, hotwater boiler, anthracite stove, mosquito screens, nursery furniture, etc. Good condition and reasonably priced. Telephone 20817. 12476

FOR SALE, household furniture, cheap. Owner leaving. Telephone 76268 or address Box 654, N.C.D.N. -1331

YORKSHIRE-STYLE cured boneless ham, each 12 lbs., 90 cents. lb. Breakfast bacon, each 8 lbs. 80 cents lb. Free Shanghai. Excellent quality. from European pigs. Mail orders accepted. Martin Krogh. Tsingtao, Post Office Box 201. 12427

AVAILABLE for sale, several silver foxes of exceptional quality at very reasonable prices. Great opportunity. Enquire from 9 a.m.—11 a.m. and 4 p.m.—6 p.m. Apartment B1, Medhurst Apartments, 934 Bubbling Well Road. -1373

WALL-Paper, 200 modern designs at wholesale prices. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 614, Telephone 16182. 12389

IMPORTED modernistic wire bird-cages at factory price. 318 Hamilton House. -1336

HANDKERCHIEFS, 25 cents dozen. X-stitch towels, $1 half-dozen. Pillow-cases, $1 pair. Curtains, $2.65. 36 in. lace covers, 95 cents. Many latest laces, linens and handkerchiefs sold at wholesale prices. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 12379

LADY'S Llama-hair Coat, London made, for sale cheap. 517 Embankment Building. -1417

SHIRTS, made to measure. English poplin, $4.50; Striped silk, $9: Wemco, $5. Razon's, 12 Central Road. -1257

MOTOR CARS & CYCLES

TERRAPLANE Essex, 1933, model, new duco and lining, perfect running order, owner-driven, will accept $1,500 or nearest offer. Apartment A101, 20E Route Pere Robert. -1466

PLYMOUTH, two-door sedan, always owner-driven, perfect condition, 1933 model, free wheeling, 33,000 miles. Owner leaving. Address Box 734, N.C.D.N. 12475

FOR SALE, Essex coupe, excellent throughout, 16 m.p.g., $450. Telephone 16331 Fletcher. -1436

RUGBY coach, excellent mechanical condition, 20 m.p.g. $225. Oliver, Finance Department, Municipal Council. 12465

FOR SALE, Opel sedan, owner-leaving. Telephone 76268 or address Box 653, N.C.D.N. -1331

FOR SALE, Morris Minor tourer. Bought new 1934. Economical and insured. Willingly to sacrifice for $600. Address Box 702, N.C.D.N. 12435

MORRIS Oxford, 4-door saloon, 1935, perfect condition, $950. Can be inspected parking ground, opposite American Club. Licence 6307. Further particulars Box 677, N.C.D.N. -1372

FOR SALE, Austin ten h.p. saloon, de luxe, 1935/36, perfect condition and appearance, $2,500. Address Box 575, N.C.D.N. -1210

FURNISHED APARTMENTS

TWO-roomed apartment, with bathroom, kitchen, refrigerator and servant's room. Furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Apartment 36, 18 Route Voyron. -1467

TWO-roomed flat, fully-furnished, available February 16, 159/12 Seymour Road. -1452

PRIVATE residence, western district (detached house) nice garden. Owing family's departure, to let fully-furnished two/three rooms, large verandah (together or separately) Board optional. Telephone 21930 or Box 741, N.C.D.N. -1475

ASCOT Apartments. Very large, well-furnished flat, available from March 1. Modern furniture to be taken over at most reasonable price. Telephone 37211, at noon. -1403

LUXURIOUS double room. Private roof-garden, verandah, bathroom. Centra heating. Furniture optional. Rent $90. Penthouse, 1333 Avenue Joffre. 12392

WILLOW Court, 10th Floor, one-roomed apartment to let, ideal for summer, no heat, no mosquitoes, furniture to be taken over. Telephone 73568. -1273

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished flats of three rooms. Kinnear Apartment. 195 Kinnear Road, near Jessfield Park, with tennis court, nice roof and ground gardens. All modern conveniences. Moderate rentals. Apply Hsin Heng & Co., Property Department, 160 Avenue Edward VII. Telephone 15660. 12326

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

TO LET. Wayfoong House, 220 Szechuen Road. Three-roomed flat, equipped with all modern conveniences. For further particulars kindly apply to Engineers' Office, Room 110, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, 12 The Bund. 12326

UNFURNISHED HOUSES

500 Rue Lafayette. Semi-detached six rooms, three bathrooms, basement, garden, garage. Available now. Apply Credit Foncier. Telephone 16365-6. 12480

LANE 1315, Houses 4 and 6, Yu Yuen Road, six-roomed semi-detached houses with garage, central heating Apply Algar & Co., Ltd. Telephone 18851 12393

TO be sold or to let, No. 5 Route Francis Garnier, attractive residence with large well-laid-out garden. For further particulars kindly apply Engineers' Office, Room 110, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. 12350

FURNISHED HOUSES

FOUR rooms, Verdun Terrace, from April 1, for seven months. at $110 per month including refrigerator, radio, cutlery, linen. Alternatively will sell furniture. Box 736, N.C.D.N. -1468

314 Route Maresca, furnished, spacious foreign residence, containing 24 rooms, 6 baths, 2 servants' quarters, 2 garages, garden, tennis and golf courts. Also a detached smaller house. Site 5 mow. Apply Shanghai Trust Co., 190 Peking Road, Telephone 12923. -1287

FOR RENT, attractively furnished house, Columbia Circle. Apply Telephone 21535 or address Box 697, N.C.D.N. 12436

OFFICES, SHOPS, GODOWNS

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building. 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 12325

TO LET, newly decorated office at Room 2B, Central Arcade. Reasonable rent, best location. Apply at the premises or telephone 19229. -1417

OFFICE space to let in Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building also Wayfoong House. Further particulars kindly apply Engineers' Office, Room No. 110, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. 12349

PHYSICIAN'S down town office to be let, fully furnished. Apply S. E. Shahmoon & Co., 83 Peking Road, Telephone 16722. 12362

HOUSE SERVANTS

CAN foreigner personally recommend excellent house boy? Hungjao employment. Telephone 13143 Doyle, 97 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. -1454

GOOD cook-boy, speaks English well, hard-working, very clean, honest, highly recommended. Box 729, N.C.D.N. -1457

COOK/house-boy, excellent cook, clean, honest, fluent English, strongly recommended, available immediately. Address Box 726, N.C.D.N. 12481

COOK-boy, clean, honest, speaking English. Can wash and iron. Good references. Reply Box 725, N.C.D.N. -1445

COOK-boy seeks a job. Knows English and American cooking. Please apply Lafayette Pharmacy, 1240 Rue Lafayette, Telephone 74387. -1443

CHINESE chauffeur seeks employment. Present employer leaving Shanghai. Has been three years in present position and has given unusually good satisfaction. Apply telephone 70395. 12464

BABY or children's amah highly recommended, available February 15. Telephone Mrs. Booth 20648. 12465

THOROUGHLY reliable couple, cook-boy and amah, suitable for flat or small house. Many years with advertiser. Telephone 73927. -1309

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Servants specialists. 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, telephone-operators, clerks, pharmacists. -1311

72782 Telephone. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, coolies, chauffeurs, Russian servants, 1272 Avenue Joffre, General Employment Agency. -1234

BEAUTY CULTURE, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

1205 Bubbling Well, Flat 15. Facial, body massage. French, English spoken. -1343

MINERAL and medical bath. Manual and electric massage. Violet ray treatments, given by qualified attendants at 52 Love Lane. Bubbling Well. -600

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 12333

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD

$60. Central, furnished, south room, bath, kitchen. Suitable for office or residence. Telephone 12160. -1469

$35, small, furnished room with all conveniences, suitable for single person, in apartment. Avenue Road. Telephone 36875, mornings. -1456

ROOM to let, furnished/unfurnished with all modern conveniences, reasonable rates, with or without breakfast. Please Telephone 85690. Single only. -1449

LARGE, facing south, furnished room, all modern conveniences. 150 Route des Soeurs, corner Joffre, Apartment 1. -1461

TO LET, one large bed-sitting room, suitable for bachelor, $60. Breakfast optional. Vacant February 12. Bubbling Well Road. Address Box 685, N.C.D.N. -1391

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 12353

ONE furnished room with steam-heating, private bathroom, with or without breakfast. 236 Rue Maresca. -968

ROOMS WITH BOARD

SUNNY side, 200 Chengtu Road, near Race Course. Attractive, south, bright room with verandah. garden, tennis, excellent food. Telephone 32916. -1479

20 Seymour Road, House 18 (Corner Foch):—Comfortably furnished, large room; all modern conveniences. Excellent home food. -1460

CENTRAL, near Bund. Private, large, self-contained, well-furnished, two-roomed flat, facing south, two bathrooms. Board optional. Bachelors. Box 721, N.C.D.N. 12460

30 Rue Boissezon, Beverley House, near Avenue Joffre. Sunny rooms, private baths, large garden. Excellent food. -1249

PEKIN Apartments, 157/157 Peking Road. Single rooms to let, reasonable rates, excellent cooking. Telephone 16010, Mrs. Adams. -1390

ROOM to let, French Concession, Telephone 75129 between 12-2 p.m. -1339

HENLEY House, 1094 Avenue Road. Comfortable, double/single rooms, facing south. Private bathroom, steam-heated. Excellent food. Telephone 37133. -1281

KINGSCLERE, 30 Weihaiwei Road, next Race Course. Two, well-furnished double rooms, vacant, also three-roomed annex. -1023

AMERICAN home, comfortably furnished two rooms, bath, heating. Excellent home food. Foreigners only. 2 Kelmscott Gardens. -1054

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, steam-heated, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -1318

427 YU YUEN Road, 1/9 bus stop. Double/single, steam-heated, south facing rooms. Excellent food. Telephone 22091, Mrs. Cooke. 12376

LARGE, double room, enclosed verandah, private bathroom, in English-owned residence. Tennis courts, garden. Mrs. Chalmers, 310 Hart Road. -1385

HAMPTON Court, 414 Seymour Road, corner Avenue Road, tram, bus stops. Double and single rooms. Excellent table. Telephone 31113. -1341

CLOSE Bund in best residential road. Large fully-furnished. Plentiful fresh food. Moderate. Box 649, N.C.D.N. -1324

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED by young British couple, fully-furnished flat of four rooms or small house western district or French Concession, for 10 months, from April 1. Address Box 739, N.C.D.N. 12470

FOUR/five-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, vicinity Route Doumer, garage preferable. Occupancy not later than April 1. Will take over lease and reasonable fixtures. Address Box 717, N.C.D.N. -1434

WANTED, unfurnished three-roomed flat. Bubbling Well/Seymour Road. Box 720, N.C.D.N. -1439

WANTED to rent, from about middle of March, for one to two years, unfurnished house, detached, with garden and garage, containing seven to eight rooms, with modern conveniences. Please state particulars to Box 703, N.C.D.N. 12456

TWO/three-roomed, attractively furnished flat, on monthly rental terms, required from March 1, by responsible British couple. Please address Box 590, N.C.D.N. -1243

WANTED by gentleman, from about February 15, bed-sitting room with private bathroom. Central or near Bund. Full board or breakfast only. Reply Box 657, N.C.D.N. -1337

RADIOS

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart, American Radio Equipment Company. Our method saves you 50%. 12327

FOR skilled workmanship call 32392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. -1198

FOR radio repairs call International Radio Service, Work guaranteed. Telephone 75897. 9 Cardinal Mercier, Bills Motors Building. -1398

DANCING

FOREIGN lady, highly experienced teacher of ballroom dancing, gives private lessons. Satisfaction guaranteed. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1261

LADY and gentleman teaching latest steps, ballroom dancing. Tango speciality. 1025 Bubbling Well, (7 Hwa-kee Avenue). -1277

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
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Front Page	,, ,, 12 cts.

Minimum of 16 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News." 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Vessels Arriving

Due at Future Dates

Dates of arrival which are asterisked are provisional only, and these particular vessels may not be calling at Shanghai; they will reach neighbouring ports a few days before the dates listed below.

†Dates of arrival are provisional only, depending on the vessel's stay at wayports.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LIVERPOOL
Agamemnon 5/2 16/2

From GOTHENBURG
Java 3/2 7/4

From HAMBURG
Scharnhorst 5/2 12/3
Zuiderkerk 29/1 18/3

From ANTWERP
Sikiang 3/1 20/2

From ROTTERDAM
Leverkusen 21/1 10/3
Saale 29/1 17/3

From LISBON
Talabot 3/2 12/3

From MARSEILLES
Aramis 21/1 18/2
Mar. Joffre 4/2 4/3
Naldera 5/2 7/3

From SUEZ
Cyclops 8/2 9/3

From PORT SAID
Gneisenau 31/1 13/2
Conte Verde 6/2 27/2
India 1/2 1/3
Aeneas 4/2 5/3

From BOMBAY
Bangalore 1/2 22/2

From COLOMBO
Kaisar-I-Hind 7/2 21/2

From KARACHI
Volpi 13/1 10/2

From SINGAPORE
Victoria 6/2 13/2
Menestheus 5/2 16/2
Vogtland 4/2 22/2

From MANILA
E. Japan — 10/2

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From SAVANNAH
Prometheus 1/2 18/3

From VANCOUVER, B.C.
E. Canada 22/1 8/2
Ixion 3/2 28/2

From NEW YORK
Silveryew — 11/3

From OTARU
Titan 3/2 16/2
Somali 8/2 21/2

From YOKOHAMA
Carthage 8/2 15/2

From NAGASAKI
Shanghai M. 8/2 9/2

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Hoten M. — 10/2
Glenapp 7/2 12/2

From TONGKU
Shuntien 8/2 11/2

From TIENTSIN
Tingsang — 9/2
Chaksang — 11/2

From TUNGCHOW
Suiwo 7/2 8/2
Chuting 7/2 8/2
Siangwo 9/2 10/2
Wuhu 9/2 10/2

From HONGKONG
Franken 4/2 8/2
Tanda 6/2 8/2
Prominent — 9/2
Tongking 4/2 9/2
Menelaus 6/2 9/2
Kingyuan 5/2 10/2 †
Kiangsu 5/2 12/2 †
Serooskerk 8/2 12/2
Hangsang — 14/2
Taiyuan 8/2 14/2 †
Soochow 8/2 14/2 †
Kiungchow 11/2 15/2 †

From CANTON
Taksang — 10/2

From FORMOSA
Chosa M. — 8/2

Vessels Leaving

YANGTZE RIVER

WUSUEH Feb. 9. TUNGCHOW.—leaves on Wednesday, Feb. 9, at 8.30 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 9-2

SUIWO Feb. 10. Sails for TUNGCHOW on Thursday, Feb. 10, at 7 a.m. from Peking Road Jetty. For Passages apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 9-2

SIANGWO Feb. 12. Sails for TUNGCHOW on Saturday, Feb. 12, at 7 a.m. from Peking Road Jetty. For Passages apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 11-2

NORTH CHINA COAST

CHENGTU Feb. 9. WEIHAIWEI and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 9, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-2

SHENGKING Feb. 10. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Thursday, February 10, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 10-2

TAKSANG Feb. 12. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, Feb. 12, at 11 a.m. New fast steamer. Good passenger accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 12-2

SOUTH CHINA COAST

FINGAL Feb. 8. HONGKONG.—For Freight and Passage apply to Melchers & Co., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 8-2

LEESANG Feb. 8. WENCHOW.—Sails from Old Ningpo Wharf on Tuesday, Feb. 8, at 10 a.m. Tender for passengers leaves Peking Road Jetty 9 a.m. Tuesday. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 8-2

HSIN PEKING Feb. 9. NINGPO.—From Roosevelt Terminal on Wednesday, Feb. 9, at 3 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 9-2

SHANTUNG Feb. 9. AMOY and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Feb. 9, at 7 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-2

LUCHOW Feb. 10. WENCHOW, AMOY, SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From Pootung Wharf on Thursday, Feb. 10, at 7 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 9-2

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TINGSANG Feb. 10. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, Feb. 10, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 10-2

TJISADANE Feb. 10. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MAKASSAR, BALI and SOURABAIA.—The J.C.J.L. m.s. Tjisadane sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung, on Thursday, Feb. 10, taking cargo to Hongkong, Manila, Cebu and Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Passengers tender "Dollar" leaves Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 10-2

FOOSHING Feb. 11. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Friday, Feb. 11, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 11-2

PROMINENT Feb. 11. HONGKONG and SINGAPORE.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Friday, Feb. 11, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 11-2

SZECHUEN Feb. 11. FOOCHOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Friday, Feb. 11, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 11-2

KINGYUAN Feb. 12. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, Feb. 12, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 12-2

CHAKSANG Feb. 13. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, Feb. 13, at noon. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 13-2

JAPAN

COMORIN Feb. 8. KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 8-2

YUENSANG Feb. 8. MILKE, KOBE and OSAKA.—Sails from Standard-Vacuum Oil Installation on Tuesday, Feb. 8, at noon. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 8-2

TANDA Feb. 10. (From Shanghai) MOJI, KOBE, OSAKA and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428 (3 lines) 10-2

HECTOR Feb. 11. DAIREN, YOKOHAMA and KOBE.—Butterfield & Swire, Agents Blue Funnel Line. French Bund. (Tel. 82020). 10-2

STRAITS AND EUROPE

GLENAPP Feb. 14. CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and ANTWERP via HONGKONG and STRAITS.—Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents, Glen Line Ltd. Tel. 15290. 14-2

CARTHAGE Feb. 15. MARSEILLES and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, COCHIN, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund, No. 11428. 15-2

PRES. DOUMER Feb. 15. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 32034. 15-2

NORDMARK Feb. 18. MARSEILLE, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG.—The Hamburg-Amerika Linie will despatch the steamer Nordmark, Captain C. Wullweber, on Feb. 18, 1938. For freight please apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Schanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 18-2

AUSTRALASIA

TANDA Feb. 10. (From Shanghai) RABAUL, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and BELBOURNE via JAPAN and PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 10-2

CHANGTE Feb. 18. (From Hongkong) MANILA, THURSDAY I, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.—Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd., Agents, Butterfield & Swire, French Bund, Tel. 82020. 13-2

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Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the undermentioned closing times at Yu Yuen Road (Tel. 36574).

Date and Destination	*Per*	*Reg.*	*Ord.*
TUESDAY, Feb. 8.			
Tinghai Haimen Wenchow	Ano-Vathy X	10.30	11.00
Ningpo	Tembien	10.30	11.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez and Europe via Suez	Fushimi M.	9.30	11.30
Hongkong and Canton	Fushimi M.	11.00	11.30
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.	17.30	18.00
Amoy and Hongkong	Shantung	17.30	18.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Chengtu	16.30	18.00
Tientsin	Chengtu	18.30	19.00
Wenchow	Shinfu X	18.30	19.00
Nantung	Wusueh	18.30	19.00
WEDNESDAY, Feb. 9.			
Ningpo	Mohlenhof	10.30	11.00
Hongkong Canton Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila	E. Canada	11.30	12.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shengking X	16.30	18.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China Manila and Java Ports	Tjisadane A	17.00	18.00
Hongkong and Canton	Tjisadane	17.30	18.00
Dairen	Hoten M.	17.30	18.00
Nantung	Suiwo	18.30	19.00
Wenchow and Amoy	Luchow	18.30	19.00
THURSDAY, Feb. 10.			
Swatow and Hongkong	Tingsang	*19.00	7.15
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'sin	Shengking	*19.00	7.15
Japan America Europe	E. Japan B	9.00	11.00
Wenchow	Paolini	11.30	12.00
Foochow and Hongkong	Szechuen	18.30	19.00

A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 9th.
B Parcel mail for Honolulu Canada U.S.A. and Europe, closes at 16.00 on 9th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcels only.

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Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin (unless otherwise marked) or via Suez and the Pacific by available steamer.

Air Mails Abroad

Imperial Airways, by steamer to Hongkong.
Pan American Airways, by steamer to Hongkong.
Netherlands (K.L.M.) by steamer to Singapore.
Air France (Saigon-Marseilles) by steamer to Saigon.
Air France (China-Hanoi-Marseilles) by steamer to Hongkong.

Vessels Discharging

TEUCER. From Gdynia and Continental Ports arrived on February 4th, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Wednesday, February 9th, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 8-2

COMORIN. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Comorin, from London and Ports, bringing Cargo ex s.s. Mavis, from Amsterdam, s.s. Stork, from Bordeaux and s.s. Andalusia, from Gothenburg.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Monday, February 14, 1938, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognised. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 8-2

GLENAPP. From London 11.12.27. Cargo for Shanghai ex this vessel arrived from Hongkong per Hector on February 7, and is being discharged at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, February 11, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 10-2

**TJISADAN